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ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL, CLEVELAND.

THE CHURCH  
IN  
NORTHERN OHIO  
AND IN THE  
DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND,

FROM 1817 TO SEPTEMBER, 1887.

---

BY REV. GEORGE F. HOUCK,

CHANCELLOR OF THE DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.

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NEW YORK, CINCINNATI AND CHICAGO :  
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## PREFACE.

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On entering a large city the eye is filled with the evidences of the material struggle for life—some of them grand, some of them dismal. One can not but reflect on that incessant activity which has upreared the vast mart. And yet, above all the massive or elegant structures that symbolize the various successes, pursuits and ambitions of man, there towers the cross of the Catholic church.

Passing out into the country, in the more modest village, and amid surroundings nearer to the God of nature, still we find the upreared shaft, reminder of mankind's redemption.

These temples, lowly or superb, are the evidences of the civilization that builds beyond Time, and yet preserves all that is worth preserving in Time. But the temples are not self-upreared, and back of this the civilization on which depends the security of the temporal, there have been architects and builders at work—their master, the Supreme Architect of the universe, and their prime domain, the spiritual. In this domain there is the perfection of order. From the lowliest church to the great cathedral divine authority overrules. There is unison, guidance, from parish to diocese, until all centre at Rome, where is the Church.

*“ Ubi Petrus, ibi ecclesia.”*

Those then who have mastered a diocese, from the building priest to the architect bishop, have founded more and more lasting than the teeming city, whatsoever the wonders of its construction or the myriads of its population. Self-interest built the city, self-sacrifice the diocese. Empires decay ; religion remains, rooted in the hearts of man.

The pages that follow will give the reader an idea of how a diocese is constructed. The men who most largely figure in this

volume are also heroes of battle-fields, but their victories were bloodless, won under the banner of the Prince of Peace. God knows there are wounds to be received in that field.

We who reap what those pioneer priests sowed can, in the historical sketches that follow, learn something of what it meant, of hardships, of fatigues, of disgusts and crosses, to make firm foundation of Catholicity in Northern Ohio and the Diocese of Cleveland.

Our contemporaries who are still building and supervising, they too have history to make, their Catholic imprints to leave on Time; and their road if less rugged in one way, is as arduous in another as that of their priestly predecessors. Equal the merit of those who blaze the road, or those who lay the highway. The cross assumes many shapes.

The author of this volume—to him a labor of love—is a priest of the Diocese of Cleveland. Here was he born, here ordained, here has he ministered. To this diocese of his affections he dedicates this delineation of her ecclesiastical growth.

If its reading will conduce to reflection on what it means to live for God, the transcendent merit of laboring with eye upturned to heaven, ever facing the grand edifice of Eternity, he will have attained sufficient object.

By those of the laity whose sturdy Catholic parents figure in this work, it will be particularly treasured.

And the value of thus collating facts of early Catholic history, the advantage of this volume to the future historian on a larger scale, commends itself at once to the discerning reader.

MANLY TELLO.

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## ERRATA.

Page 17, Line 9, read 1837, for 1830.

- |   |               |        |      |   |                              |
|---|---------------|--------|------|---|------------------------------|
| " | 53,           | "      | 6,   | " | Ursulines, for Ursuline.     |
| " | 95,           | "      | 14,  | " | went, for returned.          |
| " | 125,          | "      | 8,   | " | Longwich, for Lougwich.      |
| " | 129,          | "      | 27,  | " | November 23, 1837, for 1838. |
| " | 151,          | "      | 13,  | " | 1838, for 1833.              |
| " | 173,          | No. 1, | "    | " | 1840, for 1832.              |
| " | 178,          | "      | 141, | " | Württemberg, for Wurtemberg. |
| " | 211, Line 22, | "      | "    | " | 1831, for 1832.              |
| " | 251,          | "      | 22,  | " | part, for past.              |

HISTORICAL SKETCH  
—OF—  
CATHOLICITY IN NORTHERN OHIO  
—AND IN THE—  
DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.  

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PART I.  

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NORTHERN OHIO.  

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1817-1847.

The learned Catholic historian of the Church in the United States, John Gilmary Shea, LL. D., in an interesting article contributed to the *Catholic Universe*, September 15, 1881, says that the first trace of Catholic missionaries visiting the territory now within the limits of Ohio, is found as early as 1749. Then it was when the Jesuit Fathers, Potier and Bonnecamp, came to evangelize the Huron Indians living along the Vermillion and Sandusky rivers, in Northern Ohio. He also states that the first permanent chapel within the confines of the present state of Ohio was erected near Sandusky in 1751, by the Jesuit Father de la Richardie, who, with his companions, had come from Detroit and Canada to the southern shore of Lake Erie.

Traces of these Indian missions have recently been found near the Sandusky river, at Fremont, and near the Portage river at Port Clinton, in the form of plain silver crosses, such as are known to have been used by the French Canadian missionaries.

When the Society of Jesus was suppressed, and Canada lost by the French, the Huron missions founded by the Jesuits, as above, were abandoned. From 1751 to 1817\* we find no record of any further effort made in Northern Ohio, either to continue the missionary work begun by the Jesuits, or to minister to the few Catholics who had come from Maryland and Pennsylvania and settled, as early as 1812, in Columbiana, Stark and Wayne counties.

In 1817 the saintly Dominican Father, Rev. Edward Fenwick, was sent by Bishop Flaget, of Bardstown, Ky., to look after the spiritual interests of the Catholics, sparsely settled in the southern, central and north-eastern portions of Ohio.

It is therefore with the last mentioned year that Catholicity in Northern Ohio really dates its beginning.

As this sketch is to be confined to the territory of Northern Ohio—the present Diocese of Cleveland—in the narration of the founding, growth and progress of the Church in this state, it will deal only with such facts relating thereto, so far as the subject demands and the narrow limits of a sketch will permit.

## I.

### THE DOMINICANS.

Columbiana and Stark counties are the cradle of Catholicity in Northern Ohio, and the Dominicans its first missionaries. As to the early labors of these pioneer priests in Northern Ohio it is to be regretted that the records are sadly deficient. In fact, as the writer was lately informed by the V. Rev. Provincial of the Dominicans in the United States, no records were kept by the Dominicans, either by themselves, while attending to their scattered missions, or at their convents in Kentucky, and Perry county, Ohio, whence they were sent to Northern Ohio. Hence our account of their early labors must necessarily be deficient. The information here to be given was gathered from historical sketches of congregations under their pastoral care, and although meagre, we trust it will not fail to prove of interest to the reader.

\* See letter of John Gilmary Shea, LL. D., page 204.



As above stated, Rev. Father Fenwick, the pioneer priest of this state, made his first visit to Northern Ohio in 1817, and found a number of Catholic families settled near Hanover, and the present village of Dungannon, in Columbiana county ; also at Canton, Stark county. In 1818 he again came, accompanied by his nephew, the Rev. N. D. Young, who had been ordained the year previous. Arrangements were now made for regular visits. In December, 1818, Father Fenwick was directed to establish a convent of his Order near Somerset, Perry county, O., on a tract of land given the Dominicans for that purpose by Mr. P. Dittoe, a fervent and generous Catholic.

This convent was the residence of the Dominican Fathers who attended at regular intervals the missions entrusted to their pastoral care in Columbiana, Stark, Mahoning and Wayne counties. Rev. Fathers Fenwick and Young were soon joined by others of their Order, each of whom had charge of one or more missions in Northern and Central Ohio. The following is a complete list of their names, viz. : Reverends Vincent de Raymacher, Charles P. Montgomery, John A. Hill, George Allimann, Joseph S. Alemany, P. Fochenkress, J. O'Meara, Thomas H. Martin, A. Fahey, Thomas McGrady, D. J. O'Leary, A. F. Van de Weyer and Richard P. Miles. Wherever they labored they did so with zeal and success, and left their impress on all the missions under their charge. Hardships and difficulties and disappointments they bore cheerfully. They laid the foundation of religion deeply, so that their successors might, as they did, build thereon the edifice equally well.

Among them, Fathers Fenwick, Young and Hill were markedly successful. Their names are intimately associated with the early Catholic history of Northern Ohio ; the first two as founders of the flourishing congregations in Columbiana and Wayne counties, and Father Hill as the founder of St. John's, Canton, where his remains now rest.

Bishop Flaget finding it impossible to attend to his vast jurisdiction petitioned the Holy See for relief. The result was the erection of the Diocese of Cincinnati, embracing the

states of Ohio and Michigan, and the appointment of Father Fenwick as its first Bishop. Reluctantly he accepted the burden and was consecrated at Bardstown, Ky., January 13, 1822. Till his death, in 1832, he loved to visit the field of his early missionary labors and was always most cordially welcomed by his former co-laborers and parishioners.

The Dominicans gradually gave up to secular priests their pastoral charges in the above named counties till, in 1842, they withdrew entirely, St. John's, Canton, being their last mission in Northern Ohio.

## II.

### THE REDEMPTORISTS.

Meanwhile the central portion of Northern Ohio, especially the counties of Huron, Erie, Sandusky and Seneca, had received a considerable influx of Catholic emigrants, principally from Germany.

In 1832 several Redemptorist Fathers came from Austria to the United States under direction of their Provincial and at the earnest invitation of Rt. Rev. Edward Fenwick, to take charge of the Indian and the few Catholic German missions in Michigan, then under his jurisdiction as the Bishop of Cincinnati. Disheartened at meeting with little or no success in their missionary labors in Michigan they asked to be relieved of this fruitless field of labor. As soon as their request was granted by their Provincial, Bishop Purcell, successor to Bishop Fenwick, offered them the pastoral charge of the missions in Crawford, Huron, Erie, Seneca and Wyandot counties, with residence at Peru, Huron county, where since 1829, a congregation of Catholic Germans had been organized. Rev. F. X. Tschenhens was accordingly sent, in 1834, and later joined by the Rev. Fathers Czakert, Haetscher, Prost and Saenderl. Soon these good and zealous priests found as little consolation here as did their brethren in Michigan. Their appeals to the generosity of their people in Peru, for the erection of a new and much needed church, and for other parochial wants, met with no response. The spirit of

the congregation was bad ; insult and abuse the return given the priests for their labors and self sacrifice. This was most painful to good Father Tschenhens, who had in a particular manner interested himself in the spiritual welfare of his congregation. However, in spite of ill-treatment he and his faithful co-laborers continued in the discharge of their duty, hoping against hope for a change of spirit for the better. Father Tschenhens now took personal charge of the scattered missions in the neighboring counties, visiting at regular intervals, on horseback and often over almost impassable roads, Sandusky, Norwalk, Liberty, Tiffin, Bucyrus, Wolf's Creek (now New Riegel), McCutchenville (no longer existing as a mission), and occasionally Canton. Whilst he was engaged in attending these missions, Father Czakert and his associates, above mentioned, attended Peru and the neighboring missions.

No change for the better taking place in the spirit of the congregation at Peru, the Redemptorist Fathers asked their Provincial for permission to give up this charge. Their request was granted and on Low Sunday, 1839, the Rev. Father Prost announced to the congregation that he and his brethren intended to leave them, giving as a reason for so doing the continued unkindness and ingratitude shown the Fathers in return for their labors among the people entrusted to their pastoral care.

All the Redemptorist Fathers left as announced, with the exception of Rev. F. X. Tschenhens, who a few months later followed his associates to Pittsburgh, where they founded a convent and the present very flourishing congregation of St. Philomena.

In 1841, at the earnest solicitation of Bishop Purcell, Father Tschenhens again took charge of the congregation at Peru, which had been without a priest for months, owing to dissensions, which caused the removal of the secular priest in charge, the Rev. Joseph Freigang. Father Tschenhens was assisted by the Redemptorist Fathers, Revs. J. N. Neumann and L. M. Alig, remaining from June, 1841, to November, 1843. Meanwhile he also attended Tiffin and a few other

missions in Seneca and Wyandot counties. With last mentioned date ended the labors of the Redemptorists in Northern Ohio.

### III.

#### THE SANGUINISTS.

The number of Catholics and missions so rapidly increased that Bishop Purcell was obliged to seek for more priestly help outside his diocese. Whilst on his return home from a visit to the Eternal City, in 1843, he chanced to meet at Havre a band of missionary priests, members of the Society of the Most Precious Blood (also and better known as Sanguinists), who were on their way to the United States to devote themselves to the pastoral care of their German brethren in the Faith. He informed them of his great and pressing need of priests for his diocese, and kindly invited them to come to his assistance. The invitation was accepted, and in January, 1844, the Very Rev. Father Brunner, Provincial of the Sanguinists, accompanied by Rev. Fathers Meier, Wittmer, Van den Broek, Capeder, Ringele and Jacomet, arrived at Peru and took charge of St. Alphonsus' congregation as successors to the Redemptorists. They also received charge of missions attended by their predecessors, besides attending to the Catholic Germans in Cleveland, and the scattered missions of Lorain, Medina, Wayne, Portage and Stark counties.

The advent of these devoted priests was hailed with delight wherever they were sent. Their labors were signally blessed. Religion flourished in all the missions under their vigilant and devoted care, so that the healthy growth of Catholicity in Northern Ohio may be justly, and in large measure, ascribed under God to the untiring zeal of these excellent priests and their equally zealous successors. December, 1844, Father Brunner established a convent for this society at New Riegel, in 1845 one at Thompson, and in 1848 another at Glandorf, each of which places became a centre of Catholicity for the surrounding country, and from which the neighboring missions were regularly attended. In 1847 the congregation of Peru,



completely changed in spirit by the prayerful labors of the Sanguinist Fathers, was resigned by them and given in charge of secular priests and has since been thus attended.

## IV.

## THE SECULAR CLERGY.

Thus far this sketch has dealt chiefly with the narration of the labors of the clergy belonging to the religious orders. The secular clergy are no less deserving of special mention, for they too labored in this part of the Lord's vineyard amid trials, difficulties and hardships, often side by side with their brethren already mentioned, and more often alone and singly in the scattered and wide-spread missions of Northern Ohio. And their labors have borne fruit a hundred fold. They did yeomen's service; they blazed the way for those who succeeded them, and laid the foundations for many missions that have long since developed into strong, vigorous and prosperous congregations.

The first secular priest to do missionary work in Northern Ohio was the Rev. Ignatius J. Mullon, a learned and pious clergyman. He was stationed at the Cathedral in Cincinnati between 1824 and 1834, and was repeatedly sent by his Bishop to the missions in Stark and Columbiana counties, also to Tiffin and Fremont, remaining for longer or shorter periods in each place. His first visit to Northern Ohio was shortly after his ordination, in 1824. Rev. Francis Marshall was the next secular priest, doing pastoral work at Chippewa (near Doylestown) in 1827. In 1830 Rev. John M. Henni was appointed resident pastor of St. John's, Canton, remaining till 1834. During this time he also attended missions in Columbiana, Stark and Wayne counties. Next in point of time was the Rev. Edmund Quinn, first resident pastor of St. Mary's, Tiffin, 1831-35. His mission covered all of Northwestern Ohio. In 1833 Rev. W. J. Horstmann came to Northern Ohio and founded a colony on land he purchased in Putnam county from the government. Here also he established St. John's congregation, Glandorf. Rev. James Conlan had charge of missions

in Columbiana and Mahoning counties, and the eastern portion of Stark county, from 1834. In 1835 Rev. Matthias Wuertz was appointed pastor of St. John's, Canton, and attended Massillon, Louisville, Navarre, and several stations in Stark and Wayne counties. He remained till 1845. Rev. John Dillon was the first resident pastor of Cleveland, 1835-36, and during this short time attended stations in Summit and Lorain counties. Rev. Basil Schorb, a native of Pennsylvania, was appointed resident pastor of Chippewa in 1837, and had charge of Canal Fulton, Massillon, Canton, Liverpool, Randolph and Wooster. He left Ohio in 1843. Rev. George Boehne was on the mission in Putnam county, notably Ft. Jennings, from 1841.

Rev. Patrick O'Dwyer had charge of the Catholics of Cleveland from 1837 to 1839, and commenced their first church in 1838.

Between 1838 and 1840 the Rev. Michael McAleer did pastoral duty at Canton, Dungannon and Navarre. From 1839 to 1847 the Rev. Joseph McNamee was resident pastor of St. Mary's, Tiffin. For several years he also had charge of all the stations and missions in Northwestern Ohio, covering the same territory as did his predecessor, Father Quinn.

Rev. Projectus J. Machebeuf had charge of the missions of Tiffin and Fremont from 1839, till he was transferred to Sandusky as first resident pastor in 1840. From Sandusky he attended missions in Sandusky, Erie and Wood counties.

In 1840 the Revs. Amadeus Rappe and Louis de Goesbriand came to Ohio. The latter was sent by Bishop Purcell to take charge of St. Louis' congregation, Louisville, Stark county. Father Rappe resided about six months at Chillicothe. In 1841 he was sent to Toledo, where he organized St. Francis de Sales' congregation, and attended all the missions and stations in Lucas, Paulding, Williams, Defiance and Henry counties. In 1846 he was joined by Father de Goesbriand who shared with him the privations and labors connected with this difficult charge. Father Rappe remained at Toledo till his elevation to the Episcopacy in 1847.

Rev. Peter McLaughlin was resident pastor at Cleveland



from 1840 to 1846. Shortly after his arrival he had the interior of St. Mary's church, on the "Flats," completed. The church was dedicated June 7, 1840. Father McLaughlin also attended missions in Lake, Lorain and Summit counties.

Rev. Maurice Howard was on the mission in Northern Ohio about ten years. He came in 1842. Among his charges were Doylestown, Cleveland and Tiffin. He also attended missions in Wayne, Summit, Richland, Portage, Medina, Mahoning, Lake, Huron and Geauga counties.

In 1843 Rev. John J. Doherty was appointed pastor of St. John's, Canton, where he remained about five years. He also attended Massillon, Canal Fulton and Navarre.

In 1844 the Revs. John H. Luhr and John O. Bredeick were assigned charges in Northern Ohio. Father Luhr was first stationed at St. John's, Canton, October, 1844. In 1845 he organized St. Peter's, Canton, whose pastor he was till 1847. Father Bredeick was the founder of Delphos and of John's congregation, same place. In 1845 Rev. Peter Peudeprat arrived from France and was sent to Sandusky as assistant to Father Machebeuf, where he remained till the following year, when he was appointed pastor of St. Louis' church, Louisville, Stark county.

From 1844 to 1846 Rev. Cornelius Daley was first resident pastor of St. Vincent's, Akron, and from 1846 to 1847 pastor at Doylestown. Rev. Philip Foley was stationed at Massillon in 1846, and attended Wooster, where he directed the building of the first church, commenced in 1847 and finished two years later.

Besides the above mentioned secular priests the following were also on the mission in Northern Ohio: Revs. Michael A. Byrne, at Cleveland, 1845-47; J. Freigang, at Peru and Norwalk, 1840-41; H. Herzog, at Ft. Jennings, 1840; J. Hoffmann, at St. John's, Canton, with charge of Louisville and Doylestown, 1836-37; H. D. Juncker, at Canton and Tiffin, 1836-37; J. Kearney, who attended East Liverpool and Wells-ville from Steubenville, 1845-46; F. X. Roth, at Avon, 1845-47; E. Thienpont, at Tiffin, 1834-35; J. V. Conlan, at Dungannon in 1847.

Very Rev. Stephen T. Badin and V. Rev. Edward T. Collins also visited some of the missions in Northern Ohio between 1835 and 1837, the former ministering to the Catholics at Canton, Canal Fulton, Fremont and Tiffin, the latter to those of Dungannon, Toledo and along the Maumee.

This brief narrative contains the names of all the secular priests who, at any time between 1824 and 1847, were either stationed in Northern Ohio, or attended missions located therein. As this sketch would hardly permit more than the mere mention of their names, the reader is referred to the biographical notices of these priests, many of whom are deeply enshrined in the memory of those who knew them and their disinterested work in the cause of religion.

The following is a complete list of secular priests stationed in Northern Ohio, October, 1847, when the diocese of Cleveland was erected: Revs. G. Boehne, Glandorf; J. O. Bredeick, Delphos; James Conlan and J. Vincent Conlan, Dungannon; Louis de Goesbriand, Toledo; John J. Doherty, St. John's, Canton; Philip Foley, Massillon; Maurice Howard, Cleveland; J. B. Jacomet, assistant, St. Peter's, Canton; John H. Luhr, St. Peter's, Canton; Projectus J. Machebeuf, Sandusky; Casimir Mouret, Doylestown; Peter Peudeprat, Louisville; Amadeus Rappe, Toledo—in all, fourteen secular priests.

Of the above mentioned priests only the following are living: The Rt. Rev. L. de Goesbriand, present Bishop of Burlington; the Rev. John J. Doherty, pastor of St. John's, Honesdale, Pa.; the Rev. J. B. Jacomet, residing in Mercer county, O., and the Rt. Rev. P. J. Machebeuf, Vicar Apostolic of Colorado.

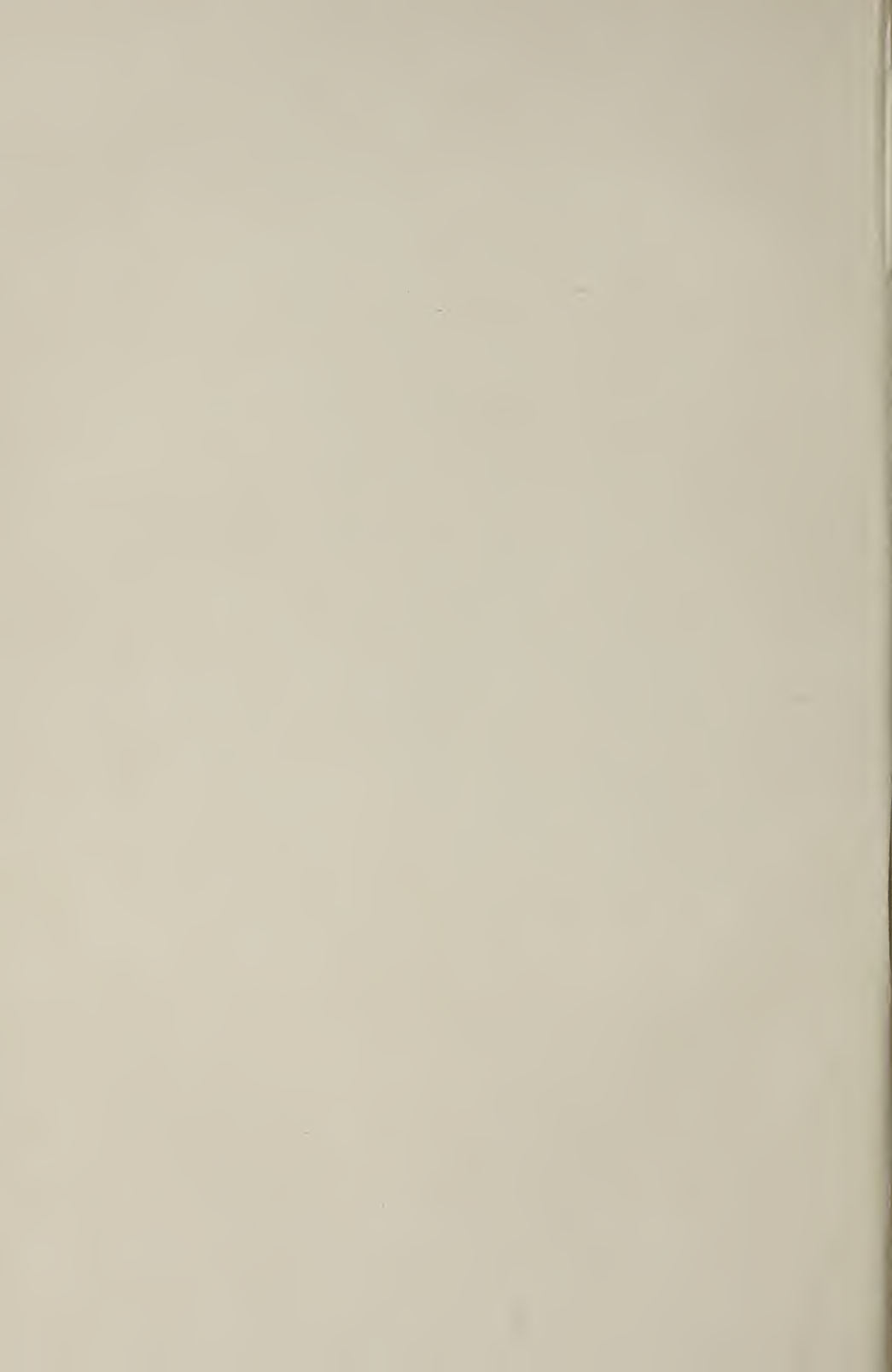
## V.

### CHURCHES.

As heretofore stated, Father Fenwick came to Northern Ohio for the first time in 1817, visiting among other places in Columbiana and Stark counties, the few Catholic families settled near the present village of Dungannon. Here also was erected the first church in Northern Ohio, in 1820. It



St Paul's Church near Dunganmon O. built in 1820.  
First Church in Northern Ohio.



was a small brick building, dedicated to St. Paul the Apostle, and served its purpose till 1849, when the present church in Dungannon was erected. Three years later the Catholics in Canton also built a brick church, dedicated to St. John the Evangelist. It was replaced in 1872 by the present very beautiful church. Until 1829, the above were the only two churches in Northern Ohio, when a third was built at Chipewawa, near the present village of Doylestown. It was primitive in style, small in size and built of logs. In 1830 a frame church was erected at McCutchenville, Wyandot county, eight miles south of Tiffin. In 1831 two more log churches were erected, one at Randolph, Portage county, the other between Lawrence and Canal Fulton, in Stark county. In 1832 a small brick church (St. Mary's), was opened for Divine service at Tiffin. It was built under direction of Rev. Edmund Quinn, and was enlarged by a frame addition built during the pastorate of Father McNamee, in 1845. In 1833 three log churches were erected, viz., at Glandorf, Putnam county, Navarre (Bethlehem), Stark county, and at New Riegel (Wolf's Creek), Seneca county. In 1834 the Catholics of Peru built a frame church, under the direction of the Redemptorist Father, Rev. F. X. Tschenhens, who had it dedicated to St. Alphonse, the founder of the Redemptorists. In 1835 a brick church was built at Louisville, Stark county, and another (frame) at La Porte, Lorain county. In 1836 a frame church was erected at Shelby settlement, Richland county. In 1839 a log church was erected at Thompson, Seneca county. Cleveland's first church was dedicated and opened for Divine service in 1840. During the same year the Catholics of East Liverpool, Columbiana county, erected a neat brick church.

Six churches were added to the above list in 1841. Father Rappe secured by purchase three Protestant frame meeting houses, one of them unfinished. They were located at Toledo, Perrysburg, and Maumee. The first was dedicated to St. Francis de Sales. Log churches were erected at La Prairie, Sandusky Co., and New Washington, Crawford Co., also one of frame, near Norwalk, dedicated to St. Peter. The last mentioned church, and the one at Maumee, are still in use.



In 1842 churches were built at Sandusky (Holy Angels'), Abbeyville, Landeck, Liberty, Liverpool, Sheffield, and St. Stephen's Settlement, the first of stone, the last of frame; the others were log churches.

In 1844 a log church was erected at Delphos by Father Bredeick, and frame churches at Massillon (St. Mary's), Akron (St. Vincent's), Defiance (St. John's), and Fremont (St. Ann's). At French Creek an old frame building was bought and fitted up for church purposes; it served as such till the erection of the present edifice, in 1849.

In 1845 brick churches were built at Canton (St. Peter's), and New Berlin, Stark county; Providence, Lucas county; Tiffin (St. Joseph's), Seneca county. During the same year a frame church was also built at Harrisburg, Stark county. In 1846 a log church was erected at Bismarck (Sherman), and one of same material, in 1847, at New Bavaria (Poplar Ridge). Total number of churches built between 1820 and October, 1847, was 43, viz.: stone, 1; brick, 9; frame, 19; log, 15.

## VI.

### RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES.

In 1844, a community of Sanguinist Sisters was established at Wolf's Creek (New Riegel) by the saintly Father Brunner. The convent, the first in Northern Ohio, was a log house. The community numbered but three sisters: Mother Mary A. Albrecht, Sister Rose and a novice.

December, 1845, Father Brunner also founded a community at Thompson, and here, as at Wolf's Creek, a log house was the convent building, and contained a chapel. As soon as the sisters were established in their respective convent homes at Wolf's Creek and Thompson, they at once began the perpetual adoration of our Lord in the Blessed Eucharist, as directed by their Rule. They and their successors have ever since continued day and night the observance of this part of their Rule, as a reparation for the insults and outrages committed against our blessed Lord in the Most Holy Sacrament of the Altar.



In 1846, at the invitation of the Rev. Father Rappe, five sisters of Notre Dame came from Cincinnati to Toledo, there to establish a convent and select school. Father Rappe secured for them a small frame house on Cherry street, near the present site of St. Francis de Sales' church. This they had fitted up for their convent and academy.

They were part of a colony that had come from Namur, France, to Cincinnati, with Father Rappe. The superioress of the Toledo community was Mother M. Louise, who died last year at Cincinnati, where she had founded the present flourishing community in 1840. Another member of the Toledo community was Sister M. Aloysius, an accomplished Prussian lady, who later was appointed superioress of the Sisters of Notre Dame, at Roxbury, Mass. She became celebrated for a time through her testimony in court at Boston, in connection with the infamous committee appointed in 1854 by the anti-Catholic legislature of Massachusetts to pry into the privacy of the convents of Boston and neighborhood. Her testimony made the members of that vile committee so odious in the eyes of the decent and fair-minded Protestants that their outrageous "prying" was never repeated.

In 1848 the sisters of the Toledo community returned to Cincinnati, for lack of support. Toledo at this time was small and extremely unhealthy, and the number of boarding pupils and day scholars was very limited. Hence it was thought best by the superioress of the Mother House of Cincinnati to recall the sisters, four of whom returned, the fifth having fallen a victim to the dread "Maumee" fever.

## VII.

### BISHOPS FENWICK AND PURCELL.

The Rt. Rev. Edward Fenwick was consecrated first bishop of Cincinnati, January 13, 1822, and had as part of his jurisdiction the whole of the state of Ohio. When he took charge of his diocese there was but one church in Northern Ohio—near Dunganon, and no priest resided within that

limit of territory. At the time of his death, September, 1832, there were seven churches, viz.: near Dungannon, Doylestown, Canal Fulton, and at Canton, McCutchenville, Randolph and Tiffin. Of resident priests there were three—at Canton, Dungannon and Tiffin.

Very Rev. F. Reze administered the diocese from the time of Bishop Fenwick's death till the advent of Rt. Rev. John B. Purcell, who at the age of 33 years was consecrated second bishop of Cincinnati, October 13, 1833. He had jurisdiction of Northern Ohio till October, 1847, during which time Catholicity made wonderful strides in this part of the state. A large influx of emigrants necessitated the building of churches and the establishing of missions and stations in nearly every county in Northern Ohio, notably in Columbiana, Erie, Lorain, Lucas, Portage, Putnam, Sandusky and Seneca counties. It is true these churches were not remarkable for architecture, material or size, but they served their purpose and accommodated the faithful, who frequented them with perhaps more fervor and piety than do their descendants the beautiful and costly temples since erected in their stead. Bishop Purcell visited Northern Ohio at frequent intervals, and always with gratifying results. But he soon found his vast diocese too large for his personal attention. As early as December, 1841, in an interesting communication to the *Catholic Telegraph*, describing one of his visits to Northern Ohio, he writes: "It would require the constant attention of two bishops and a hundred priests \* \* \* to preserve the faithful, convert the erring, reclaim the sinful, found schools, and build churches necessary over such an extensive territory."

He petitioned the Holy See to be relieved of part of his jurisdiction. His petition was heard and as a result the present Diocese of Cleveland was erected in 1847. Father Rappe, "the missionary of the Maumee," was appointed the first bishop of the new diocese, and consecrated as such at Cincinnati by Bishop Purcell, October 10, 1847.

## PART II.

### DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.

1847-1887.

#### I.

#### TERRITORY OF THE DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.

The territory assigned by the Holy See to the diocese of Cleveland, April 23, 1847, was "all that part of the state of Ohio lying north of 40 degrees and 41 minutes." As this line intersected several counties it was thought best by the bishops of the dioceses of Cincinnati and Cleveland to petition the Holy See to establish the limits between these two dioceses by county lines, as appears from the following agreement, published in the *Catholic Telegraph*, January 11, 1849:

"In order to prevent any misunderstanding or uncertainty with regard to the extent of jurisdiction, as defined only by the geographical line of 40 degrees and 41 minutes, the Rt. Rev. Bishops of these two dioceses have agreed among themselves, and they direct us to publish, that the counties of Mercer, Auglaize, Hardin, Marion, Morrow, Knox, Tuscarawas, Carroll and Jefferson, which belong to the diocese of Cincinnati, shall constitute the northern boundary of the diocese of Cincinnati; that all counties north of those just named, shall compose the diocese of Cleveland. Holmes county, for the greatest part south of the line above traced, is by mutual consent assigned to the diocese of Cleveland. Any new counties that may hereafter be formed by the authority of the legislature, will belong to that diocese in

which the largest portion of them will be situated. Application will be made as early as possible to the Holy See to sanction this arrangement."

When the diocese of Columbus was erected, in 1868, Holmes county was included within its jurisdiction. All the other counties embraced within the above described limits have since belonged to the jurisdiction of the diocese of Cleveland. The following is an alphabetical list of counties belonging to the Cleveland diocese: Allen, Ashland, Ashtabula, Columbiana, Crawford, Cuyahoga, Defiance, Erie, Fulton, Geauga, Hancock, Henry, Huron, Lake, Lorain, Lucas, Mahoning, Medina, Ottawa, Paulding, Portage, Putnam, Richland, Sandusky, Seneca, Stark, Summit, Trumbull, Van Wert, Wayne, Williams, Wood and Wyandot, in all thirty-three counties, comprising about one-third of Ohio. The territory of the diocese extends from the west line of Pennsylvania to the east line of Indiana, and from the southern shore of Lake Erie, about 75 miles south.

## II.

### BISHOP RAPPE—1847-1870.

In order to present in succinct form the growth and development of the diocese of Cleveland, its history will be given chronologically, and by decades of years. Besides the erection of churches and the founding of religious, charitable and educational institutions, only the more important events in connection with the history of the diocese will be mentioned. To do more would exceed the limits of this sketch. In giving dates of the erection of churches, reference is had only to *first* churches built by congregations. In many cases these were built long after such congregations received attendance as stations, as will be shown in the "list of churches, &c." This remark holds also for institutions of charity, &c. Where notably fine, large and costly churches have replaced former structures these will also receive due mention.

A.—1847-1857.

The Rt. Rev. Amadeus Rappe took possession of the diocese of Cleveland as its first bishop a few days after his consecration, which had taken place at Cincinnati, October 10, 1847. On his arrival at Cleveland, his episcopal city, he found but one church, a frame building, located on Columbus street, corner of Girard. It had been dedicated June 7, 1840, to "Our Lady of the Lake," since 1849 known as St. Mary's Church, on the "Flats."

October, 1847, Rev. Maurice Howard was the only priest stationed in Cleveland. Besides having pastoral charge of the church on the "Flats" he also attended a number of missions in Cuyahoga and neighboring counties. Within the limits of his diocese the Bishop found forty-three churches, attended by twenty-one priests, of whom seven were members of the Sanguinist society. The Catholic population of the diocese was estimated at this time to be about 10,000.

There were also two small convents of Sisters of the same society, viz.: at New Riegel and Thompson, and an academy and convent at Toledo, belonging to the Sisters of Notre Dame, whose Mother House was at Cincinnati.

For some months the Bishop resided in a rented house near the Haymarket. In 1848 he bought several lots on Bond street, corner of St. Clair, on which were located a large brick building and several frame houses. The brick building was fitted up as his episcopal residence.

Within a very short time after Bishop Rappe's arrival in Cleveland he impressed all with his indefatigable zeal and great earnestness. As early as March, 1848, the *Cleveland Herald*, a secular paper, at no time during its long existence over-friendly toward Catholics, published in its issue of March 16, the following item concerning Bishop Rappe, and his work in the cause of total abstinence, of which he had been for some years a practical and consistent advocate:

"Bishop Rappe is just what every man who has important enterprises in hand should be, a real working man. His labors, too, are for the benefit of others—the present and future—



the temporal, social and moral improvement of the people of his charge. Strict sobriety, industry and economy are virtues which he inculcates with hearty good will—the sure stepping stones to individual, family and associated success. Temperance supports the superstructure and now over five hundred cold-water men are enrolled in the Cleveland Catholic Temperance Society.”

January, 1848, he appointed as his vicar general the V. Rev. Louis de Goesbriand, who had been his co-laborer in Northwestern Ohio for two years. Father de Goesbriand was stationed in Cleveland, and had as his assistant the Rev. M. Kreusch, C. PP. S., the Rev. M. Howard having been sent to Tiffin as pastor of St. Mary's.

During the same year Bishop Rappe opened a small seminary in a one-story frame building, formerly a *stable*, back of his residence on Bond street. Father de Goesbriand was its first superior. Among the young men first to apply for admission as seminarists were Messrs. James Monahan, A. Berger, Peter Kreusch, Thomas J. Walsh, M. O'Sullivan, E. W. J. Lindesmith, F. McGann, N. Roupp, W. O'Connor and F. M. Boff, all of whom became priests. In 1849 Rev. A. Caron succeeded Father de Goesbriand as superior of this humble seminary.

The Catholic population of Cleveland rapidly increased shortly after the erection of the diocese, owing to a large immigration from Ireland and Germany. The Bishop found it of imperative necessity to build a church for the accommodation of his growing flock (estimated in 1848 at about 4,000) in the episcopal city, and purposed to make the new church his cathedral and assign St. Mary's, on the "Flats" to the Germans.

Sunday, October 29, 1848, the corner-stone of the present cathedral was laid. The *Cleveland Herald* of October 30, 1848, makes mention of the ceremony in the following item:

"The ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the cathedral on Erie street was witnessed yesterday by a very large concourse of people. At one o'clock a numerous procession was formed at St. Mary's Church and marched to the site of the



cathedral. The ceremonies were conducted by Bishop Timon of Buffalo, Bishop LeFevre of Detroit, and Bishop Rappe of Cleveland, assisted by Vicar-General de Goesbriand of Cleveland, Rev. P. J. Machebeuf of Sandusky, Rev. J. H. Luhr of Canton, and the students of the theological seminary in this city. An eloquent address was delivered by Bishop Timon, and a discourse in German by Rev. Mr. Luhr.

"The cathedral, when completed, will be a noble edifice and an ornament to the city. The dimensions will be 170 feet by 75, rising 50 feet from the water table to the eaves. The building is to be of brick and the style of architecture will combine strength with beauty."

In November, 1848, the first diocesan synod was held, with fifteen priests in attendance. The second synod was held in 1852, and the third in 1854.

September, 1849, Bishop Rappe went to Europe, his object being to solicit aid in his native France for the new cathedral then in process of erection; also to secure priests and Sisters to aid him in his work. During his absence the Very Rev. Father de Goesbriand administered the diocese. The Bishop succeeded in receiving generous assistance from his countrymen, and in securing several priests and seminarists, as also a band of devoted Ursulines, for whom the present convent on Euclid avenue had been purchased from Judge Cowles in 1849. He returned from Europe in August, 1850. Besides visiting his diocese he also superintended the building of the cathedral and had the great satisfaction of having it *consecrated*, and opened for divine service, November 7, 1852.

As above stated, Bishop Rappe was a strong advocate of total abstinence, having seen and felt the disastrous results of intemperance whilst engaged on the mission in Toledo and along the Maumee Valley. In March, 1851, he published a vigorous pastoral letter on this subject, of which the following is an extract :

"Among the evils which prevail, and of which the progress and consequences are most alarming, is one which we have

observed for years, and more especially during our last visitation ; it is one which fills with sorrow the hearts of your pastors and counteracts all their efforts to promote your spiritual welfare ; it is one which is more frightful than any calamity which could befall you ; which threatens not only to put an end to all decent observance of the Sunday, but to eradicate piety and to destroy every sentiment that elevates and ennobles the Christian soul, to bring inevitable ruin upon reason, honor and fortune ; *the drinking shop*—the sink wherein all that is good is buried.”

During the months of July and August, of the same year, on invitation of the Bishop, Father Mathew, the apostle of total abstinence, delivered a series of lectures and sermons in Cleveland and other important cities and towns in this diocese. Thousands took the pledge of total abstinence from Father Mathew. His labors, as those also of Bishop Rappe in this regard, were blessed with most gratifying results.

October 30, 1853, Father de Goesbriand was elevated to the episcopacy—as first Bishop of Burlington, Vt., which position he still holds with eminent success. The Rev. James Conlan succeeded him as vicar-general and acted as such till 1870.

Between 1847 and 1857 churches were erected in the following places : 1848—Delaware Bend, Six Mile Woods ; 1849—Marshallville, Wooster ; 1850—Archbold, Painesville ; 1851—Fostoria, Independence, Sheffield ; 1852—Cleveland (Cathedral), Lima, Summitville ; 1853—Rockport (St. Patrick's), Sandusky (St. Mary's), Toledo (St. Mary's), Youngstown (St. Columba's) ; 1854—Cleveland (St. Patrick's), Elyria, Massillon (St. Joseph's), Toledo (St. Joseph's) ; 1855—Galion (St. Joseph's) ; 1856—Berea (St. Mary's), Berwick, Cleveland, (Immaculate Conception, i. e., the church of the Nativity, used temporarily as a “chapel of ease,” and situated in the rear of the present cathedral, was removed thence to Superior street near Lyman) ; Findlay, Napoleon. Total number of churches erected during this period was twenty-six.

Whilst directing and encouraging the organization of missions and congregations and the erection of churches for their

accommodation, Bishop Rappe also provided for the care of orphans and the education of the young, all under charge of devoted sisters. To this end he authorized the establishing of a convent of Sanguinist sisters at Glandorf, in 1848. In the fall of 1850 the Ursuline Academy on Euclid avenue, Cleveland, was opened and has ever since enjoyed the patronage and confidence of the public, Catholic and Protestant. The same is to be said of the Ursuline Academy, established at Toledo in 1854. St. Mary's Orphan Asylum for girls and St. Vincent's Asylum for boys were founded in Cleveland, the former (1851), in charge of the Ladies of the Sacred Heart of Mary, the latter (1853), in charge of the Sisters of Charity of St. Augustine, a community established and formed by Bishop Rappe, with assistance of Mother M. Ursula, of sainted memory, and known in the world as Miss C. Bissonette. In 1855 the Grey Nuns of Montreal established at Toledo an orphan asylum for boys and girls, which is known as St. Vincent's Asylum.

September, 1850, the Bishop bought a fine property on Lake street, near Dodge, known as "Spring Cottage." The frame building on the large plat of ground was fitted up as a seminary, which was opened in November of same year, with Father Caron as superior. During the summer of 1853 the north wing of the present building was erected, and in 1859, owing to the rapidly increasing number of seminarists, the present main or central part of the seminary was built.

To give young men an opportunity to receive a college education under Catholic auspices, Bishop Rappe purchased, in 1854, an eligible property on the West Side, Cleveland, near St. Patrick's church. The incomplete frame buildings on the property were remodeled to serve the purpose of their purchase. September of the same year they were opened under the name of St. John's College. This institution had, however, a fitful existence, owing to lack of patronage, and was finally closed in 1859.

## B.—1857-1867.

The second decade of Bishop Rappe's administration is remarkable for the large number of churches built, many of them handsome and spacious edifices. The following is a list of places in which churches were erected: 1857—Cleveland (St. Bridget's and St. Peter's); 1858—Fremont (St. Joseph's), Millersville, Norwalk (St. Mary's), Olmsted, Wellington; 1859—Bellevue, Big Spring, Crawfordsville, South Thompson; 1860—Alliance, Ashtabula, Cleveland (St. Augustine's), Hudson, Junction, Port Clinton, Prout's, Rockport (St. Mary's); 1861—Crestline, Euclid, Kalida, Kelley's Island, North Ridge, Ottoville, Stryker, Toussaint; 1862—Akron (St. Bernard's), Bucyrus, Cleveland (Holy Rosary—since 1881 known as Holy Name; St. Joseph's), Clyde, Monroeville, Ravenna, Vermillion, Woodville; 1863—Ashland, Toledo (St. Patrick's); 1864—Conneaut, Convoy, Florence, French Settlement, Medina, Niles, Royalton, St. Patrick's Settlement, Strasburg, Upper Sandusky, Warren; 1865—Cleveland (St. Mary's of the Assumption), Grafton, Kirby, Marshallville, Milan; 1866—Mud Creek, Shelby—total 56 churches.

In 1857 Bishop Rappe convoked the fourth diocesan synod, resulting in much wholesome legislation. One of the statutes promulgated made it obligatory on all congregations, financially and numerically able, to support parochial schools. This law gave new impulse to the parochial school system, encouraged in most earnest mannner by Bishop Rappe almost immediately after he came to Cleveland.

In 1860 Bishop Rappe paid his first decennial visit to Rome. During his absence the Very Rev. James Conlan, V. G., was administrator of the diocese. Two years later he again went to Rome to assist at the canonization of the Japanese Martyrs, to which ceremony many of the American bishops had been specially invited by Pius IX. Very Rev. A. Caron, V. G., administered the affairs of the diocese during the Bishop's absence.

In 1862 St. Joseph's Asylum for orphan girls was opened on Woodland avenue, Cleveland, to relieve the crowded



condition of St. Mary's Asylum on Harmon street. In 1863 Bishop Rappe introduced into the diocese the Sisters of the Humility of Mary, and by special agreement with Bishop O'Connor of Pittsburgh, located them on a large tract of land near New Bedford, Pa., where they founded a convent and an orphan asylum.

In 1863 the Ursulines of Cleveland established a mission at Tiffin, placing it in charge of Mother M. Joseph as superiress. In a few years the mission grew to a prosperous community, its academy meeting with public favor almost from the very opening.

In 1865, at the solicitation and with the generous aid of Cleveland's citizens, irrespective of creed, Bishop Rappe opened Charity Hospital—the first *public* hospital built in Cleveland.

The Bishop established St. Louis' College at Louisville, Stark county, in 1866, to replace St. Mary's College and Preparatory Seminary, Cleveland, opened in September, 1860. It was given in charge of secular priests. The following year its management was transferred to the Basilian Fathers of Sandwich, Canada, but it was closed in 1873 for want of support.

#### C.—1867–1877.

For the fourth time Bishop Rappe went to Europe—in the fall of 1867—the Very Rev. Vicar General Caron administering the diocese during his three months' absence. Besides visiting his native country the Bishop also went to Rome, to attend to some affairs in connection with his diocese.

During the first three years of the third decade of Bishop Rappe's administration churches were erected in the following places: 1867—Cleveland (St. Wenceslas') Hubbard, Landeck, Reed, Rootstown, Wellsville, West Brookfield; 1868—Edgerton, Kent, Leetonia, Marblehead, Mentor, Norwalk (St. Paul's), St. Mary's Corners, Toledo (Immaculate Conception); 1869—Cleveland (St. Malachy's, St. Stephen's), Galion (St. Patrick's), Jefferson, Madison, North Amherst, Willoughby, Youngstown (St. Joseph's)—23 churches.

St. Francis' Orphan Asylum and Home for the Aged was established at Tiffin, in 1867, under direction of the Rev. Joseph L. Bihn, who applied his patrimony and savings towards the purchase of the lands and the erection of buildings used for this excellent institution. He also established, in 1868, a sisterhood of the Third Order of St. Francis, which has charge of the domestic affairs of the asylum and home. Some of the sisters are also engaged as teachers in a number of parochial schools in the diocese.

In 1867 Bishop Rappe introduced the Franciscan Fathers of Teutopolis, Ill., into the diocese and gave them pastoral charge of St. Joseph's church, Cleveland. In the following year they erected their present convent and chapel, corner Chapel and Hazen streets.

St. Mary's church, Toledo, was given in charge of the Jesuit Fathers of the Provincial House of Buffalo, in 1869.

Bishop Rappe invited the Sisters of the Good Shepherd of Cincinnati to establish a convent of their order in Cleveland. The invitation was accepted in 1869. Their convent was a frame building on Lake street, situated on a large lot which had been secured for them by Bishop Rappe. Here they remained until the completion of their present large building, in 1875. Their silent, saving work in behalf of fallen, erring woman has resulted in untold good and has forced recognition even from an anti-Catholic public.

The paternal heart of good Bishop Rappe next prompted him to provide for a class of unfortunates, neglected and rejected by a cold and selfish world—the aged poor. To give them shelter and needed care he had the Little Sisters of the Poor establish a Home for them on Perry street, in 1870. This charitable work soon met with generous support on the part of the citizens of Cleveland, irrespective of creed. In a few years the old buildings first bought had to be enlarged and in part replaced by others more commodious and better adapted, so large was the number of applicants.

October, 1869, Bishop Rappe again went to Rome, this time to attend the Vatican Council which was opened December 8, of same year.



Whilst in Rome he found that the years of opposition on the part of some, in regard to the administration of his diocese, had crystalized in charges preferred against him to the Holy See. Rather than further contend with his opponents, and unwilling any longer to carry the burden of his episcopal labors, which he found so little appreciated on the part of a few, he concluded to resign the responsible and burdensome office of bishop he had borne for twenty-three years amid trials, difficulties, and mental worriment known to God alone. Where others would have met the enemy and contested position in the face of opposition and strife, he thought best to lay down crozier and mitre, thus to have peace in the evening of his life. This he believed himself the more constrained to do, as in his advanced age, sixty-eight years, he felt himself too weak, physically, to administer with satisfaction to himself his large and rapidly growing diocese. Added to this he found his sight greatly impaired; in fact he had lost the use of his right eye. He resigned August 22, 1870, and retired to the diocese of Burlington, Vt., where he resumed the role of a missionary, so familiar to him.

For obvious reasons the details of this chapter in the history of Bishop Rappe's saintly and self-sacrificing life are not yet for publication. That will be the task of the future historian of the diocese of Cleveland, and the writer of Bishop Rappe's life and labors.

### III.

VERY REV. EDWARD HANNIN, ADMINISTRATOR,

*Sede Vacante*—1870-1872.

Within a few days after Bishop Rappe's resignation, the Most Rev. Archbishop Purcell appointed the Very Rev. E. Hannin as administrator of the diocese of Cleveland. During his term of office, which lasted till April, 1872, churches were erected in the following places: 1870—Antwerp, Briar Hill, Van Wert; 1871—Cleveland (Annunciation, St. Columbkil's—closed as a parish in 1872, Holy Family—St. Edward's since

1886), Loudonville, Mantua, Sandusky (Sts. Peter and Paul's), Toledo (St. Louis'),—total, ten congregations organized and churches built.

For ordinations, Bishops of the neighboring dioceses were invited. Among them was the Rt. Rev. John H. Luers, Bishop of Fort Wayne. June 29, 1871, this worthy prelate conferred Holy Orders in the seminary chapel. After the ceremony he started for the Union Depot, preferring to walk thither rather than take the carriage which had been placed at his service. Reaching the corner of St. Clair and Bond streets he fell to the pavement, stricken with apoplexy. He was carried to the Bishop's house, near by, where he expired in a few moments.

Beyond a suit of injunction in connection with the building of a church, begun by the congregation of St. Bridget's, Cleveland, without proper authorization, nothing of special note occurred during Father Hannin's administration, except that he had not as peaceful a *regime* as he could have wished, or the good of religion demanded. No one was better pleased than he when he was relieved of his responsible post of duty. by the advent of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilmour, in April, 1872.

#### IV.

#### BISHOP GILMOUR, 1872-1887.

The Rt. Rev. Richard Gilmour, present and second Bishop of the diocese of Cleveland, was consecrated at Cincinnati, April 14, 1872. Within a few days after his consecration he took possession of his episcopal see.

He soon found that the disturbance and opposition which had caused many a heart-ache to his predecessor, Bishop Rappe, and which had made the administration of Very Rev. Father Hannin anything but pleasant, had permeated the diocese to a large extent. Firmness and judgment were needed to put the disturbed elements to rights. Bishop Gilmour felt the difficulty of his position as well as the gravity of his impending work.

But he also found in the diocese at large a generous spirit among the laity, a willing, energetic clergy, and a readiness to second any effort for the advancement of diocesan interests. Often he had rather to repress than foster activity in matters pertaining to the material growth of the diocese.

November, 1872, he convoked a synod of his clergy—the first during his administration, and the fifth since the organization of the diocese. In this synod much of the present legislation was enacted. It also embodied considerable of the legislation of the previous synods, notably that of 1868. Among other diocesan laws enacted, were those urging anew the necessity of parochial schools, regulating the financial affairs of congregations, assessing congregations for the support of seminary, etc., (Diocesan Fund), and for the support of sick and disabled priests, (Infirm Priests' Fund.) The latter fund had been established some years previous, but it was now found necessary to modify and change many of the regulations governing it, so as to place it on a firm basis. This it has maintained ever since. With additional and needed changes, made from time to time in its management, the Infirm Priests' Fund is now in excellent condition.

March, 1873, Bishop Gilmour published his first pastoral letter. It aroused the latent bigotry of the country, especially of Cleveland, the hot-bed of Puritanism and anti-Catholic hatred. Not that the Bishop published "doctrines strange and new," but that he dared to publish what he did. He took strong ground against the public school system, and urged upon his people the necessity of establishing and maintaining their own schools. He also insisted that Catholics assert their rights as citizens; that they are Catholic first, American next. For these, and other utterances of like import, he was denounced in unmeasured terms by pulpit and press.

To defend Catholic doctrine and the citizen rights of Catholics, the Bishop established the *Catholic Universe*, its first number appearing July 4, 1874. About this time also he organized in Cleveland the Catholic Central Association,

composed of representatives from all the parishes and Catholic societies of the city.

Its influence for good was soon felt. Since the opening of the workhouse in Cleveland, in 1870, the unfortunate Catholic inmates were denied their rights as Catholics. No Catholic priest was permitted to visit or instruct them. After much opposition, the Bishop finally succeeded in getting the consent of the workhouse authorities to allow Catholic prisoners the consolation of their religion thus far denied them. To the Catholic Central Association, through some of its leading members, is due, in a large measure, this concession. Since 1876 Mass has been regularly celebrated at the workhouse on alternate Sundays, and on every Sunday morning the Catholic inmates of the refuge department receive catechetical instruction from a committee appointed for that purpose by the Catholic Central Association. For the last ten years the relations between the workhouse officials, priest and Catholic instructors have been most pleasant and satisfactory.

In 1875 the Catholic school property of Cleveland was placed on the tax duplicate in spite of a decision of the supreme court of Ohio, rendered in 1874, to the effect that such property was not taxable. In 1876 suit of restraint was entered by the Bishop and finally carried to the supreme court of Ohio, the decision in each of the courts being in his favor.

The Bishop's house, on Bond street, was not diocesan property, but the personal property of Bishop Rappe, who, on his departure from Cleveland, leased it for a term of years. The lessee sublet it to Very Rev. Administrator Hannin as a residence for himself and the cathedral clergy. Bishop Gilmour was informed of this fact within a few days after he came to Cleveland, and at the same time was curtly notified that the rent, considered high even then, would *at once* be raised.

Unwilling to be a tenant any longer than he could help, the Bishop arranged for the erection of the present episcopal residence, on Superior street, immediately east of the cathedral, the cost to be borne equally by the diocese and the

cathedral parish. The building was begun in 1874 and completed early in 1876.

June 24, 1874, Bishop Gilmour fell seriously ill of nervous prostration, brought on by overwork. For two years he was unable to attend to the work of the diocese. On the advice of his physicians he went to Europe for the benefit of his shattered health. During his absence, Very Rev. F. M. Boff, who had been appointed Vicar General in May, 1873, was appointed Administrator of the diocese.

The Bishop returned from Europe, June, 1876, much improved in health, though by no means fully cured. Gradually he regained strength and with it, by degrees, resumed duty.

Between 1872 and 1877 the diocese showed a marked degree of activity as seen in the erection of a large number of churches, schools and religious institutions. During this period churches were built in the following places: 1872—Carey, Green Spring, Mineral Ridge, New London, Oak Harbor, Ottawa, Plymouth, Roachton, Struthers, Sylvania, Vienna, Wakeman, Wauseon; 1873—Defiance (Our Lady of Per. Help), Elmore, Parma, Salineville, Toledo (Good Shepherd's, St. Peter's); 1874—Berea (St. Adalbert's), Cleveland (St. Procop's), Genoa, Weston; 1875—Brighton, Bryan, Deshler; 1876—Bettsville, Leipsic, North Ridgeville, Spencerville, Toledo (St. Hedwig's)—in all thirty-one churches built, and as many new congregations established.

In 1872 the Sisters of St. Joseph, a teaching community, were welcomed to the diocese, as also, in 1874, the Sisters of Notre Dame, who had been exiled from Germany, because of the "May Laws." Both these communities established themselves in Cleveland, the latter having a large and flourishing academy in connection with their convent.

In 1873 a foundling asylum was opened in Cleveland and placed in charge of the Sisters of Charity, for the reception of waifs. In connection with this asylum a lying-in hospital was also founded. Till the opening of these two institutions, wealthy Cleveland had no shelter to offer these helpless babes



and their unfortunate mothers—the former, offsprings of sin, the latter, its victims.

On invitation of Bishop Gilmour, the Ladies of the Sacred Heart of Mary, connected with St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Cleveland, established (1874) an academy at Louisville, Stark county, in the building known as St. Louis' college, but closed in 1873. With the academy was also an institute for deaf mutes. Both academy and institute were closed a few years later for want of support.

A convent of Ursuline Sisters was founded, in 1874, at Youngstown, to take charge of the parochial schools in that place, and eventually to establish an academy.

In 1875 the Grey Nuns of Montreal built a hospital in Toledo, which was opened to the public in 1876. In the latter year the Franciscans established, near their monastery in Cleveland, St. Joseph's college for boys. Although this institution was fairly supported, the Franciscan Fathers found it impracticable to continue it longer than June, 1880.

#### D.—1877-1887.

September 8, 1877, the sad news of Bishop Rappe's death reached Cleveland from St. Albans, Vt. As eminently meet, as well as justly due to the memory of the deceased Bishop, arrangements were at once made to have his remains brought to Cleveland for burial. On their arrival an immense throng met them, and Cleveland's citizens, without creed or class distinction, vied with each other to pay their last tribute of respect to the remains of Bishop Rappe, whom in life they loved and respected, and whose memory, in death, they revered as that of a public benefactor, and noble hearted prelate. Silent and sad as was his departure from Cleveland seven years previous, grandly triumphant in death was his return to the city he loved so well, of which he spoke when in the throes of death, for which, during nearly a quarter of a century, he had given his best years. After the impressive obsequies his remains were placed in a crypt under the main altar of the cathedral, there to repose till the Last Call.



In 1877 Bishop Gilmour began to systematize the routine and business affairs of his diocese by establishing a chancery office. He had plats made of all the church property and the respective deeds indexed and labeled for ready reference. Parish and "permit" records, records of priests and religious institutions were begun, and blank forms for annual reports, together with letter books and letter files, were introduced.

In 1878 the collecting of historical data in connection with every congregation and religious institution in the diocese was begun. So promptly and kindly did the clergy and heads of religious houses respond to the call for historical data that the future historian will have comparatively an easy task in writing the history of the diocese of Cleveland. He will have but to sift and collate the abundance of historical matter in the diocesan archives.

March 13, 1879, Bishop Gilmour published a pastoral letter, which again, as in 1873, aroused the hatred of an anti-Catholic press and pulpit. For many months after its publication, the echo of bigotry resounded far and wide, simply because he enunciated doctrines, not new, but bold in their utterance. His expressions regarding human liberty, rights of church and state, and Catholic schools, gave blatant bigotry food for many sensational "sermons" and "blood-curdling" editorials.

May, 1882, the sixth diocesan synod was held in St. Mary's seminary, one hundred and thirty-nine priests of the secular and regular clergy being in attendance. As a result of this synod, we have the present diocesan legislation, which, with the exception of about half a dozen of its two hundred and sixty-two statutes, is in perfect harmony with the laws of the III Plenary Council of Baltimore, held in November, 1884.

In July, 1882, Bishop Gilmour went to Europe, to visit, among other countries, his native Scotland, which he had not seen since he left it in 1829.

Besides traveling extensively through Ireland, England, France and Germany, he also paid his *ad limina* visit to Rome, his first official visit to the Holy See, although he had been there for a few weeks in 1875, as an invalid.

During his absence, till February, 1883, Very Rev. Vicar General Boff administered the diocese.

In 1884 the diocesan seminary was enlarged by the addition of the present south wing, which contains suites of rooms for professors and separate rooms for students, neatly and comfortably furnished. During the following year, the main, or centre building, was entirely remodeled by changing the upper two stories into a very handsome chapel, and locating a lecture hall and the library on the first floor. The wing and changes cost nearly \$20,000.

March, 1887, Bishop Gilmour published the "Constitution and By-laws for the Government of the Parochial Schools of the Diocese of Cleveland."

Two of the principal features of this "school law," are: the examination of parish schools by district boards and the annual examination of teachers by a diocesan board of examiners.

Between 1877 and 1887 the following institutions were established in the diocese: 1877—Convent of the Poor Clares, Cleveland, and the Ursuline Academy, at Villa Angela, near Nottingham; 1884—Cleveland—St. Alexis' Hospital, Protectory for Girls, in charge of the Sisters of Notre Dame; Louisville, St. Louis' Orphan Asylum for Boys; 1885—Toledo, Little Sisters of the Poor. The Jesuit Fathers, to whom had been entrusted, in 1880, the pastorate of St. Mary's Church, Cleveland, opened St. Ignatius' College, opposite their church, corner Carroll and Jersey streets, September, 1886. At this time, also, the Ursulines opened an institution at Nottingham for the education of boys under twelve years of age. It is known as St. Joseph's Seminary.

Since 1877 churches were erected in the following places: 1877—Put-in-Bay; 1878—Collinwood; 1879—Cecil, Chicago Junction, Honey Creek, Lorain; 1880—Cleveland (St. Colman's, Holy Trinity), East Palestine, Hicksville; 1881—Bowling Green, Cleveland (St. Stanislas'), Sterling; 1882—Attica, Peninsula, Toledo (St. Anthony's), Youngstown, (Immaculate Conception); 1883—Cleveland (St. Albert's, St. Michael's, Our Lady of Lourdes'); Toledo (Sacred Heart),

Tremblayville; 1884 — Lowellville; 1886 — Cuyahoga Falls, Holgate, Wadsworth; 1887—Akron (St. Mary's), Cleveland (St. Anthony's, St. Francis'), Hamler, Miller's City, New Lisbon, North Creek, Republic—total, thirty-five churches built and new congregations established.

There are few, if any, dioceses in the country that can point to as many fine, large and costly churches as can the diocese of Cleveland. Many of these were built within the last fifteen years, replacing edifices of far less pretension as to size and cost. Among the more noteworthy are the following: Cleveland—St. John's Cathedral, (furnished in 1880 with the handsomest spire in the city, and renovated, 1884, in most artistic manner), St. Patrick's, St. Stephen's, Immaculate Conception and St. Edward's—(large and beautiful stone churches); St. Bridget's, St. Joseph's, St. Peter's (renovated in 1885); Canton, St. John's and St. Peter's; Delphos, St. John's; Fremont, St. Joseph's; New Riegel, St. Boniface's; Sandusky, St. Mary's, Sts. Peter and Paul—both stone churches; Thompson, St. Michael's; Tiffin, St. Joseph's; Toledo, St. Francis', St. Mary's (enlarged and renovated in 1883); St. Patrick's, St. Peter's.

Within the last few years many fine schools have been built. Mention of a few of the larger and finer is here made: Cleveland—St. Bridget's, St. Malachy's, Holy Name, St. Joseph's; Toledo—St. Patrick's, St. Mary's; Defiance, Our Lady's. August, 1887, the corner stone was laid for a \$30,000 school house, to be built by St. Bernard's, Akron.

Wherever throughout the diocese churches or schools are built to replace similar edifices, they are of handsome proportions, tasteful design, and commensurate with the means of congregations building them. There appears to be a healthy emulation to erect churches worthy their sacred use, and schools, at least equal to those which Catholic parents help to build, but which in conscience they cannot allow their children to attend.

The diocese of Cleveland is provided with generously supported charitable institutions, covering nearly all wants of suffering and neglected humanity. But there is great need

of a reformatory for wayward and homeless boys. A farm of nearly forty acres of excellent land, within a few miles of Cleveland, is already secured as a site for this most necessary institution. Lack of means, however, has thus far prevented the erection of suitable buildings to take from the streets and shelter, educate and train in virtue and future usefulness, boys who are now going to spiritual destruction.

The seminary, "the heart of the diocese," is also greatly in need of enlargement for the accommodation of a sufficient number of young levites, who are not only to take the place of the laborers in the Lord's vineyard, called to their reward, but also to meet the wants of a rapidly growing diocese, with missions and congregations springing into existence on every side and no priest to serve them.

The enlargement of the seminary would also make it practicable to have spiritual retreats for the secular priests and frequent meetings of the clergy of the diocese—now impossible, because there is no building in the diocese large enough, and under its control, where such retreats or meetings could be held.

In 1817, seventy years ago, Father Fenwick came, for the first time, to Northern Ohio to break the bread of life to the famishing children of God's church, then living in sparse numbers within the limits of the present flourishing diocese of Cleveland. He was the first priest to visit this part of Ohio since the Jesuits were obliged, in 1751, to abandon their Indian missions on the southern shore of Lake Erie, and along the Vermillion, Sandusky and Portage rivers. Beyond a few Catholic settlers in Columbiana and Stark counties, Father Fenwick found no trace of Catholicity.

When forty years ago—1847—the diocese of Cleveland was erected, Bishop Rappe found but one church and one priest in Cleveland, and forty-three churches in the entire diocese, attended by twenty-one priests.

Were Father Fenwick, the apostle of Catholicity in Ohio, and Bishop Rappe, the *missionary bishop* of the diocese of Cleveland, to return to the scene of their apostolic labors, their hearts would indeed be gladdened, as they are no doubt



gladdened in heaven, to see the vigorous growth of the tree of life they planted. They would find more than two hundred churches, many of them cathedral-like in size and beauty, studding the territory formerly under their pastoral care and jurisdiction. Institutions of religion, education and charity, would greet their eye; parochial schools, generously and willingly supported, would give them assurance that the children, the hope of the future, have every means placed within their reach to keep them in the faith; they would find a zealous clergy, devoted religious and a generous laity.

We have endeavored to outline the history of Catholicity in Northern Ohio, and in the diocese of Cleveland, so far as the narrow limits of a sketch would permit. It is for the future historian to give in detail its foundation, growth and development, the struggles, trials and labors of the pioneers of religion in this part of our fair state. We close this sketch with the subjoined table, which gives, in a summarized form, and by decades of years, the growth of the Church in northern Ohio and in the diocese of Cleveland :

TABLE.

Year.	Churches	Resident Priests (Sec. and Reg.)	Female Rel. Com.	Char'ble Institu- tions,	Educ'nl Institu- tions.	Paroch'l Schools.
IN NORTHERN OHIO.	1817 1827 1837	----- 2 14	----- 1 7	----- ----- -----	----- ----- -----	----- ----- -----
IN DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.	1847 1857 1867 1877 1887	43 78 150 190 225	21 54 90 158 187	3 7 9 17 18	----- 3 5 10 16	1 4 5 7 8
						----- 9 70 110 126

## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

—OF THE—

RIGHT REV. EDWARD D. FENWICK, O. P., FIRST  
BISHOP OF CINCINNATI.

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JANUARY, 1822—SEPTEMBER, 1832.

Edward D. Fenwick, a descendant of the ancient English family of Fenwick Tower, was born in St. Mary's county, Maryland, in 1768. After the death of his father, Edward was sent to Europe to complete his studies. When leaving home he was in his sixteenth year. He entered the Dominican college at Bornheim, Flanders.

Impressed with the spirit and virtues of his Dominican preceptors, he became attached to them and soon joined their order. From his childhood he showed a tender and unaffected piety. This grew with his years, and impressed itself on his superiors, whose respect and confidence he easily won. During the French revolution he was engaged in the duties of a professor, and as procurator of the Dominican convent at Bornheim. When the French soldiery overran and pillaged the Netherlands his convent was seized, and he, with his brethren, imprisoned as Englishmen. Securing his release as an American citizen, he went to one of the Dominican convents in England. There he remained till 1804, when in compliance with his ardent wish he was sent by his Provincial to America, to labor there in behalf of the spiritual interests of his countrymen. His native state was his first field of spiritual work in this country. Here he toiled in his Master's vineyard about one year. Then Bishop Carroll, of Baltimore,





RT. REV. E. FENWICK, O. P.



upon consultation, and with the advice and consent of the Father General of the Dominicans, sent him to Kentucky to establish a colony of Friars Preachers. In compliance with instructions, Father Fenwick, accompanied by three of his brethren, Fathers Wilson, Tuite and Anger, founded, in 1805, St. Rose's Convent, located in Washington county, Kentucky, on a farm he purchased with his patrimony. Here it was that the Dominican order had its first home in the United States, and from this place the light of the gospel was carried far and wide. The Convent of St. Rose was soon crowned with benedictions. The children of St. Dominic, animated with the zeal of their pious founder, spread through the whole extent of Kentucky, and afforded to the inhabitants the benefits of the religion of Jesus Christ. A Bull was received from Rome constituting Father Fenwick Provincial of the Order in North America. He could not, however, resolve upon accepting that dignity, fearing it might prevent the conversion of souls to God. A remarkable circumstance, which has always been looked upon as the most certain evidence of the exalted virtue of Father Fenwick is, that, after having obtained from Rome the institution of the office of Provincial for Father Wilson, with the permission to annul it should he himself choose to remain Provincial, or to abdicate it, he did not hesitate a moment to transmit it to Father Wilson, because he thought it much better to obey than to command.

In 1814, Father Fenwick, the apostle and pioneer priest of this state, made his first missionary visit to Ohio, and went as far north as Perry county, in the present diocese of Columbus, where he found three Catholic families, consisting in all of twenty members. The joy of these good people at seeing him was so great, that he could never recall the circumstance without experiencing the greatest consolation, because he considered it the first fruit of his Ohio mission.

According to the most authentic information obtainable Father Fenwick's first visit to northern Ohio—within the territory of the diocese of Cleveland—was in 1817, when he came to Columbiana and Stark counties, where he found a

number of Catholic families, some of whom had moved to Ohio from Pennsylvania and Maryland; others had emigrated from Ireland and Germany. None of them had seen a priest since they settled in Ohio.

In 1818 Father Fenwick established, on a farm given for the purpose by Mr. P. Dittoe, a fervent and generous Catholic, the present flourishing Convent of St. Joseph's, near Somerset, Perry county, Ohio, and was its superior for nearly four years. From St. Joseph's he and his few brethren of the convent, among them his nephew, Rev. N. D. Young, regularly attended the missions in Perry and the neighboring counties, whilst those of Southern Ohio received pastoral care from St. Rose's, Kentucky, and occasionally, also, from St. Joseph's, Perry county.

Bishop Flaget, of Bardstown, had under his jurisdiction Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio. He petitioned the Holy See to relieve him from the spiritual care of a part of his immense territory. In accordance with his wish the diocese of Cincinnati was erected in 1821, and Father Fenwick consecrated by Bishop Flaget as its first Bishop, January 13, 1822. Soon after his consecration, Bishop Fenwick took possession of his Episcopal See. Arriving at Cincinnati he found neither church nor dwelling. He rented a small house, where he was obliged to sleep in the garret; the other part was destined for a chapel and a study. At times he was not able to pay the rent, and frequently had to seek his meals in the city. The cathedral, if we may call it by that name, a plank building like a barn, was two miles from the town, and in rainy weather it became inaccessible. The attempt to move it to the town failed; it broke down on the road. A lot was wanting upon which to erect the cathedral again; but where were the means to pay for it?

Without money, without the hope of procuring it to pay the debts already contracted, even the most necessary things were everywhere wanting. In 1823 the Bishop took the resolution to set out for Rome, with the intention of resigning his heavy charge. The Holy Father, Leo XII, however, encouraged him and presented him with 1,200 scudi, for the

expenses of his journey and those of the clergyman who traveled with him. A good God, in fact, loaded him with blessings, opening new sources to him, particularly in France, in the Association at Lyons, for the propagation of the faith. Belgium and Germany, in imitation of France, also contributed liberal sums to Bishop Fenwick in support of his poor diocese. On his return, in 1824, the debts were paid, and a brick cathedral erected on Sycamore street. Later he established the Athenaeum College, near his cathedral church. He also introduced into his diocese the Dominican Sisters, and one or two other religious communities to instruct the children.

Full of courage, after his successful visit to Europe, he devoted all his energy and zeal to the development and visitation of his diocese. Busy at or away from his episcopal city, he never had an idle moment. To reach all the missions of his immense diocese, covering Ohio and Michigan, he had to make long and tedious journeys by wagon, stage, or on horseback, often through forests, and more often over almost impassable roads.

His last visit to Northern Ohio was during the time of the cholera, in 1832. Before leaving Cincinnati, on a visit to Michigan, he had been ailing. Rallying somewhat, and prepared to die amidst his labors if God so willed, he proceeded on his long journey, visiting all the missions along the route, giving confirmation, preaching and catechising.

In these missions difficulties of all kinds met him in constant succession; some persons imploring the aid of the Bishop, some to have churches erected, others to have the clergymen provided for. Much good was done in this last episcopal visit. Upon the lakes the Bishop assisted those dying of cholera. He himself fell so sick at Sault Sainte Marie, Mich., that it was feared he would not recover. But he rallied and soon resumed his return journey to Detroit, and thence through Northern Ohio to Canton, where he arrived, September 24, completely exhausted, with renewed symptoms of the dreadful scourge that visited the entire country and counted its victims by the thousand. He was attended with the greatest and most tender care. Next



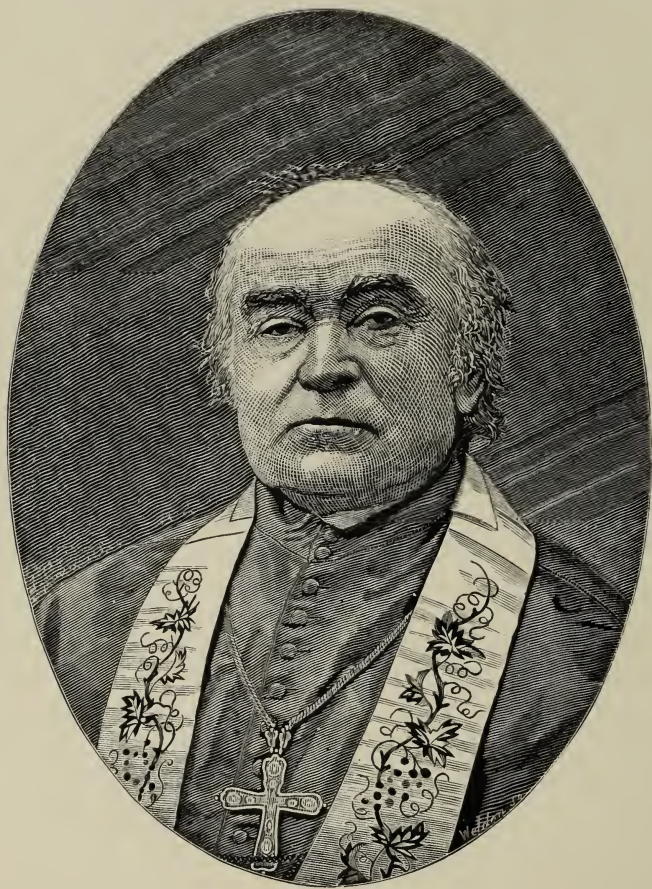
morning he said mass and wrote several letters. The stage arriving at the door of the pastoral residence of Father Henni, he bade him good bye and went on to Wooster, intending to go thence to Cincinnati. Arriving at Wooster about 8 P. M., he was taken from the stage with the fatal impress of cholera on him. He was brought to a hotel where he expired at noon, Wednesday, September 26, 1832. Before sunset of the same day a mound marked the resting place of his remains. It seemed he had a foreboding of his death, for wherever he passed last he said "this is my last visit." In one of his letters he wrote that he would visit two or three congregations in the neighborhood of St. Joseph's, Perry county, which would be the term of his mission, and that thence he would return to Cincinnati, because his strength failed him, but added, as was his custom, that he would do so: *Deo volente, quia homo proponit, sed Deus disponit.*

Father Henni was at once informed of the Bishop's dying condition, but on arriving at Wooster a few hours later, he found him buried.

In February, 1833, Bishop Fenwick's remains were taken to Cincinnati and there entombed under the old cathedral. They now repose beneath the altar of the present St. Peter's cathedral, Cincinnati.

Bishop Fenwick was deservedly esteemed for his many noble qualities. He was a man of great simplicity of character, of gentle manners and unostentatious piety. Delicate in health, he nevertheless devoted himself unsparingly as priest and bishop to the work within his sphere. The Catholics of Ohio owe him a debt of gratitude as the founder of the Church in this state.





MOST REV. JOHN B. PURCELL, D. D.

## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

—OF THE—

MOST REV. JOHN B. PURCELL, D. D., SECOND  
BISHOP OF CINCINNATI, 1833-1850. FIRST  
ARCHBISHOP OF CINCINNATI,  
1850-1883.

John Baptist Purcell, a native of Ireland, was born at Mallow, County Cork, February 26, 1800. After completing a collegiate course in his native country, he set out for the United States, landing at Baltimore in his eighteenth year. For a short time he held a position as private tutor, but desirous of devoting himself to the priesthood, he entered Mt. St. Mary's College, at Emmittsburg, Maryland. Showing talent much above the ordinary, he was sent to the famous Sulpician Seminary, Paris, to complete his theological studies, where also he was ordained priest May 23, 1826. Shortly after his ordination he returned to the United States, and was appointed president and one of the professors of Mt. St. Mary's College, of which he was an alumnus. For seven years he held this important position with much success, when the Holy See appointed him successor to the lamented Bishop Fenwick, as second Bishop of Cincinnati. As such he was consecrated, in his thirty-fourth year, at Baltimore, by Archbishop Whitfield, October 13, 1833. After attending the Second Provincial Council of Baltimore, held a few days after his consecration, he set out for Cincinnati, arriving there November 14, 1833. In his episcopal city he found but one church, a college in embryo, (the Athenaeum, on Sycamore street), and an orphan asylum. His diocese comprised the

whole of Ohio and part of Kentucky. In Ohio there were at this time but sixteen churches, attended by fourteen priests, a Dominican Convent in Perry county, and a Catholic population estimated at about six thousand souls. Within the limits of the present diocese of Cleveland—with which this sketch will chiefly deal, so far as the labors of Bishop Purcell therein are concerned—there were but three churches, viz.: one near Dungannon, and one each in Canton and Tiffin. These churches were attended by two priests, Revs. J. M. Henni and Edmund Quinn, stationed respectively, at Canton and Tiffin.

To visit his scattered flock, Bishop Purcell had not the convenience of travel now enjoyed, nor the hospitality now offered. On country wagons, by stage-coach, and on horseback he covered great distances over bad roads, through primeval forests and across unbridged streams. often partaking of primitive country hotel fare, and often taking shelter in log huts. But in spite of difficulties, hardships and frequent privations, he cheerfully and often made his diocesan visitations, instructing, consoling and encouraging the faithful committed to his charge. His episcopal visits were always red-letter days for clergy and laity. His cheerful disposition and buoyant spirit spread sunshine and joy wherever he went, and his sermons attracted by their brilliancy and eloquence.

His first visit to Northern Ohio was made during the months of June and July, 1834, viz.: Dungannon, Canton, Louisville, Canal Fulton, Chippewa (Doylestown), Wooster, Tiffin and McCutchenville. During the months of July, August and September, 1835, he visited Dungannon, New Lisbon, Cleveland, Cuyahoga Falls, Randolph, Louisville and Canton, and in 1836, Tiffin and Fremont. June 7, 1840, he dedicated, at Cleveland, the Church of Our Lady of the Lake, known later and since as St. Mary's on the "Flats." During the same month he also visited Liverpool, Chippewa, Canton and East Liverpool. November, 1835, he again came to Northern Ohio, visiting Findlay, Glandorf, and Ft. Jennings.

In 1841, during the months of June, July, August and November, he made an extensive tour through Northern



Ohio, visiting the following places: Norwalk, Peru, Shelby, Shelby Settlement, Tiffin, McCutchenville, Wolf's Creek (New Riegel), Sandusky, Fremont, LaPrairie, Perrysburg, Toledo, Canton, Louisville, Randolph, Akron, Chippewa, Wooster, Canal Fulton, Massillon and Bethlehem. In all these places he administered confirmation, and in many he dedicated churches or laid corner-stones for such. In June and July, 1846, he visited Sandusky, Cleveland, Peru, Norwalk, Tiffin, New Riegel, Toledo, Dungannon and Wooster, and in August, 1847, Wooster, Canal Fulton, Youngstown and Akron. At Akron he performed his last episcopal function in this part of his jurisdiction, ordaining to the priesthood, August 5, 1847, the Rev. J. Vincent Conlan.

In 1834 he sent a band of Redemptorist Fathers to Northern Ohio to take charge of missions in Huron, Erie and Seneca counties, with residence at Peru, near Norwalk. They were succeeded in 1844 by the Sanguinist Fathers, who had been invited by him in Europe, the year previous, to come and labor in the Ohio mission.

Finding his diocesan work far beyond his strength, he petitioned the Holy See for a division of his vast spiritual territory. In compliance with his wish the division was made in 1847, and all that part of Ohio, north of forty degrees and forty-one minutes, erected into a separate diocese, with the Episcopal See at Cleveland, and the Rt. Rev. Amadeus Rappe as its first Bishop. When Bishop Rappe took possession of his See he found forty-three churches, fourteen secular priests and seven Sanguinists within his jurisdiction, an increase of forty churches and nineteen priests since 1833, when Bishop Purcell was appointed to the See of Cincinnati.

Although thus relieved of nearly one-third of his former jurisdiction, Bishop Purcell's zeal and labor did not diminish; on the contrary they grew and spread. Catholicity, under his direction, made wonderful strides in Central and Southern Ohio. With astonishing rapidity churches multiplied, congregations sprung into existence, religious, charitable and educational institutions were established, all demanding and receiving his watchful care and paternal guidance.

In 1850 Bishop Purcell was made Archbishop, with the

Bishops of Louisville, Vincennes, Detroit and Cleveland as his suffragans.

Under his direction Mt. St. Mary's Seminary of the West, was opened near Cincinnati in 1852. Indefatigably he labored for the spread of religion, and everywhere throughout his diocese evidence of his zeal and the steady growth of the Church could be seen.

In 1853 Archbishop Purcell was relieved of the jurisdiction of Eastern Kentucky, in the erection of the diocese of Covington.

In 1868 he again asked for further relief from constantly increasing work. The result was the erection of the diocese of Columbus, comprising the southeastern part of Ohio. The first Bishop was the Rt. Rev. S. H. Rosecrans, who, as coadjutor since 1862, had lightened his labors.

In 1869 he made the last of his many visits to Rome, this time to attend the Ecumenical Council of the Vatican, which opened in December of that year. He took a prominent part in its debates, notably in those connected with the definition of the infallibility of the Pope. He belonged to the *inopportunist*s, but after the council defined papal infallibility to be of faith, he yielded assent.

Shortly after his advent to Cincinnati, in 1833, the rapid growth of Catholicity in that city, as in fact throughout the country, aroused bigotry and fanatical alarm. He was challenged by a Protestant preacher, named Alexander Campbell, to a public debate on Catholic doctrine. This was in 1837. For many days the disputants held sway over large and interested audiences. The brilliant young Bishop vanquished his opponent and gained for himself the name of a profound theologian, accurate historian and keen debater.

He was also a facile and pleasing writer, as his many learned pastorals will attest. He also contributed largely to the columns of the *Catholic Telegraph*, and had the habit of writing descriptions of his episcopal visitations, which even now afford most interesting reading, and will prove a storehouse of valuable material for the future historian of Catholicity in Northern Ohio.\*

\*See *Catholic Miscellanea*, in last section of this volume.

In connection with Archbishop Purcell's biography it becomes our duty to make mention of the clouded ending of an otherwise brilliant career, a singularly pure and unselfish life spent for God and His Church. We refer to his financial disaster, of which Dr. J. Gilmary Shea, in his recent work, "*The Hierarchy of the Catholic Church in the United States*," pages 107 and 108, writes as follows:

"Early in 1879 financial affairs which had been managed by the Very Rev. Edward Purcell, ended in bankruptcy. How it all came about must ever remain a mystery. The venerable Archbishop, as ignorant as a child of the system and its extent, at once came forward and assumed the whole responsibility of his brother's operations. This only complicated matters and raised a host of legal questions as to his ability, in character of trustee for the Catholic church in his diocese, to assume an individual indebtedness contracted by another; and if he could, it became necessary to decide what property became liable for it—that owned by the diocese, or the property of every Catholic church and institution in the diocese. If the debt became a just charge on the whole diocese and all its churches and institutions, it was a debt on every Catholic, which he was bound in conscience to pay. This extreme view no theologian or canonist was found to take.

"The debts were at first supposed not to exceed a quarter of a million dollars, and attempts were made to meet or reduce it materially by subscriptions; but when it was found that the indebtedness reached nearly four millions of dollars, the attempt was abandoned as hopeless. The Very Rev. Edward Purcell died broken-hearted. The Archbishop made an assignment of all property in his name, and long litigations began. The courts ultimately decided that the congregations were not liable except for moneys actually advanced to them."

In May, 1880, Archbishop Purcell retired to Brown county, near the Ursuline Convent, where he lingered in illness, brought on in the early part of 1881 by a paralytic stroke, till his death, July 4, 1883.

## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

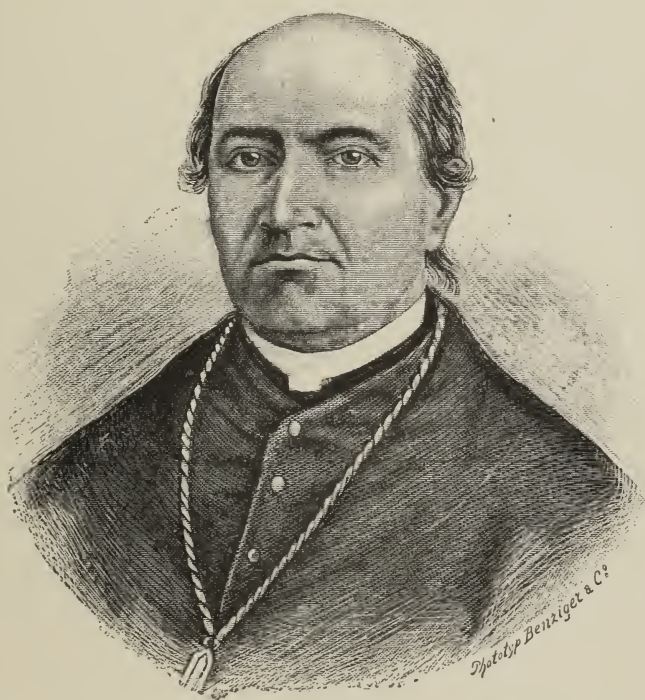
—OF THE—

RIGHT REV. AMADEUS RAPPE, D. D., FIRST BISHOP  
OF CLEVELAND.

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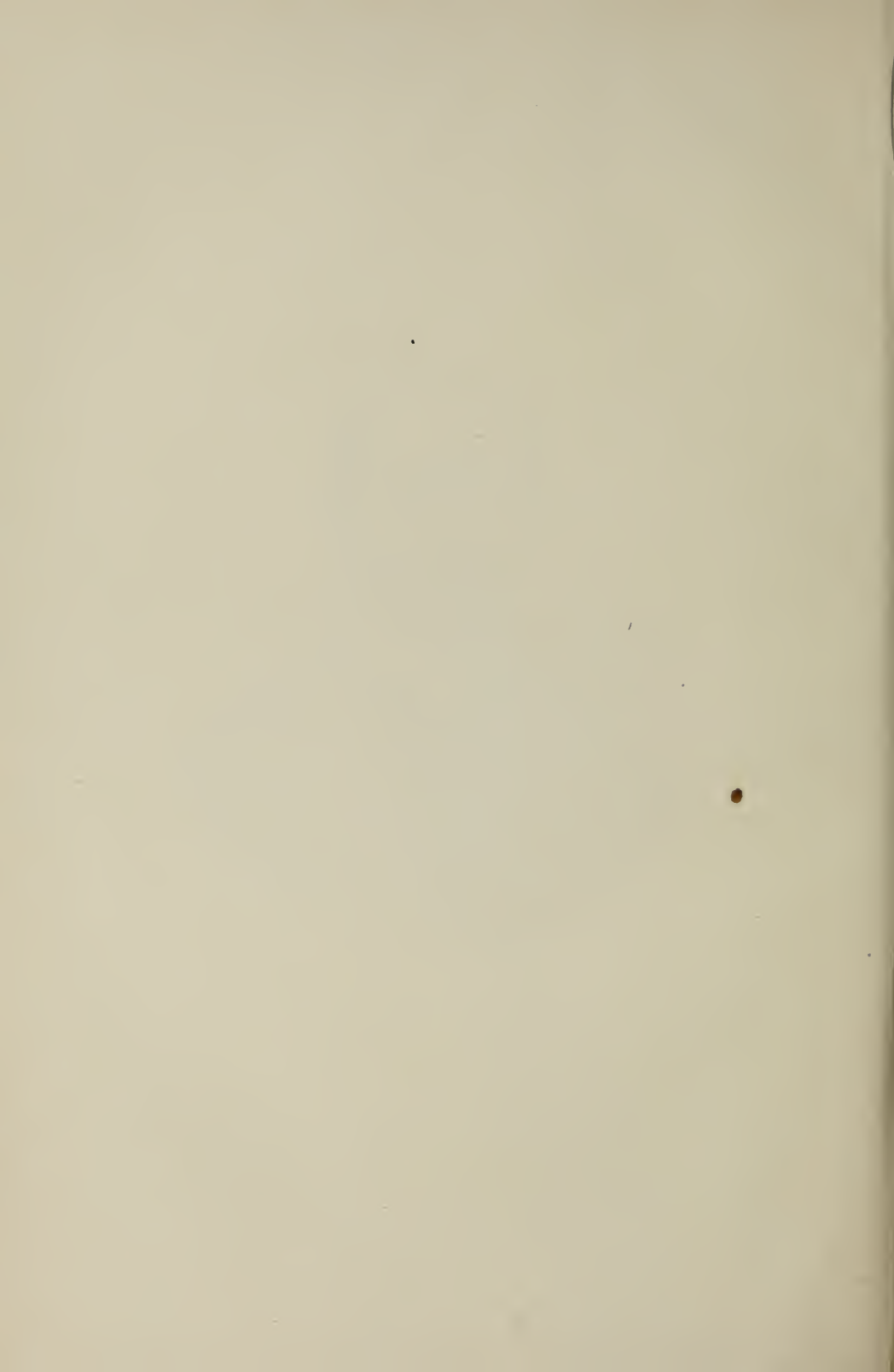
OCTOBER, 1847—AUGUST, 1870.

Louis Amadeus Rappe, first bishop of Cleveland, was born February 2, 1801, at Andrehem, department of Pas-de-Calais, France. He was the youngest of fourteen children. His parents, Eloi Rappe and Marie Anne Rappe, *nee* Noel, were of the peasantry and truly virtuous people. Until his twentieth year young Amadeus was obliged to assist his aged father in cultivating his fields, and hence his early literary training must necessarily have been defective. What his youthful aspirations were, as to what pursuit in life to follow, is not known. On one occasion, however, as he himself related, his mother remarked that up to that time there had always been a priest in the family, and that she lamented to see that now none of her many sons aspired to the dignity of the priesthood. Young Amadeus took these remarks to heart, and on due reflection believed himself called to enter the ecclesiastical state. At the age of twenty he started for the college at Boulogne, then under the direction of the celebrated Abbe Haffringue. After completing his collegiate course he entered the seminary of Arras, and on March 14, 1829, was ordained priest by Cardinal Latour d'Auvergne. His first charge was a country parish in the village of Wizme, whence he also attended a neighboring mission church. About five years after his ordination the chaplain of the Ursuline community at Boulogne-sur-Mer died, and the Sisters, knowing the



RT. REV. A. RAPPE, D. D.





sterling worth, indomitable zeal, and great prudence of Father Rappe, were desirous of having him appointed their chaplain and spiritual director. Mother Ursula, the superioress of the community, petitioned the Cardinal to this effect, and her request was granted. Father Rappe remained chaplain to the Ursuline of Boulogne from January, 1834, till September, 1840. During this time he read with intense interest the "Annals of the Propagation of the Faith," which excited in him an ardent desire to devote himself to the American missions. In 1839 Bishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, passed through London on his way from America to Europe, and whilst in the city he was requested by the parents of three young English ladies to take them under his protection as far as the Ursuline Convent at Boulogne. There he met the zealous chaplain of the community, and future missionary, Father Rappe, to whom he made known the spiritual destitution of his large diocese. Rev. Amadeus Rappe then offered to go with him to America. This he did, however, with great diffidence, owing to his age, thirty-nine, which he felt would be no small hindrance in adapting himself to the life of a missionary in a strange land. Another great obstacle for him was his entire lack of knowledge of the English language. But he would allow none of these obstacles to hinder him from entering upon the toilsome and self-sacrificing life of a missionary. After receiving the necessary permission from his Ordinary to leave his diocese, and bidding farewell to his charge, which deeply regretted to lose him, who was to them a wise counselor and prudent director, he set sail for America, arriving at Cincinnati towards the end of 1840. He was immediately sent by Bishop Purcell to Chillicothe in order to learn English. Mr. Marshall Anderson, a convert and most estimable gentleman, was his teacher. But Father Rappe found it very difficult to master even the rudiments of the language; in a few months, however, he was able to speak it sufficiently well to make himself understood, though his pronunciation was, and always remained, defective. About 1840 the present flourishing city of Toledo was founded. Catholics there were very few in number and had neither church nor priest; Tiffin was the

nearest place whence sick calls were attended. The Miami and Erie canal was being built about that time, and there came quite a large influx of Catholic laborers, who settled along the line of the canal, and the Maumee river. There was much sickness then, the dread "Maumee fever" undermining the strongest constitution, and hurrying many of its victims to an early grave. There was also much intemperance among the laborers, who spent their hard earned money for drink and allowed their families to want. To this uncultivated and uninviting field of labor Father Rappè was sent about six months after his arrival at Cincinnati. His "parish limits" extended from Toledo to the Indiana state line and as far south as Allen county. From the summer of 1841 till the spring of 1846 his labors, privations and difficulties of all kinds were indeed trying; he never lost courage, but full of missionary zeal and self-sacrifice he labored faithfully among his people. It was here that he first saw the terrible effects of intemperance, which so filled him with a horror of this vice that he fought it then and during the remainder of his life by word and example. Thousands bless his memory for the energetic measures he took in rescuing them from a drunkard's grave. For five years, 1841-46, Father Rappe was alone in this section of the state, but his work grew beyond his strength, and hence Bishop Purcell sent him a co-laborer in the person of Father Louis de Goesbriand, present Bishop of Burlington, Vermont, who arrived at Toledo in January, 1846. At that time Toledo and the surrounding country, even as far west as the state line, were full of malaria of the most malignant type. Bishop de Goesbriand, in his reminiscences of Bishop Rappe's missionary life, says: "At certain seasons it was impossible to meet a healthy-looking person, and frequently entire families were sick and unable to help one another. Apart from the terrible malarial fever we were occasionally visited by such epidemics as erysipelas, and towards the end of 1847 we saw ship-fever-stricken emigrants landing on the docks, to die among strangers a few hours after arrival." After the Miami and Erie canal was finished many of the laborers left with their families to seek homes in

a more healthy climate. As the majority of these were Catholics, Father Rappe's missions were greatly weakened. Very few Catholic families remained between Toledo and Defiance. Mass was, however, said each Sunday in Toledo and frequently at Maumee City, and on week days at Providence, Defiance, Poplar Ridge, and occasionally at Fremont and La Prairie. The roads were often almost impassable, but Father Rappe and his faithful companion found neither bad roads nor the inclemency of the weather a sufficient obstacle to prevent them from visiting each of their scattered missions at the time appointed. In his intercourse with his people Father Rappe was most affable, and he knew well how to win their respect and confidence. He was acquainted with every family, and knew every member of each family. He had a special gift to teach catechism, and would spend weeks in a settlement preparing a few children for the reception of the sacraments. During this time of preparation he would instruct the children for hours each day, and always managed to rivet their attention. He was ever watchful of the spiritual welfare of the adult portion of his flock, urging them to frequent confession and a regular attendance at Mass.

To assist him in instructing the children at Toledo he secured several Sisters of Notre Dame from Cincinnati. They were of the band of *Religieuses* that had come with him from Namur, France, in 1840, and established a branch of their community in Cincinnati. He secured a house near the present site of St. Francis de Sales' church, Toledo, which was fitted up as a convent and select school for the little band of Sisters that shared with him the trials and hardships of missionary life. They remained at Toledo from 1846 to 1848, when owing to lack of support they were recalled to Cincinnati.

Bishop Purcell finding the labor of properly attending to his vast diocese, comprising the state of Ohio, too much for him, petitioned the Holy See for a division of his jurisdiction. Cleveland was considered as the most fit city in the northern part of the state for an Episcopal See, and hence was so designated, and Father Rappe, the zealous "missionary of the

Maumee," chosen as the first bishop of this new diocese. Although the Papal Bulls to this effect were issued April 23, 1847, they did not reach Cincinnati till the following August. The fact of their arrival was published in the *Catholic Telegraph*, September 2, 1847, as follows :

"The Bulls for the consecration of Rt. Rev. Mr. Rappe for the new See of Cleveland have arrived. We very sincerely congratulate the clergy and congregations in the northern part of Ohio on this appointment ; if zeal for the glory of God, and utter disregard of self, a blameless life, and fervent piety can qualify a man for the episcopacy, we know no one more likely to see his hopes realized than the Bishop-elect of Cleveland. This is his character amongst those who know him."

Father Rappe was consecrated at Cincinnati, October 10, 1847, by Bishop Purcell, assisted by Bishop Whelan, of Wheeling, Virginia. Two days after his consecration, and just before starting for Cleveland, he published his first pastoral letter, which is given here in full, as of interest. It portrays clearly the apostolic zeal and devotedness to the cause of God on the part of Bishop Rappe :

### AMADEUS,

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BY THE GRACE OF GOD AND APPOINTMENT OF THE APOSTOLIC SEE BISHOP OF CLEVELAND.

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*To the Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of Cleveland :*

*Grace Unto You, and Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ :*

VENERABLE BRETHREN OF THE CLERGY AND BELOVED  
BRETHREN OF THE LAITY !

Overwhelmed by the labors and solicitude which his extensive diocese required, and full of zeal for the welfare of the flock which he has governed with unsurpassed wisdom and success, the Rt. Rev. John Baptist, Bishop of Cincinnati,



humbly supplicated the late Provincial Council to establish another episcopal see in the northern part of the state of Ohio. This request was granted, and the city of Cleveland has been chosen to be the see of the new diocese. The Roman Court has approved and sanctioned these proceedings, and His Holiness, Pius IX, at the request of the Council, has elevated me to the Episcopacy. Had I consulted my fears, I would have immediately declined accepting a station so encompassed with difficulties, but yielding to the voice of authority, and thereby made strong by the favor of the Almighty, I consented to forego my weakness and inability, to rely solely on Him who can strengthen the weak, and prepare them for the labor. "Go, and teach all nations: behold I am with you all days until the consummation of the world." That divine mission given by Jesus Christ to His Apostles, has been confided to me by their successors and the Apostolic See. Invested with this sacred power, and comforted by the grace of the episcopal office, I feel encouraged to work for the glory of our common Master and the welfare of our immortal souls.

It is indeed consoling, venerable brethren of the clergy, that in discharging the functions of a ministry so sublime and perilous, I will be seconded by your devotion, your talents, your virtues, and your experience. For several years I have fought in your ranks, shared your toils, admired your zeal, and witnessed with joy the success that crowned your efforts. It was then one of my greatest pleasures, whilst associated with you in the ministry, to call you friends, and now, placed at your head, as the first sentinel of the camp of Israel, I desire more than ever to be regarded as your friend and father, rather than your superior. My happiness will be henceforth to have part in your labors, to direct your efforts, to alleviate your cares, and to console your sorrows. Our number is small, but let us pray to the Lord to send more laborers into His vineyard, and whilst waiting with patience His answer to our supplications, let our union, our piety, our prudence and zeal make amends for the deficiency. In the daily morning meditations we will find a divine fire which illumines and

vivifies; the reading of the Holy Scriptures will furnish us with arms against our enemies, and be our comfort in tribulation. The works of the Fathers and the acts of the Councils, but particularly of the Councils of Baltimore, which are so appropriate to the circumstances and wants of our mission, will be a pure source from which we can draw sound doctrine and wisdom to direct us in the various exigencies of our ministry.

Your spiritual necessities, beloved brethren of the laity, are not unknown to us; we wish to be intimately acquainted with your desires for the advancement of religion, and although we may be unable to provide resident pastors for every congregation, we will endeavor to console you in their absence by frequent visits, and by sending you, from time to time, faithful missionaries who will speak your language, and animate your piety.

We sigh for the day when we will be able to appear amongst you, to bless you, to instruct you, and to be edified by your devotion. Many a time have we been moved by the constancy of your faith and the beauty of your example. What a consolation for a pastor to be surrounded by a faithful flock, anxious to diffuse on all sides the sweetness of the doctrines of Jesus Christ. Those truly Catholic souls are His glory, and they give a powerful energy to His words. They are so many apostles before whose integrity and piety the demon of prejudice is passing away. The times are propitious! The eminent virtues of our prelates and clergy, their eloquence in the pulpit, their polemical works, so marked by ability and clearness, the numerous conversions, both at home and abroad, conversions in which the finger of God is so visible, since they cannot with reason be attributed to any worldly motive—all these circumstances directed by Divine Providence for the triumph of truth seem to have mitigated the violence of our dissenting brethren, and prepared the minds of the more learned portion of the community to examine and appreciate the divine excellence of our holy religion. It is for you, beloved brethren of the laity, to encourage this disposition to a sounder system. If the

eloquence of an upright life does not convert our opponents, at least it silences the hostility of the unwise and imprudent. It is thus that we can most efficaciously contribute to the propagation of that faith which has conquered the world. Console, beloved brethren of the laity, and help your pastors by the sanctity of your lives. Have but one mind, no matter what may be your nation, your language, your position in society. You are all the children of the same Father, the members of Jesus Christ, destined for the same inheritance. In order that you might preserve this sweet union of mind and heart, come often to the sacred table, to feed on the bread of life, to be strengthened by the God of charity. He will remind you that He loved you even to the shedding of His Blood, and therefore has the right to command that you love one another. Unite together every night in family worship, and the Lord will be amongst you. Observe punctually the Lord's day, and the laws of the Church and of the State, and educate your children in the fear and love of God. Do all in your power to provide for their instruction, orthodox and pious teachers. We beseech you also, beloved brethren, by the mercy of Jesus Christ, to live soberly. Drunkenness, and the debaucheries which attend it, degrade man, disgrace the faith, and precipitate many into endless misfortunes.

As for us, venerable fellow-laborers, we will all endeavor to be the models of the faithful in conversation, in charity, in faith, in chastity. Our mission is a glorious one, and our reward will be equally glorious if we live according to our sublime vocation.

† AMADEUS,

Bishop of Cleveland.

Given at Cincinnati, October 12, 1847.

Within a week after his consecration Bishop Rappe took possession of his diocese, comprising all that portion of Ohio lying north of the southern limits of Columbiana, Stark, Wayne, Crawford, Wyandot, Hancock, Allen and Van Wert counties, and containing forty-three churches, attended by twenty priests. There was then but one church in Cleveland,

St. Mary's on the "Flats," which served as his cathedral, and but one priest, the Rev. M. Howard. Shortly after Father Howard was sent to Tiffin. Father de Goesbriand was appointed his successor and Vicar-General January, 1848. St. Mary's congregation was composed of English and German speaking Catholics, who had far outgrown their church when Bishop Rappe came to Cleveland. He succeeded in getting a German priest, and was thus enabled to give separate services to the German portion of the congregation, thus tiding over the necessity of building another church at that time. For several months the Bishop resided in a rented house, south of the public square; but in 1848 he bought a house on Bond street, which he made his episcopal residence. To supply the wants of the growing Catholic population, a frame building, 30x60, was erected on one of the lots on Superior street, some distance east of Erie, which Rev. Peter McLaughlin had bought in 1845 for church purposes. This frame building served for several years as a temporary church, and as a parochial school (the first in the city), folding doors closing the sanctuary during school hours. Meanwhile, Bishop Rappe had plans drawn and specifications made for a cathedral, to be erected at the northeast corner of Superior and Erie streets. Mr. Kiely, of Brooklyn, was the architect. The corner-stone was laid in the autumn of 1848, the Administrator of the diocese of Detroit, Mgr. Lefevre, preaching on the occasion. The cathedral was consecrated November 7, 1852.

In 1849 the Bishop went to Europe for the purpose of securing priests for his diocese, and members of religious communities for schools and charitable institutions. He returned in August, 1850, bringing four priests, five seminarists, and six Ursuline nuns. Two years previous he opened a seminary back of the episcopal residence on Bond street, with the saintly Father A. Caron as its first superior. Thither the seminarists, just arrived from France, were sent, some to complete their studies, and one or two to be ordained shortly.

During the Bishop's absence, Judge Cowles' mansion on Euclid avenue was bought for the Ursuline Sisters. It is the



present Mother-House of that community. The Sisters took possession of their home and almost immediately opened a select school and academy. In 1851 St. Mary's Orphan Asylum for girls was opened on Harmon street, and in 1853 St. Vincent's Asylum for boys; the former under the charge of the Ladies of the Sacred Heart of Mary, the latter under the charge of the Sisters of Charity of St. Augustine, a community founded by Bishop Rappe. Thus the most pressing wants of the diocese were supplied, and the Bishop now directed his attention to details of diocesan work, visiting every church and station at frequent intervals, giving missions, administering confirmation and preaching. Though constantly at work, either at home in his cathedral, or out in the diocese, he never showed signs of fatigue. Never satisfied with what he had already accomplished, he was always anxious to do still more for the glory of God and the good of religion. He was specially solicitous for Catholic schools, and where it was within the range of possibility, priests were obliged to establish such in their respective parishes. He also established institutions in which charity in various form might be dispensed, and to this end introduced the following female religious communities into the diocese, besides those already mentioned, viz.: the Grey Nuns (*Sœur-Grises*) of Montreal, 1855; the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, 1869, and the Little Sisters of the Poor, 1870. He also welcomed to the diocese the Franciscans in 1867, giving them charge of St. Joseph's Congregation, Cleveland, and two years later the Jesuits, to whom he entrusted St. Mary's Congregation, Toledo.

Previous to 1863 Cleveland had no hospital. During the civil war, then at its height of bloody carnage, many sick and wounded soldiers were sent to Cleveland for medical treatment, but no provision had been made to receive them and care for them. It was then that the city realized the necessity of a hospital, which Bishop Rappe would long before have built had he had the means. He now saw a near realization of his long-cherished plan. He offered to build a hospital and provide efficient nurses, on condition the public would come to his assistance. This offer was gladly



accepted and two years later (1865) Charity Hospital, costing about \$75,000, was opened to the public, and placed in charge of the Sisters of Charity. In every good work Bishop Rappe was in the front ranks, never shirking his part, never refusing his aid or countenance. Though perhaps meeting with disappointment, or receiving insult for his pains, he never halted, but courageously went on in his work. He knew no such word as "fail."

Time, incessant labor, and mental worriment caused by opposition, began to tell on him. His sight also began to fail him. He lost the use of his right eye and was in danger of losing his sight entirely. In 1869 he attended the Vatican Council. Opposition and strife still growing, he felt it to be to the best interests of religion to resign the burden of the episcopacy he had so long and patiently borne. His resignation as Bishop of Cleveland, tendered August 22, 1870, was accepted by the Holy See.

In this connection, and in justice to the memory of Bishop Rappe, we place on record the following extract from a letter sent by Cardinal Simeoni (Prefect of the Propaganda) to the Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilmour, May 8, 1885:

"\* \* *in illa miserrima conspiratione contra episcopum Clevelandensem, predecessorem Amplitudinis Tue, in qua ille sanctus et apostolicus senex falso, \* \* accusabatur.*"

Five years after Bishop Rappe resigned, the Holy See offered him another diocese, as appears from the following letter addressed to Bishop Gilmour by the Rt. Rev. Bishop de Goesbriand:

"BURLINGTON, VT., 21st December, 1884.

*Rt. Rev. R. Gilmour, Bishop of Cleveland.*

RT. REV., DEAR SIR:

"After consulting my records I find that Mgr. Roncetti, Ablegate of the Holy Father, arrived at Burlington, from Portland, in company of Father Ubaldo Ubaldi, Very Rev. Father Quinn and Rev. Father O'Farrell, of New York, on Saturday evening, July 24th, 1875. The object of his visit

was to see Rt. Rev. A. Rappe, whom he thought to be living in Burlington, but who was living at St. Albans with Father Druon.

"The Ablegate expressed himself disappointed in not meeting him. I remember distinctly that after enquiring concerning Bishop Rappe, he opened in my presence, and read with much attention, a letter of Cardinal Franchi to himself, and said to me that he had been commanded to see Rt. Rev. A. Rappe and authorized to offer him another diocese. The Ablegate left Burlington the next day and did not see Bishop Rappe. Whether or not he wrote to him I cannot tell, but it was certainly intended to speak to him of another see, for I remarked to Mgr. Roncetti, that the charge of a diocese would be too much for Bishop Rappe, who at that date must have been 74 years of age.

What I have here written I am ready to swear to.

† LOUIS,

Bishop of Burlington, Vt."

Dr. John Gilmary Shea in his recent work, *The Catholic Hierarchy in the United States*, (page 206), referring to the resignation of Bishop Rappe says :

"Bishop Rappe had built up the diocese and might have been expected in his declining years to enjoy a happy old age amid the clergy and people whom he had guided as a faithful pastor for twenty [twenty-three] years, but this was not to be. An ungrateful opposition sprung up, calumny assailed even the venerable bishop, who with a broken heart resigned his see on the 22d of August, 1870, and retired to the diocese of his good friend Bishop de Goesbriand, of Burlington."

When Bishop Rappe came to Cleveland in 1847 he found a sparsely settled diocese awaiting organization at his hands. He left it flourishing, well provided with priests, churches, schools and religious institutions. The episcopal city in 1847 had but one small church ; in 1870 there were eleven, with as many, and mostly large, congregations.

Immediately after his resignation he retired to St. Albans, Vermont, making his home with Very Rev. Father Druon, V. G., until his saintly death, at St. Albans, September 8, 1877. He was incessantly engaged in his former and favorite work of giving missions and catechising the young throughout the diocese of Burlington, and often in the city and diocese of Montreal. The last mission he gave was at Grand Isle, near St. Albans. Although seriously ailing of what proved to be his last and fatal illness, he closed the mission exercises, after one week of intense pain and suffering, September 4, 1877. On the same day he left for Milton, 12 miles from St. Albans. At this place he grew dangerously worse, so that the pastor at Milton telegraphed Father Druon and Bishop de Goesbriand, both of whom came at once in response to the telegram. But few words passed between the sick Bishop and his visiting friends, when it was discovered that the strong mind of good Bishop Rappe had weakened before his fast approaching end. When Father Druon urged him to go home with him; that he was too ill to remain, Bishop Rappe replied: "*No; I have a grand mission to perform. I have a mission to accomplish in Cleveland and must go there at once by way of Buffalo.*"

After considerable urging, Bishop de Goesbriand and Father Druon succeeded in getting Bishop Rappe to leave for St. Albans. He was placed in bed, remaining delirious till death, at half-past nine P. M., September 8, 1877. The last words he breathed were: "*I have prayed for my friends; I have prayed for my enemies; now may God bless them all!*" Words of apostolic benediction; an echo of the Last Words on Calvary!

His remains were brought to Cleveland—to the city he loved so well. On arrival Thursday evening, September 13th, they were met by an immense concourse of people, Catholic and Protestant, all vying to do honor to the dead Bishop whom in life they loved and venerated. By torchlight the immense funeral cortege passed from the Union Depot to the cathedral, where, on a magnificent catafalque, Bishop Rappe's mortal remains were placed in state for the night. Next day

a pontifical requiem Mass was celebrated by Bishop Dwenger, of Ft. Wayne. Bishop Ryan, of Buffalo, preached the panegyric, pronouncing a beautiful tribute to the memory of the sainted dead. The remains of Bishop Rappe were then enclosed in a vault beneath the cathedral he had built, and beneath the altar at which for eighteen years he had offered up the divine sacrifice.

Tuesday, October 16, the Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilmour preached in the cathedral at the "Month's Mind" of Bishop Rappe. From his sermon on that occasion, we quote the following passage: "Bishop Rappe came as a missionary, he abided as a missionary, he persevered as a missionary. The same brave old missionary Bishop! Seeking his people far and wide; preaching incessantly to them from the pulpit, day after day and year after year; patiently awaiting them in the confessional; by the bed of the dying, consoling and exhorting, or by the side of youth, guiding and protecting, encouraging or chiding, he was ever the same—the indefatigable Bishop, who knew no self, only God and the things of God. Preaching retreats, erecting temples, founding convents, giving instructions in his universal character of missionary, he died as he had lived—a true soldier of Christ, a man of God. It is the most beautiful episode, perhaps, in the Catholic annals of the United States. His last public act was to celebrate Mass and ask the prayers of the people for the grace of a happy death; his last words were an invocation of charity. It was meet that he should have been brought here to repose under the altar that he built; it was right that he should have come among his own for their prayers—those to whom he had given a life's earnest labors. It was fitting that his virtues and his memory should be placed before the people whom he so loved, for whom he had so labored."

Few men on the missions of America ever excelled Bishop Rappe in the line of his work. Untiring in zeal, patient in hardship, generous, unselfish, no labor seemed to weary or exhaust. Tall and wiry, quick and elastic in motion, good his aim, suffering and sorrow the objects of his charity, he lived for religion and his kind. Ill-versed in English, because

learned late in life, defective in early education, yet by nature's gifts and his own energy of character, he ranked as an orator of more than ordinary powers. His wont was to preach thrice every Sunday—frequently four and five times—always to a different audience, and often in churches miles distant from each other. He was great as a missionary rather than as a bishop, and excelled as a pioneer who explored and outlined, leaving to others to shape and consolidate. A lover of his native land, he gave not only his allegiance but his most ardent support to his adopted country. A true patriot, a Christian man, tolerant of dissent, conceding to others what he asked for himself—religious and civil liberty—he died, at the ripe old age of seventy-six, thirty years of which he had spent as priest and bishop on the missions of Ohio. He died amid the tears of his people, and the respect of his fellow-citizens, with the well-merited reputation of a life spent for God and the good of his fellowmen.







RT. REV. R. GILMOUR, D. D.

## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

—OF THE—

RIGHT REV. RICHARD GILMOUR, SECOND AND  
PRESENT BISHOP OF CLEVELAND,  
SINCE APRIL, 1872.

Richard Gilmour was the only child of John and Marion Gilmour. He was born in the city of Glasgow, Scotland, September 28, 1824. His parents were in comfortable circumstances and strict Scotch covenanters. In 1829, when Richard was in his fifth year, they emigrated to Nova Scotia, but a few years later moved to Pennsylvania and settled on a farm near Latrobe, where their son attended the district schools. Not satisfied with the training there received he made every effort to improve his mind by home reading. His love for books was fostered by his parents, who gave him every facility in this regard their means afforded. With his studious habits and retentive memory he soon acquired a knowledge of general literature, history and mathematics much beyond that of boys of his age. He also gained considerable proficiency in music, which in later years came him in good stead, and was indirectly the means that brought him into the Catholic Church. After completing the branches taught in the common schools his parents sent him to Philadelphia, there to attend the more advanced schools. At this time he was in his eighteenth year and till then had never met with or spoken to a Catholic priest. The Rev. Patrick Rafferty was then stationed at Philadelphia as pastor of St. Francis' Church, (Fairmount,) located near the school which young Richard attended. In this church was a pipe organ on which Father Rafferty kindly allowed him to practice

during the week. Father Rafferty's earnest and withal kindly ways won the heart of Richard so much that his inbred prejudice against the Catholic clergy yielded sufficiently to permit him to entertain a sincere esteem for this the first priest he ever met. This esteem soon ripened into the closer relation of friendship. Occasionally he attended the Sunday services held by Father Rafferty, whose sermons struck him as clear, pointed and instructive. Richard, naturally of an inquiring mind, began of his own accord to direct his attention to the study of Catholic doctrine, which for him had been thus far a sealed book. All his reading was now turned in that direction. Finally, convinced in his own mind he could no longer concientiously profess and believe as he had been trained in his childhood, he went to Father Rafferty for further instructions. Two years after he made the acquaintance of this priest, and after calmly reflecting on the important step, he was received into the Church by his friend Father Rafferty. His parents were indeed much surprised at this, but they had the good sense not to interfere with what the son honestly believed in this important matter to be his duty. In fact, they followed his example; first his mother and some years after her his father.

Richard was now in his twentieth year, and felt he must choose his role in the drama of life. After calm reflection, aided by the advice of his spiritual guide, Father Rafferty, he resolved to enter the priesthood. To fit himself for this important step, he entered Mount St. Mary's college and seminary, Emmitsburg, Md., September, 1846, where by his ecclesiastical spirit, earnestness of purpose and diligence in study he soon won the esteem of his superiors and respect of his fellow-students. As an evidence of the confidence reposed in him, he was appointed prefect of the collegians and professor of the higher mathematics within one year after entering Mount St. Mary's. These positions he held till the end of the seminary course. Owing to the fact that he was far advanced in his studies before entering college he completed the collegiate course two years later (1848), when he received the degree of master of arts. At the completion of the theological

course he was received by Archbishop Purcell for the diocese of Cincinnati, and was ordained priest by him in the cathedral of that city, August 30, 1852. His first field of missionary labor, to which he was sent in September of the same year, embraced Portsmouth, as his place of residence, Ironton and Gallipolis, besides a number of missions and stations in the neighborhood and in northeastern Kentucky and West Virginia. In all these places he labored with zeal, but not without encountering many hardships and difficulties of the most trying kind. His was the lot of the pioneer missionary, borne with patience, but crowned with success. In April, 1857, he was appointed successor to Rev. James F. Wood (the late Archbishop of Philadelphia), as pastor of St. Patrick's church, Cincinnati. Here his administrative qualities and pastoral zeal had full sway, and well did he come up to the expectations of Archbishop Purcell. During his pastorate St. Patrick's grew and flourished; under his direction a fine school building was erected, the parochial school system was brought to a high degree of perfection, and all else pertaining to the spiritual and temporal welfare of his charge was done, with most gratifying results.

Feeling the need of some respite from the incessant strain in connection with pastoral work, done without cessation since his ordination, and desirous of devoting some time to literary pursuits, so congenial to his taste, he asked for and obtained a professorship in Mt. St. Mary's seminary, Cincinnati. But his valuable services as a pastor were not long to be dispensed with, as he remained at the seminary only a little more than a year—April, 1868, to July, 1869. He was called to fill a vacancy in the important and at the same time disturbed parish, of St. Joseph's, Dayton. His prudent management and business tact soon brought things to rights in this new field of labor, so that in 1872, when he was called to the high and responsible position he now holds, St. Joseph's congregation, Dayton, was left by him in a most prosperous condition.

The diocese of Cleveland was without a bishop since August, 1870. Factions had done disastrous work, and the diocese had become a by-word throughout the country. Whom to appoint



under these difficult circumstances as successor to good Bishop Rappe, who had been made the victim of faction and discord—a man loved by his people and universally respected by those not of his fold—was a question not so easily answered. Finally, after much deliberation, Rome decided to appoint from the several candidates presented by the Bishops of the province of Cincinnati, the Rev. Richard Gilmour, as the one best fitted for this most difficult position. Father Gilmour well knew what was asked of him when made acquainted with his appointment. But trusting in God, and not shirking from duty where and when duty called, he obeyed the call and accepted the burden. He was consecrated Bishop of Cleveland by Archbishop Purcell in the cathedral at Cincinnati, April 14, 1872. A few days later he took possession of his cathedral church at Cleveland, thus relieving Very Rev. E. Hannin, who had filled the office of Administrator of the diocese since August, 1870. Cares, difficulties and trials were again his lot, but in a greater degree and of graver form than when first he became a priest. Within his sphere of office he had contentions to meet and opposition to encounter that taxed all his prudence and energy. From without he was considered with disfavor by the non-Catholic friends of the revered Bishop Rappe. This disfavor was intensified when Bishop Gilmour published his first pastoral letter, March 1873, in which he fearlessly discussed and defended the citizen rights of Catholics, who had till then been looked upon as “hewers of wood and drawers of water,” and seemingly took that position, rather than that of equals of their non-Catholic fellow citizens. In the same letter he also explained and defended the parochial school system and insisted on its acceptance by his people, many of whom had thus far opposed it. For these bold and fearless utterances of views he was fiercely attacked by the local press and pulpit, as well as by the press at large. But in spite of assault, calumny and misrepresentation he pursued the path of duty as he saw it and forced the public to acknowledge at least that he cared not for public opinion, if it ran counter to what he considered himself bound to do and say.

Meanwhile the strain of incessant work and care told on his constitution. June 24, 1874, while attending the commencement exercises at St. Mary's academy, Notre Dame, Ind., he fell seriously ill of nervous prostration. For two years he was unable to attend to the affairs of his diocese and for months was at the brink of death. His physicians ordered him to take absolute rest, and directed he should go to southern France for his health, which he did. June 1, 1876, he returned to Cleveland, to the great joy of his people, who received him with an ovation of welcome. Though not fully restored to health he resumed his episcopal duties by degrees and gradually regained his former strength and vigor. In 1877 he began to systematize the business affairs of his diocese; had all the deeds of church property indexed and plats made of every parcel of church land; blank forms and registers covering all the details of diocesan and parochial affairs were introduced, so that within a few years the diocese of Cleveland took front rank with the best regulated dioceses of the country for its thorough system and order.

His jurisdiction embraces the whole of Northern Ohio, viz.: all the territory north of the southern limits of the counties of Columbiana, Stark, Wayne, Richland, Crawford, Wyandot, Allen and Van Wert, thirty-six counties in all. There are at present (Sept. 1, 1887,) 225 churches in the diocese, 187 priests, secular and regular, 126 parochial schools, 7 orphan asylums, besides a number of other charitable and religious institutions, all requiring and receiving his careful supervision. The clergy is a most zealous, hard working body of men, co-operating with the Bishop in all that pertains to the best interests of the diocese. The laity, numbering upwards of 200,000, is in harmony with Bishop and clergy, generously responding to every call made by faith or charity. All in all, Bishop Gilmour is at the head of a diocese second to none in the United States in point of organization and Catholic vigor and strength.

Above was remarked the disfavor in which Bishop Gilmour was held by the non-Catholic citizens of Cleveland for his public utterances. This has been thoroughly changed.

Till 1881 he never had an opportunity offered him of addressing his fellow citizens as such. His first appearance in public as a citizen was on the occasion of the Garfield meeting held in Monumental square, July 4, 1881, when the citizens of Cleveland assembled to give expression of sympathy with the assassinated President, then at the point of death. To most of that vast audience the Bishop was a stranger. After his speech, most eloquent and patriotic, Bishop Gilmour gained and ever since has held the esteem and respect of Cleveland's citizens. At the congress of churches, which held its sessions in Cleveland, O., May, 1886, he was invited to speak. The subject assigned him, "Religion in the Public Schools" was treated in a thoughtful and masterly manner, and he held his immense and varied audience spell-bound. The address was copied fully or in part by the leading journals of the country. Since 1881 he has been called upon repeatedly to speak in public, always receiving a most respectful hearing, even on the part of those who dissent from his views.

In the Church he also holds the position of a thoughtful and prudent prelate. In the late Provincial Council of Cincinnati, and Plenary Council of Baltimore, he took a prominent part in the deliberations. In the summer of 1885 he was delegated by the Archbishops of this country to go to Rome in the interest of the decrees of the Baltimore council, sent there for review and approval. He had been there three years previous on his official visit in connection with his administration of the diocese of Cleveland. He was, therefore, no stranger to the Roman authorities, who now, as then, received him most kindly. This mission, performed in connection with two other bishops who had preceded him to Rome, was most successful.

Bishop Gilmour has a national reputation as a defender and promoter of the Catholic parochial school system. Feeling the want of good readers for the schools under his jurisdiction, he compiled a series himself, known as the Catholic National Readers, six in all. They are in use throughout the United States, as is also the Bible History, published by him

when a parish priest. He has made it incumbent on the parishes of his diocese to have parochial schools when at all possible. March, 1887, he also published a code of rules and regulations governing these schools, one feature being the annual examination by a diocesan board of examiners of the teachers engaged therein, and an annual examination by district school boards composed of priests and laymen, of all pupils attending the parochial schools. It is his aim to make these schools at least equal to the public schools.

In 1876 he tested before the courts what he considered the unjust taxation of the parochial schools of this city. Although the supreme court of Ohio had decided the question in the celebrated Purcell-Gerke suit, that Catholic schools were not taxable, one of the Cuyahoga county auditors (Mr. Benedict,) regardless of this decision, placed the Catholic schools of this city on the tax duplicate. The Bishop entered suit of restraint, the common pleas, circuit and supreme courts deciding in his favor.

Recognizing the power and influence of the press, and desirous of giving the large and influential Catholic body of Northern Ohio a defender of Catholic thought and rights, to meet the almost daily assaults and insults heaped upon it by an antagonistic press, notably those of a local paper, fittingly characterized by the Hon. B. F. Wade, the Bishop established the *Catholic Universe*, July 4, 1874. Rev. T. P. Thorpe was its first editor. Mr. Manly Tello, the present editor, succeeded him in September, 1877, and both these gentlemen did, and the latter is still doing, excellent work in Catholic journalism.

Bishop Gilmour is a man of strong individuality, firm, bold, fearless. As a preacher and public speaker he impresses with his eloquence, calm thought and earnestness. As a writer he is pointed and wields a strong pen, even trenchant at times. His style is the simplest, terse in expression, clear as his speech. Tall, commanding in appearance, with a markedly intellectual countenance, he would be singled out in any assembly as a man of force and strength of character. Not quick to express his views, he seldom, if ever, recedes from them when once expressed. Strictly just and fair-minded

in his dealings, he resents keenly any injustice or deception. Kind and forbearing with weakness, he is just as ready to measure swords with insult or assault, within the limits of his official position. At first sight he impresses one as stern and reserved, but those who know him as he is, know his kindness of heart and generous impulses. As a conversationalist he has few superiors. With a fund of anecdote and quiet humor, and a retentive memory of his reading and travels, he is most entertaining in any circle. He is frugal in his habits, methodical and painstaking in his work. Few men in like position spend more hours at "desk work" than Bishop Gilmour. He governs his diocese as much with his pen as with the crosier. Thoroughly American in sentiment, he has, nevertheless, an impartial respect and a kindly feeling for all nationalities composing his flock.



## BIOGRAPHICAL NOTICES

—OF—

### PRIESTS OF THE SECULAR AND REGULAR CLERGY, FORMERLY ON THE MISSION IN NORTHERN OHIO, OR IN THE DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND :

BETWEEN 1817 AND SEPTEMBER 1, 1887.

1. ABBREDERIS, Rev. Rudolf, (Sanguinist,) was born at Rankweil, near Feldkirch, Austria, September, 18, 1850; came to United States in 1869; was educated by the Sanguinists in their seminary at Carthagena, Mercer Co., O.; ordained for them by Archbishop Purcell, August 15, 1873. He had the following charges in this diocese: Ottawa, August, 1878 to August, 1882; Big Springs, August, 1882 to November, 1885, when he left the Sanguinists and diocese.

2. ABEL, Rev. Anthony J., was born November 11, 1833, at Burgau, Bavaria; completed his studies for the priesthood at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, where he was ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 28, 1863. Monroeville was his first appointment, which he retained till October, 1864, when he was sent to Ottoville as first resident pastor. July, 1865, he was sent to Shelby Settlement, where he remained till 1867, when he left the diocese and went to Colorado. He is now stationed at Denver, Col.

3. ABOULIN, Rev. John, J. M., (Basilian,) was born at St. Alban-en-Montagne, diocese of Viviers, France, March 18, 1841; ordained for the Basilians at Annonay, France, by Bishop de Charbonnel, September 21, 1867. Was in this

diocese as professor at Louisville College from February, 1868 till September, 1870. Returned to Sandwich, Canada, and since 1870 has been doing pastoral duty there at Assumption Church.

4. **AHERN**, Rev. Joseph Loughlin, was born at Kunkancummer, County Cork, September 20, 1847. He made his studies for the ministry at All Hallows', Dublin, and St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. He was ordained for the diocese of Cleveland by Bishop Fitzgerald, July 4, 1875, and appointed pastor at Alliance, August, 1875. This charge he held till August, 1877, when he met with a serious accident by breaking one of his legs. He was taken to the Charity Hospital for treatment. In August, 1878, he resumed pastoral work as assistant to Rev. M. Healy, at St. Mary's, Tiffin, remaining till October of same year, when he was appointed assistant at St. Francis', Toledo. June, 1879, he resigned his position and, for the benefit of his shattered health, went on an indefinite leave of absence to Ireland and later (1881) to New Zealand, where he is now laboring on the mission.

5. **ALBRECHT**, Rev. J. M. (Sanguinist), born in Germany, January 6, 1800. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 4, 1849. From Thompson he attended Peru, Huron county in 1849; was assistant at Thompson till June, 1856, when he was sent to Liverpool; there he remained till May, 1859, when he left the Sanguinists and diocese and went to Minnesota, where he died in March, 1884.

6. **ALEMANY**, Most Rev. Joseph Sadoc, (Dominican), was born at Vich, in the province of Catalonia, 1814. He entered the Dominican Order in 1829, and was ordained at Viterbo, by Bishop Pianetto, in 1837. Soon after his ordination he was sent to Rome, where he was stationed at the church of Santa Maria Sopra Minerva till 1841, when he was sent to the American missions. He came to Ohio, and was stationed at Canton for a few months. He also attended Dungannon, and was the first priest to visit the Catholics at Mansfield. His next field of labor was at Memphis, Tenn., as successor to Father McAleer, in 1846. In the following year he was

elected Provincial of his Order in the United States. While at Rome in 1850, attending a General Chapter of the Dominican Order, he was consecrated Bishop of Monterey, Cal., June 13, 1850. Three years later he was appointed Archbishop of San Francisco, which office he resigned, November, 1884, and returned to Spain, where he now resides.

7. ALIG, Rev. L. M. (Redemptorist), was born at Pinen, Switzerland, November 1, 1805, and was ordained September 18, 1839. He attended St. Alphonse's congregation, Peru, Huron county, Ohio, with Father Tschenhens, from June, 1841, till November, 1843. Later he left the Redemptorists and was for many years pastor of St. Mary's Church, Washington City, where he died June 9, 1882.

8. ALLIMANN, Rev. John George (Dominican), a native of Germany, was ordained at Zanesville, Ohio, by Bishop Purcell, June 1, 1834. In 1836 he was resident pastor of St. John's, Canton, whence he also attended Louisville, where he built the first church.

9. ANDERSON, Rev. Henry, came from Ireland on a visit to his cousin, the Rev. E. Hannin, of St. Patrick's, Toledo, whose assistant he was for some months in 1868, and as such attended, for a while, the congregation of the Immaculate Conception, Toledo, just then organized.

10. ANTL, Rev. Francis Joseph, was born at Jesenec, Moravia, Austria, March 30, 1843; ordained at Bruenn, Austria, July 11, 1869; came to America in 1869; was in the diocese of Cleveland as pastor of St. Procop's, Cleveland, from May, 1882, till July, 1883. Then he went to the diocese of Chicago. He is at present stationed at Savannah, Ill.

11. AUGUSTINSKY, Rev. Cyril, (Franciscan), a Moravian, was born at Braunsburg, March 21, 1851. He studied for the ministry at Kremsier, Archdiocese of Olmuetz, and was ordained for the Franciscans, at St. Louis, Mo., by Bishop Ryan, July 25, 1877. He labored on the mission in Missouri and Nebraska till July, 1885, when he was sent by his superior to the Franciscan Monastery at Cleveland. Whilst here

he attended Independence. He left the Franciscan order, May, 1887, and by dispensation was affiliated with the diocese of Little Rock, where he is now stationed.

12. AUSTERMANN, V. Rev. Bernard, (Sanguinist), a native of Prussia, was born at Everswinkel, Westphalia, April 5, 1824; educated for the priesthood at Thompson, O., and there ordained for the Sanguinists by Bishop Rappe, June 13, 1856. From New Riegel he attended Fostoria and Crawfordsville, July, 1856 to February, 1857. He was then appointed pastor of Thompson, remaining till September, 1857. Since then he had various posts of duty assigned him in other dioceses where the Sanguinists have charge of congregations. He was also for some years their Provincial. He is now in the diocese of Nashville.

13. BADIN, V. Rev. Stephen Theodore, the first priest ordained in the United States; was a native of Orleans, France, where he was born July 27, 1768. He came to Baltimore, March 28, 1792, and was there ordained by Archbishop Carroll, May 25, 1793. For many years he labored on the mission in Kentucky and Ohio. He did pastoral duty at Canton, Canal Fulton, Cleveland, Fremont and Tiffin, between 1835 and 1837. He was a man of fine, cultivated mind, of great energy and indomitable zeal. He was Vicar General of the dioceses of Bardstown, Ky. and Cincinnati. Died in the latter city, April 19, 1853.

14. BALLY, Rev. William, was born in the city of Bonn, Prussia, May 4, 1831; educated at Bonn and Paris; came to Cleveland, December, 1856, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe for this diocese July 26, 1857. He was assistant at St. Peter's Cleveland, till November of same year when he received the pastorate of St. Nicholas' congregation, Berwick, Seneca county, remaining till July, 1861, when he left the diocese. October, 1861 he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's Church, Galena, Ill., which charge he still holds.

15. BARBIER, Rev. Charles, was born of Protestant parents at Strassburg, Alsace, in 1829. He entered the French artillery, and whilst serving his term became a

Catholic. He shortly after resolved to study for the priesthood. After leaving the army he made his preparatory studies at Strassburg. In 1862 Bishop Rappe, then in France, adopted him for the diocese of Cleveland, and ordained him towards the end of the same year. He was at the seminary for a few months as professor of philosophy, and had, besides, Independence as his first pastoral charge. From April to November, 1863, he had temporary charge of St. Louis' congregation, Louisville, during the absence, in Europe, of the pastor, Rev. L. Hoffer. He then had, successively, the following pastoral charges in this diocese: Poplar Ridge (now New Bavaria), 1863-65, where he began the erection of the church destroyed a few months ago by fire; first resident pastor of Six Mile Woods, 1865-67; Millersville, 1867-68; Avon, March, 1868, to September, 1871; Milan, 1871 to August, 1872; Youngstown, St. Joseph's, August, 1872 to April, 1873; first resident pastor of New Cleveland, April 1873 to March, 1874. His last charge was St. Joseph's, Fort Jennings, March, 1874 till his death, August 23, 1876.

16. BEGEL, Rev. John Joseph, was born in France, April 5, 1817, where also he was ordained December 18, 1841. He established the community known as the "Sisters of the Humility, B. V. M.," August, 1854. He came to America, July, 1864, and founded the present flourishing convent of same Sisters at New Bedford, Pa., by special agreement under the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Cleveland. Father Begel was an exemplary priest, and a man of profound and varied learning. He wrote a historical description of "The Way of the Cross," published in 1880. It is an admirable and interesting book, containing personal observations of his journey to Jerusalem and other places in Palestine, made some years previous. He died at New Bedford after an illness of about four years, January 23, 1884.

17. BEHRENS, Rev. Henry, was born at Duesseldorf, Prussia; ordained by Bishop Rappe, July 30, 1861; attended Avon, September, 1861 to March, 1862; was pastor of Findlay from 1862 to July, 1863, and during that time attended the



missions of Fostoria and Liberty. He was transferred to Six Mile Woods, 1863, where he remained but a few months after having begun the erection of a church. His next charge was Maumee, December, 1863-65. During the latter year he also attended Perrysburg as a mission. In the fall of 1865 he received charge of French Creek. His next appointment was Millersville (Greensburg), November, 1866, to August 1867. Then he was appointed pastor of Shelby Settlement, 1867. He remained here till 1869, when he left the diocese and returned to Europe, where he died a few years later.

18. BERANEK, Rev. George A. (Redemptorist), was born at Mistek, Olmuetz, Austria, April 23, 1806; ordained July 22, 1834; in the United States since June, 1843; had temporary charge of St. Wenceslas' congregation, Cleveland, from September, 1868, to February, 1869, as Bishop Rappe had no Bohemian priest during that time. Father Beranek is at present stationed at Baltimore, Md.

19. BERGER, Rev. August, was born in Germany in 1822; ordained by Bishop Rappe, November 19, 1848; was assistant to Rev. P. J. Machebeuf, at Sandusky, for one year; left the diocese in 1849; returned in 1851, and left again in 1852; died at Germantown, Ill., October 1, 1865.

20. BERTHELET, Rev. Francis A., was born in Detroit, Michigan, June 28, 1830. He was educated for the priesthood at the diocesan seminary of St. Hyacinthe, Province of Quebec, where he was ordained by Bishop Prince, November 14, 1853. Joined the Jesuits in 1854 at St. Acheul, France, and later, for several years, was professor in the Jesuit Colleges at Fordham, New York, and Montreal. In last mentioned place he had charge, for two years, of the erection of the present beautiful church of the Gesu. August, 1868, he was received into the diocese of Cleveland, and was assistant at the cathedral for a few months, when he was sent to Canton, as pastor of St. John's congregation. There he remained till March, 1876. Whilst at Canton the present very handsome church of St. John's was built under his direction. After nearly three

years' illness he died, October 31, 1878, at Detroit, where also his remains are buried.

21. BIRNBAUM, Rev. Irenaeus (Franciscan), a native of Germany, was ordained March 27, 1868. He was in this diocese from July, 1877, to February, 1879, as one of the professors at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. Meanwhile he also attended Parma and Independence, from August, 1877, to January, 1878, and from March, 1878, to February, 1879. Returned to Europe in 1879.

22. BIRNBAUM, Rev. J. B. (Sanguinist), born in Wuerttemberg, May 8, 1823; came to United States in 1864; ordained July 10, 1867; had pastoral charge of Big Springs; was assistant at Glandorf, Thompson, New Riegel; pastor of Reed, Seneca county, which mission he attended from Thompson, where he died May 28, 1882.

23. BODEN, Rev. Gregory (Franciscan), was born at Goldscheid, Prussia, in 1838; ordained April 3, 1868; in Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from September, 1874, to February, 1876, with charge of asylum and convent chapels, and of Independence, from 1875 to 1876.

24. BOE, Rev. —, was stationed at Louisville, as assistant to Rev. L. F. D'Arcy, from September, 1859 to January, 1860, when he returned to New Orleans, whence he came.

25. BOEHNE, Rev. George, was born 1799 in Neuenkirchen, Osnabrueck, Germany; ordained in 1831; came to America in the fall of 1841, when he was received by Bishop Purcell and sent to Glandorf as assistant to Rev. William John Horstmann, whom he succeeded as pastor, February 1843. In the summer of 1848 he was appointed pastor of Fort Jennings, where he remained till his death, September 20, 1860. His remains are buried at Fort Jennings. Though an invalid (epileptic) for many years, he did much for religion. Under his direction churches were built in Glandorf and Fort Jennings, the second in each place.

26. BORGESS, Rev. Otto H., was born in Westphalia, Germany, January 12, 1805; ordained in Muenster, 1830;

came to this country in 1832; was in this diocese from 1862 to February, 1863, as pastor of St. Clement's Navarre. Returned to Europe and died at Steinerberg, Switzerland, January 11, 1876.

27. BOURJADE, Rev. Julian, a native of the diocese of St. Flour, France, came to Cleveland in September, 1853, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe a few months later. From Fremont he attended the stations of La Prairie and Toussaint, Ottawa county, before there was a church in either place (1853-56); then Providence, where he resided from 1856 to February, 1857, meanwhile attending St. Mary's Corners for a few months. He had been ailing of consumption for some time, and was ordered to Cleveland, where he died in the Bishop's house, March 8th, 1857, aged about thirty. His remains are entombed in cathedral basement. He was a very worthy priest.

28. BOWLES, Rev. Joseph D., was a native of the city of Limerick, Ireland, where he was born April 12, 1829. After finishing the collegiate course of studies in his native city he entered All Hallows', Dublin, where he studied philosophy and theology. March 26, 1853, he was ordained priest by Archbishop Cullen in the cathedral of Dublin, for the diocese of Glasgow. He remained, however, but a few months in the diocese for which he was ordained. December, 1853, he was received by Bishop Bayley into the diocese of Newark, N. J., where he did pastoral work till January, 1868, when he became affiliated with the diocese of Chicago. His first appointment there was as assistant, then pastor *pro tem.*, at Immaculate Conception Church, Chicago. Later he was pastor at Hyde Park and Monmouth, May, 1869 to July, 1872. He was then received into the diocese of Cleveland, and appointed pastor of Clyde, with charge of Green Spring as a mission, July, 1872, to January, 1875. Bellevue was his next appointment, to May, 1876. He was then transferred to Ravenna, where he remained till April, 1883, when he was assigned the pastorate of St. Ann's, Fremont. This charge he held till his death, July 4, 1887. He was identified with

the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Ohio as its president, and was for a number of years the treasurer of the National Total Abstinence Union. His remains are buried at Washington, D. C.

29. BRAUN, Rev. Julian von, born and ordained in Germany, was received into the diocese September, 1851; had charge of St. Mary's congregation, Massillon, till 1852, meanwhile attending Bethlehem (now Navarre). He died of cholera, August 2, 1852, at Massillon, where his remains are buried.

30. BREDEICK, Rev. John Otto, a native of Westphalia, was born at Verl, January 23, 1789. After the usual collegiate and theological course of studies he was ordained at Osnabrueck, Hanover, in 1822. For twenty-two years he held various ecclesiastical positions in his native country, notably that of a member of the Cathedral Chapter at Osnabrueck. After some deliberation he resolved to devote himself to the American mission. For this purpose he came to the United States in 1844, and chose Northern Ohio as his future field of labor. He brought with him a few sturdy Westphalians and some means. With the latter he purchased large tracts of Government land in "Section Ten," on a portion of which he established the present flourishing town of Delphos. There also he formed the nucleus of St. John's congregation, building its first church and pastoral residence of his private means. Much of the prosperity of the town and congregation must be credited to his zeal, prudence and generosity. He shared privations and hardships with the "settlers" and at his death, August 19, 1858, had the satisfaction to know and see his long, laborious work crowned with success. He also organized and attended the congregation of Ottoville (1848-58). During the time of his pastorate at Delphos and Ottoville he not only refused to accept the salary to which he was entitled, but gave largely of his purse to support church and school established by him. He also gave to each of these places valuable real estate for the same purpose. St. John's congregation, Delphos, is indebted to Father Bredeick

for the finest and largest church property in the diocese of Cleveland. Though long dead he lives in the memory of a grateful people for whom, to this day, the name of "Father Bredeick" is a household word.

31. BREHM, Rev. Fidelis, a Swiss, was born at Butekon, Canton Aargau. He was received into the diocese of Cleveland in 1870, and appointed pastor of Landeck, which charge he held till 1878. From Landeck he also attended Spencer-ville (1871-77). During his absence to Europe on a vacation, (1876), the pastoral residence at Landeck was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of his library and personal effects. In 1878 he left the diocese with a Catholic colony, for Arkansas. His project there failed of success, but Bishop Gilmour declined to receive him back. So he returned to Europe about 1879, where, in his native country, he is pastor of Stetten.

32. BREYMANN, Rev. Francis (Jesuit), was born at Ascheberg, diocese of Muenster, Westphalia, September 16, 1836; made his studies at the Gymnasium of Muenster and with the Jesuits; was ordained for them by Cardinal Melchers, Archbishop of Cologne, September 13, 1868. He came to this country in 1869, and was stationed at St. Michael's, Buffalo, till 1871. He was then sent to St. Mary's seminary, Cleveland, as professor of Moral Theology, remaining till 1872; was recalled to Buffalo, remaining there till 1875. He was next on the mission in the diocese of St. Paul till 1880. His next appointment was as assistant at St. Mary's, Toledo, till July, 1885. Since then he has been attached to Canisius College, Buffalo.

33. BRENNAN, Rev. George H., was born in County Roscommon, Ireland. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, in April, 1852. His first charge was Doylestown and Wooster, May, 1852, to January, 1854. He was then appointed resident pastor of Wooster, remaining till 1856. From Wooster he attended Ashland, Crestline and Mansfield as missions. In 1856 he left the diocese and was successively connected with the dioceses of Milwaukee, Dubuque and Boston. He was



next affiliated with the diocese of Springfield, Mass., from 1870 till 1874, when he returned to Ireland. He now resides in Dublin.

34. BROWN, Rev. Michael Bernard, was born May 20, 1840, at Beckmantown, Clinton county, New York; made his ecclesiastical studies at the Seminary in Cleveland, and in Notre Dame University, Indiana. He was ordained by Bishop Luers for the Society of the Holy Cross, Notre Dame, Indiana, June 10, 1867. Remained with the Society till August, 1876. From that time, till August, 1883, he was on the mission in the diocese of Cleveland, viz.: assistant at St. Columba's, Youngstown, till July 1877; pastor of Crestline to March, 1881; again assistant at St. Columba's, Youngstown, till December, 1881. He then had temporary charge of St. Joseph's, Youngstown, till March, 1882. His next appointment was Wellsville, where he remained till August, 1883. Between this last date and July, 1886, he was on the mission in the dioceses of Cincinnati and Mobile. He is at present stationed at Delhi, near Cincinnati, as chaplain of the Sisters of Charity.

35. BROWN, Rev. Patrick Henry, was born at Sherrington, Canada, December 21, 1834; ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 30, 1861; appointed pastor of Hudson the same year, attending as missions Ravenna and Kent. In the latter place he built the present church. In 1862 he was stationed at Ravenna where he remained till August, 1872, meanwhile (1862-67) attending Kent. His next and last charge was St. Columba's, Youngstown. He resigned this pastorate July, 1877, owing to protracted illness; was brought to Charity Hospital, Cleveland, where, after nearly a year of suffering, he died September 26, 1878.

36. BRUEGGEMANN, Rev. Eustace (Franciscan), was born at Werl, Westphalia, Prussia, April 2, 1830; ordained March 17, 1866; in the United States since October, 1869; was in this diocese as Superior of Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1879 to 1882, attending Independence and Parma as

missions from January to July, 1881. Is at present in the diocese of St. Louis, Mo.

37. BRUNNER, Very Rev. Francis Salesius (Sanguinist), was born in Switzerland, January 10, 1795, and ordained in March, 1819. He was the founder and Provincial of the Sanguinist Society in America, and with a band of faithful co-laborers took charge of Peru and surrounding missions, January, 1844. He established a Sanguinist convent at Thompson (1844), one at New Riegel (1845), and in 1848 a third one of the same Society at Glandorf, all of which have done and are doing much good for religion. He and his faithful followers deserve well of the Catholics of this diocese. Their work has been unostentatious, but none the less successful and lasting. He was in Northern Ohio till 1858, when he went to Europe. He died at Schellenberg, in the Principality of Lichtenstein, Austria, December 29, 1859. Father Brunner was a saintly priest and a wise and prudent superior.

38. BUCHHOLZ, Rev. Lucius (Franciscan), was born at Dorsten, Prussia, diocese of Muenster, April 3, 1838; ordained August 16, 1868; at Cleveland Monastery from 1869 to 1871.

39. BYRNE, Rev. Michael Ambrose, was born, 1821, near Stranorlar, County Donegal, Ireland; came to United States at the age of 17. A few years later he entered Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg, Md., and finished his studies at Cincinnati where he was ordained by Bishop Purcell, November 1, 1845. February, 1846 he was sent to Cleveland as assistant to Rev. P. McLaughlin. From Cleveland he also attended Avon, Painesville and South Thompson. In 1847 he returned to Cincinnati and was appointed first resident pastor of All Saints' Church, Fulton, then a suburb of Cincinnati, where he died of cholera, August 22, 1850.

40. BYRNE, Rev. Robert Alexis, brother to Rev. Michael A. Byrne, was born near Stranorlar, County Donegal, Ireland, in 1828; made part of his studies for the ministry in Londonderry, Emmitsburg and Fordham. He was ordained by

Archbishop Hughes in 1856. Remained in diocese of New York till 1873, when he was received by Bishop Gilmour and sent to Toledo. There he organized the present Good Shepherd congregation, whose church was built under his direction. His health failing he resigned this charge March 20, 1875 and returned to his home in Ireland, where he died August 23, of the same year.

41. CAMPION, V. Rev. Augustine S., was born at Henin-Lietard, pas-de-Calais, France, February 18, 1811. After completing his studies for the ministry at the seminary of Arras, France, he was ordained by Bishop Latour d'Auvergne, December 18, 1834. He did pastoral duty in his native country till 1848, when he came to Cleveland, November of same year. On his arrival Bishop Rappe sent him to Fremont as assistant to Rev. L. Nightingale, pastor of St. Ann's. From Fremont he attended a number of smaller missions in the vicinity, viz.: Toussaint, La Prairie, etc. In 1849 he was sent to Wooster, whence he also attended French Settlement and Doylestown. In the last mentioned place he built the church, since replaced by the present handsome structure. In 1851 he was given the pastorate of St. John's, Canton, and had charge of Canal Fulton and Massillon as missions. September, 1853, he was removed to Doylestown, where he remained but two months when he was called to the cathedral and made Vicar-general. His next and last appointment in this diocese was St. Francis de Sales', Toledo, November, 1854, to May, 1856. He then left the diocese to join the Sulpitians at Montreal, where he remained till his death, June 10, 1886. He had been ill for nearly two years previous to his demise, and was unable to do duty. He bore his sufferings with Christian patience till his Master's summons came. While pastor of St. Francis de Sales', Toledo, he arranged for the opening of an orphan asylum in that city. At his earnest request the Mother Superioress of the Grey Nuns at Montreal sent four of these Sisters, October, 1855, to open and take charge of the asylum. Before Father Campion left, in 1856, he had the satisfaction of seeing the good

work of these Sisters fully and practically appreciated by the citizens of Toledo. Father Campion was a most devoted priest, charitable, kind-hearted and full of zeal for religion.

42. CAPEDEK, Rev. Peter Anthony (Sanguinist), was born at Lumbrin, Canton Graubundten, Switzerland, January 1, 1817. After completing his studies at Loewenburg, Switzerland, he was ordained at Feldkirch, Austria, by Bishop Fuender, May 11, 1843. He came to this country in 1844, with the first band of Sanguinist Fathers. Since 1844 he has been stationed in and outside the diocese of Cleveland in places committed to the care of the Sanguinists. He was in the diocese of Cleveland from 1844-57; 1865-70; 1872-80, and from 1884 to May, 1887, with Peru, Thompson, New Riegel, Liverpool and Glandorf as the several fields of his pastoral work. He is now in the diocese of Cincinnati—Mercer county—in retirement of old age, but still able to say Mass.

43. CARABIN, Rev. A., was born in France, 1807, and there educated; ordained by Bishop Fenwick in 1831; received into this diocese 1847, after having been on the missions of Upper Michigan for a number of years. Bishop Rappe sent him to Peru, where he remained from December, 1847, to September, 1850. His next charge was St. Ann's, Fremont, till 1852, when he received a paralytic stroke. He rallied for a short time sufficiently to do pastoral duty at St. Peter's, Canton, February to July, 1853; was then obliged to give up all work, and for twenty years was a patient sufferer. The Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent's Asylum, Cleveland, had charge of him for many years, and he died there August 1, 1873. His remains are interred in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland.

44. CARAHER, Rev. Bernard, born, educated and ordained in Ireland, was received by Bishop Rappe, November, 1853. Till August, 1854, he was connected with the cathedral. He was next appointed pastor of St. John's, Canton, residing there from December, 1854, till his death, on Good Friday, 1857. From Canton he also attended, monthly, St. Joseph's, Massillon.

45. CARON, Very Rev. Alexis, was born at Bilquem, near St. Omer, Diocese of Arras, France, December 8, 1802. After finishing the collegiate course at the "petit seminaire" of St. Omer he began to study theology under the direction of a venerable priest, Rev. M. Delahage, who, on his return from exile, held a professor's chair in this preparatory seminary. On leaving St. Omer, Father Caron entered the society of the "Missionnaires de France," (known now as that of the "Fathers of Mercy,") the Superior of which was the celebrated Abbe Ranyan. In this society Rev. Father Caron was raised to the dignity of the priesthood in the year 1825. Meanwhile the Revolution of 1830 broke out, and the house of these good Fathers, like many other religious institutions, was pillaged and plundered. The inmates were constrained to abandon their dwelling in order to avoid death. Father Caron made his escape in the guise of a peasant. Shortly after this event Bishop de la Tour d'Auvergne appointed him assistant priest at Flechin, a small parish in the Canton of Fauquemberg. Here, as elsewhere, his paternal goodness and charity toward the poor endeared him to all his parishioners. From Flechin Father Caron was sent to Wimille under the direction of two venerable priests, Rev. Father Elin, pastor, and his first assistant priest, Rev. Father Boutoille. Here, in this humble village, as in that of Wimille, he fully illustrated, in his zeal for the glory of God and salvation of souls, the high conception which he had formed of the elevated dignity of the priesthood. In the fall of 1848 an ever all-ruling Providence brought about for him the possibility of realizing a desire which he had long formed—that of devoting himself to the American missions. In company with Father Campion he offered his priestly services to Bishop Rappe and was gladly welcomed and received by him.

He arrived at Cleveland November, 1848. After nearly three years of faithful work at the cathedral he was appointed successor to Father de Goesbriand as superior of the diocesan seminary. This position he held with eminent success till June, 1856, when Bishop Rappe granted him a six months' leave of absence to visit his native France. He returned in December



of the same year, when he was appointed pastor of Holy Angels' Church, Sandusky, where he remained till May, 1861. He then went to Painesville to reside with Father Coquerelle, and, although assigned no regular duty from the time he left Sandusky, because of his impaired health, yet he volunteered to attend Ashtabula (1861-62). Repeatedly, during Bishop Rappe's visits to Europe, 1862, 1867, and from November, 1869 to August, 1870, Father Caron held the responsible position of Administrator of the diocese. He was also one of Bishop Rappe's Vicars General for about twenty years. From 1869 till his death, December 21, 1873, he resided at Charity Hospital, where, as long as his illness (cancer) permitted, he acted as chaplain. His remains are buried in St. John's cemetery, Cleveland, a very handsome monument, erected by his clerical friends, marking his grave, as well as that of Very Rev. James Conlan and Rev. John Dillon. Father Caron was a most devoted, self-sacrificing priest, and adorned with all the qualities of a thorough ecclesiastic.

46. CARROLL, Rev. Thomas, was born at Ardagh, Ireland, August 17, 1833; educated at Notre Dame, Ind., and ordained by Bishop Luers for the Holy Cross Society in 1858. He left the Society, 1863, on account of ill health. January, 1864 he was received into the diocese of Cleveland and appointed assistant at the cathedral. He remained till October, 1867, when he was received into the diocese of Erie where he has been since. He is now stationed at Oil City, Penn.

47. CEBULLA, Rev. Sebastian (Franciscan), was born March 10, 1838, in Silesia; ordained March 12, 1869; in the Franciscan Monastery of Cleveland from 1883 to 1884. He is now stationed in the diocese of Alton.

48. CHERRIER, Rev. Leo (Basilian), was born at Dundas, Ont., Canada, October 27, 1834; educated at St. Michael's College, Toronto, and there ordained by Bishop Lynch, March 25, 1864; was in this diocese from 1872 to 1873 as professor at St. Louis' College, Louisville, O.; is now professor at St. Michael's College, Toronto.

49. CLEMENT, Rev. Julius, a native of France, was ordained there about 1850. He was received into this diocese July, 1864, and appointed one of the professors at St. Mary's Seminary, and, 1866, Superior of Louisville College, where he remained till July, 1867. He was then received into the diocese of Vincennes, where he died, as pastor at Green Castle, Ind., in October, 1871.

50. COADY, Rev. Peter, was born in Bally-Callan, County Kilkenny, Ireland; came to the diocese of Cleveland from Canada, December, 1870; was at St. Mary's Seminary for a few months, when he was appointed pastor at South Thompson with charge of Jefferson as a mission. He remained there from March, 1871, till some time in 1872, when he left the diocese.

51. COLLINS, V. Rev. Edward Timothy, a native of Philadelphia, Pa., was born February 26, 1802; studied for the ministry at Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Emmittsburg, Md.; was ordained by Bishop Kenrick, July 1, 1832, for the diocese of Cincinnati, where he was stationed at the cathedral. May, 1838, Bishop Purcell appointed him as one of his Vicars General. Between 1835 and 1841 he visited the missions along the Miami Canal, from Cincinnati as far up as Toledo, making the entire journey on horseback. He also attended missions in Columbiana county (Dungannon, etc.) during this time. Father Collins was a scholarly man and a keen judge of books, of which he had a very fine and large collection, covering every branch of ecclesiastical lore. He gave his library to Mt. St. Mary's Seminary. He was a most worthy priest, genial and companionable, without ever forgetting what he owed his priestly dignity. He died at Cincinnati, August 26, 1865.

52. CONLAN, Very Rev. James, was born at Mohill, County Leitrim, Ireland, August 22, 1801; made his course of studies in Ireland, and at Cincinnati, where he was ordained by Bishop Purcell, September 20, 1834. His first appointment was as assistant to the Rev. James Reid, pastor of St. Martin's, Brown county, Ohio. Here he remained for a few months,

when he was appointed pastor of Steubenville, whence he attended the stations and missions located in the counties of Columbiana, Mahoning, Carroll, Jefferson and the eastern portion of Stark. He resided at Steubenville from 1834 to 1842, and then removed to St. Paul's, near the present village of Dungannon, Columbiana county.

A journey of fifty or a hundred miles to say Mass or attend a sick-call was among the ordinary occurrences of his missionary life. Neither distance nor hardship prevented him from cheerfully responding to any demand made on him for priestly aid. October, 1849, he was called to Cleveland, and for four years lived with the Bishop, attending the cathedral. November, 1853, he was appointed first resident pastor of St. Patrick's, Cleveland, his last charge. For many years he also held the position of Vicar-general under Bishop Rappe, till the latter's resignation. In 1860, during the Bishop's absence in Europe, he was Administrator of the diocese. Under his direction old St. Patrick's was enlarged and completed, two schools were built, and the present handsome church begun and brought under roof. He died at Charity Hospital, March 5, 1875, full of years and merits. He was one of God's noblemen, a true priest, loved and respected by all who knew him. His remains rest in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland, with those of Father John Dillon, with whom he had been ordained.

53. CONLAN, Rev. James V., was born at Mohill, County Leitrim, Ireland, September 27, 1820; made his ecclesiastical studies at Cincinnati; was ordained in (old) St. Vincent's church, Akron, Ohio, by Bishop Purcell, September 5, 1847, five weeks before the consecration of Father Rappe, as first Bishop of Cleveland, and was appointed assistant to Rev. James Conlan at Dungannon. "Father Vincent," as he was called to distinguish him from his cousin, Very Rev. James Conlan, was next placed in charge of St. John's church, Canton, August, 1848; remained there till January, 1851, when he was appointed pastor of Holy Angels', Sandusky. December, 1855, he was assigned as assistant to Father James Conlan, at St. Patrick's, Cleveland, where they zealously and

successfully labored together till March 5, 1875, when Father James Conlan died. Father Vincent succeeded as pastor of St. Patrick's. August, 1877, he resigned this charge and took the pastorate of St. Ann's, Fremont. There he remained till January 15, 1883. Owing to protracted illness which prevented him from doing pastoral duty he resigned and went to Charity Hospital, Cleveland, where he died March 15, 1883. His remains are buried in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland. He was a genial, kind-hearted priest.

54. CONLAN, Rev. Thomas J., was born in Summitville, Columbiana county, Ohio, February 6, 1846; commenced his ecclesiastical studies in St. John's college, formerly existing in Cleveland; finished them in St. Mary's Seminary, Lake street; was ordained by Bishop Rappe, March 7, 1869. For a while he was a professor in the diocesan seminary; then (1870) he was transferred to the cathedral as assistant. In 1873 he accepted the position of Secretary to Bishop Gilmour, but from 1874, owing to ill health, was unable to render much service either in this capacity, or while having charge at the cathedral. He made every effort to recuperate his fast waning strength, traveling extensively for his health, but all to no effect. For five years he was a patient sufferer from consumption, till finally death relieved him August 20, 1879. He died at his father's residence in Cleveland. His remains are buried in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland, near those of his uncle, the Very Rev. James Conlan. He was of a kind, gentle nature, gifted, and thoroughly a priest. "Father Tom," though no more among the living, lives in the memory of those with whom and for whom he labored as one of God's chosen ministers.

55. COPPINGER, Rev. Thomas J. J., was born and educated in Ireland (no record of date or place of birth). As a young man he was in the British army; then came to the United States, and was ordained by Bishop Purcell at Cincinnati October 21, 1854, and placed as assistant at the cathedral. Left the diocese of Cincinnati and came to Cleveland September, 1862, and remained as assistant at cathedral till



July, 1863; then enlisted in the army, was wounded at the battle of Winchester, and was then discharged; returned to Ireland, where he remained but a short time; then went to England and there entered a Cistercian Monastery. A few months later he again returned to his native diocese, Cloyne, where, after doing pastoral duty for a short while, he died, about 1874.

56. COQUERELLE, Rev. Charles M., was born at Etaples, Diocese of Arras, France, May 31, 1804; ordained in 1833; came to this diocese August, 1850; was sent to take charge of Port Clinton and the missions of Marblehead, Toussaint and La Prairie. After nearly two years of laborious mission work there, he was appointed assistant at the cathedral; then pastor of Painesville, in 1853, where he remained till 1869, when he resigned his pastorate on account of deafness and old age. Shortly after his resignation he returned to France where he died September 5th, 1880.

57. COUGHLIN, Rev. —; first priest who celebrated Mass at La Porte, some time prior to 1842. No other record of him.

58. COUILLARD, Rev. J. B., born and ordained in Canada; received into the diocese by Bishop Rappe in 1869; assistant to Rev. F. M. Boff at St. Francis' Church, Toledo, October, 1869 till February, 1871, when he left this diocese. He was then received into the Diocese of Springfield, where he died in 1874.

59. CZAKERT, Rev. Peter (Redemptorist), was born December 12, 1808, in Bohemia. In his 24th year he joined the Redemptorists; was ordained January 12, 1834 and soon after came to the United States. He was sent to Northern Ohio (Peru, Huron county) in 1835 and remained till 1839, when he returned to Baltimore. In 1844 he was appointed Provincial of the Redemptorists in this country, retaining this office till 1847, when he was sent to Lafayette City, near New Orleans, where he died September 2, 1848. He was a model priest and full of missionary zeal.

60. DALEY, Rev. Cornelius, born in County Cork, Ireland, was ordained by Bishop Purcell March 2, 1844. For nearly



a year he labored on the mission in Southern Ohio. He was then appointed first resident pastor of St. Vincent's, Akron, (1845-46). Meanwhile he also attended Doylestown, whither he was transferred February, 1846. He also attended Youngstown (1845). When the Diocese of Cleveland was organized (October, 1847) he affiliated with the Diocese of Cincinnati, where he remained till his death, at Fayetteville, Brown county, January, 24, 1876.

61. D'ARCY, Rev. Louis Florence, was born and educated in France (Diocese of Arras); came to United States in 1850; was ordained by Bishop Rappe April 2, 1851; was assistant at cathedral till September, 1851, when he was appointed pastor of Louisville, remaining till May, 1854. He then returned to France for his health, and returned in 1856, again assuming charge of Louisville congregation till 1861, when he left the diocese of Cleveland. Whilst at Louisville he also attended Strasburg and built the present church. Between 1861 and 1866 he labored in the dioceses of Mobile, Cincinnati (Sidney), and for a short time he was also at Notre Dame, Ind. In 1866 he was again received into this diocese and appointed pastor of St. Ann's, Fremont, but remained in charge only till July, 1867, when he returned to France, where he died a few years ago.

62. DAVY, Rev. —, for a few months pastor of Elmore (1872); meanwhile attended the missions of Genoa and Woodville. No other record of him.

63. DE GOESBRIAND, Rt. Rev. Louis M. J., the present Bishop of Burlington, was born at St. Urbain, Finistere, France, August 4, 1816; made his ecclesiastical studies at Point-Croix, Guimper, in his native diocese, and at St. Sulpice, Paris. He was ordained at Paris, July 13, 1840, by Bishop Rosati, of St. Louis, Mo., then in Europe on a visit. Came to Ohio in 1840 and was appointed successor to Rev. M. Wuerz, as the second resident pastor of Louisville, where he remained from October, 1840 to January, 1846. He was then sent as assistant to Father Rappe, who had charge of Toledo and the "Maumee" section of North-western Ohio.

There he remained till January, 1848, when Bishop Rappe appointed him Vicar General, with residence at Cleveland. This office he held till he was appointed first Bishop of Burlington, October 30, 1853.

64. DELBAERE, Rev. Polydore Henry, born at Ingoyghem, West Flanders, Belgium, December 21, 1838; made his studies for the ministry in Flanders and at the University of Louvain; was ordained by Cardinal Stercks, Archbishop of Mechlin, May 21, 1864; was in the diocese of Detroit for some years; received by Bishop Gilmour, *ad interim*, February, 1875, and appointed pastor of Archbold and missions. April, 1877, he was sent to Antwerp with charge of a number of missions. April, 1879, he left the diocese, and was received into the diocese of Peoria, where he now is.

65. DELHEZ, Rev. Francis X. (Jesuit), was born at Aix-la-Chapelle, diocese of Cologne, October 6, 1837; ordained August 24, 1869; in this country since September, 1869; was assistant at St. Mary's, Toledo, from 1870 to 1871, and again from 1873 to 1874. He is now in the diocese of Buffalo.

66. DE RAYMACHER, Rev. Vincent (Dominican), a native of Belgium; was ordained by Bishop Fenwick in 1822. He was stationed at Cincinnati for a short time and was then sent to the Dominican Convent near Somerset, Perry county, whence he attended the stations and missions in Stark and Columbiana counties between 1823 and 1835. He was resident pastor of St. John's, Canton, in 1835. Returned to Belgium where he died in 1870, aged 72 years.

67. DICKMANN, Rev. Bernard (Sanguinist), was born at Minster, Auglaize county, O., 1839; educated at Carthagena, Mercer county, Ohio; ordained at Minster, Ohio, by Bishop Rosecrans, for the Sanguinists, August 17, 1862; was pastor at Glandorf from April, 1874 to May, 1881, where he also directed the building of the present beautiful church. In 1881 he was sent by his superior to California; is now pastor of Sacred Heart Church, Sedalia, Mo.

68. DICKNEITE, Rev. Raynerius (Franciscan), born at

Bokel, near Rietberg, Westphalia, November 11, 1832; in this country since November, 1859; ordained July 2, 1860; attached to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1870 to 1874; had charge of Independence from 1871 to 1873. At present he is stationed at Joliet, Ill., diocese of Chicago.

69. DILLON, Rev. John, was born in Drumcunny, County Leitrim, Ireland, 1807; was ordained in Cincinnati with Very Rev. James Conlan, by Bishop Purcell, September 20, 1834; was sent to Cleveland in 1835 as the first resident priest, where he also organized the first congregation. He raised a collection for the erection of a church on the Flats, but had not the happiness to begin the work. He died of bilious fever, October 16, 1836. His remains are buried in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland. But a little more than two years a priest he labored with much success, and endeared himself to all who knew him. He was talented, energetic and pious. His zeal for God's cause was bounded only by his physical strength. He was held in the highest esteem by the citizens of Cleveland, irrespective of creed. The *Cleveland Advertiser* of October 20, 1836, said of him: "The death of Father Dillon will be deeply felt by his bereaved and afflicted church. He was one of the first of our clergy in point of talent and piety, and though he labored in obscurity, yet he labored faithfully and well."

70. DOEBBING, Rev. Bernard (Franciscan), was born at Muenster, Westphalia, in 1855; was ordained in June, 1, 1879; professor of philosophy at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and attached to Franciscan Monastery, same city, from February, 1880, to July, 1881. He is now in Rome, Italy, engaged as professor.

71. DOHERTY, Rev. John Julius, was born at Vale Aharlon, County Tipperary, Ireland, November 20, 1817; studied for the priesthood at Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Emmitsburg, Md.; was ordained by Bishop Purcell, at Cincinnati, April 23, 1843. His first appointment was as assistant at the cathedral, Cincinnati, till February, 1844; he was then transferred to St. Mary's, Massillon, where he remained till August, 1844; also

attended Navarre alternately with Rev. M. Wuerz. His next appointment was the pastorate of St. John's, Canton, which charge he retained till he left the diocese, August, 1848. From Canton he attended several missions, among which were Canal Fulton, and Canal Dover. He is at present pastor of St. John's, Honesdale, Pa., diocese of Scranton, where he has been for many years.

72. DOLWECK, Rev. John Peter, was born at Benning, diocese of Metz, Lorraine, August 26, 1828. He studied for the priesthood at Metz and in the Diocesan Seminary, Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, December 11, 1853. He was pastor of St. Mary's, Sandusky, from December, 1853, till April, 1855; St. Alphonse's, Peru, Huron county, till August, 1861, with charge of St. Peter's, Norwalk, from September, 1860; Berwick from September, 1861, till April, 1862. Then he was transferred to Liverpool, Medina county, where he remained till January, 1864. He then left the diocese to join the Benedictines, of whose order he has been a member ever since. At present he is prior of the Benedictines at St. Michael's, Chicago.

73. DREES, Very Rev. Henry Joseph (Sanguinist), was born at Garell, Oldenburg, Germany, March 5, 1830; in America since 1833; ordained November 7, 1861; was in this diocese as pastor of New Riegel, from September, 1864, to August, 1866. At present he is the Provincial of the Sanguinists in the United States, with residence at Carthagena, Mercer county, Ohio.

74. DROESSLER, Rev. Dominic (Franciscan), was born in the diocese of Paderborn, Prussia, August 2, 1843; came to the United States, June, 1862; ordained January 13, 1867; belonged to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1868 to 1871; and again from January, 1873, to April, 1875; had charge of Independence from 1868 to 1869. Present residence, Germany.

75. DROLSHAGEN, Rev. F., was received into the diocese in 1869; after a short stay at Antwerp he was appointed pastor of Shelby Settlement, 1870-73; then of St. Peter's,



Norwalk, 1874, during which year he left the diocese and went to Tennessee. No other record of him.

76. DRUON, Very Rev. Zephyrin, was born at Vendin-le-Viel, Pas-de-Calais, France, March 14, 1830; made his studies for the ministry at Arras, France, in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and St. Sulpice, France; was ordained in France by Bishop Beauvais, July 3, 1853; returned to Cleveland and was assistant at the Cathedral from September to December, 1853, when he affiliated himself with the diocese of Burlington, Vt., where he has been since. For many years he has been one of Bishop de Goesbriand's vicars general, also pastor of Immaculate Conception Church, St. Albans, Vt., where he is at present stationed.

77. EBERSCHWEILER, Rev. Fridolin (Jesuit), was born at Maxweiler, diocese of Treves, Rhenish-Prussia, July 19, 1839; ordained July 15, 1870; came to this country in 1870; was professor at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, from 1871 to 1873; assistant at St. Mary's Church, Toledo, from 1873 to 1881, and at St. Mary's, Cleveland, from 1881 to 1882. He was then sent to Montana, where he has since been on the mission.

78. EISENRING, Rev. Joseph Thomas (Sanguinist), was born at Mosnang, Canton St. Gallen, Switzerland, November 1, 1844; was educated at St. Gallen, Switzerland, and at Carthagera, Mercer county, Ohio. He was ordained for the Sanguinists by Archbishop Purcell, August 15, 1873; was in this diocese from January, 1876, to August, 1878, as pastor of St. Boniface's Church, and local Superior of Convent, New Riegel. During his pastorate there the present beautiful church (third) was built. In 1878 he was sent to Europe; returned October, 1882. Before he came to this diocese, and since he left it, he had charge of various missions entrusted to the Sanguinists. He is now stationed in Mercer county, Ohio, diocese of Cincinnati.

79. EISENRING, Rev. Sebastian (Sanguinist), was born at Waldkirchen, Switzerland, May 10, 1852. He was ordained for the Sanguinists by Archbishop Purcell, March 17, 1878;



appointed assistant at St. John's, Glandorf, where he died of consumption, July 30, 1880, aged twenty-eight years.

80. ELLWOOD, Rev. E., was first resident pastor of Ash-tabula for fourteen months, from May, 1862, till July, 1863, with South Thompson as a mission. This was the only appointment he had in the diocese of Cleveland. No other record of him.

81. ENGELHARD, Rev. Zephyrin (Franciscan), born at Bilshausen, Westphalia, November 13, 1851; came to the United States in 1852; ordained June 18, 1878; in Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1879 to 1880. He is now in the diocese of La Crosse, in charge of some Indian missions.

82. EVRARD, Rev. Charles, was born in the city of Metz, Lorraine, June 13, 1822. He was educated for the ministry at Versailles, where also he was ordained by Mgr. Gross, Bishop of Versailles, June 22, 1845. After five years' service as chaplain and parish priest in France, he came to this diocese August, 1850, and September, 15th, same year, was sent to Peru, Huron county, where under his direction the present church and pastoral residence were built. January 6, 1854, he was assigned to St. Mary's, Toledo. There he built the present church, since enlarged. He held this charge till September 29, 1867, when Bishop Rappe appointed him pastor of Fort Jennings. This position he declined and remained without pastoral charge till August 1, 1868, when he again accepted the pastorate of Peru. There he remained till November 30, 1873, when Bishop Gilmour appointed him pastor of St. Joseph's, Tiffin, where he remained till his death, May 11, 1885. He was for many years a very active member of the Board of Infirm Priests' Fund, and was also a member of the Bishop's Council for some time. Father Evrard was a man of strong will, decided and clear views, and a ceaseless worker that knew not self. Wherever he labored his memory is cherished as that of a priest full of zeal for God's work and the good of souls.

83. FAHEY, Rev. Anthony (Dominican), was born in Ireland; educated in Rome for the priesthood; came to the

United States in December, 1834. He had pastoral charge of St. Paul's, near Dungannon, between 1834 and 1835, and of St. John's, Canton, between 1836 and 1837. No other record of him.

84. FAHLE, Rev. Arsenius (Franciscan), was born at Paderborn, Westphalia, September 23, 1843; ordained March 12, 1869; member of Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1880 to 1881. At present he is stationed at Indianapolis, Ind.

85. FAHLE, Rev. Ewaldus (Franciscan), was born at Paderborn, Westphalia, August 20, 1848; studied for the ministry at Duesseldorf; was ordained at Paderborn by Bishop Martin in 1873; came to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, March, 1879, remaining till February, 1880. During this time he was professor of philosophy at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. In 1880 he was sent by his superiors to Holland, where he is at present.

86. FAULHABER, Rev. Bonaventure (Franciscan), a native of Baden, was born March 28, 1842; made his ecclesiastical studies at Constance and Freiburg, Baden, and Teutopolis, Ill. He was ordained at St. Louis, Mo., for the Franciscans, by Rt. Rev. P. Ryan, January 6, 1873, and was in the Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from July, 1873 to July, 1875, and from July, 1871 to January, 1887. While here he attended the mission of Independence, 1873-75; Parma from July, 1881 to January, 1887, when he was sent by his superiors on the mission in Nebraska, where he now is.

87. FERGUSON, Rev. Michael Joseph (Basilian), was born at Ontario, Canada, March 23, 1839; educated at St. Michael's College, Toronto; ordained by Bishop Lynch October 23, 1861; in the diocese of Cleveland from 1872 to 1873, as one of the professors at Louisville College. Returned to Canada, where he is now engaged as professor at Assumption College, Sandwich, Ont.

88. FILIERE, Rev. Louis J., was born at Dohen, Pas-de Calais, France, March 31, 1822. Studied for the priesthood at Arras, France, where he received part of Holy Orders. He

was ordained by Bishop Rappe September 8, 1850; was pastor of St. John's, Defiance, November, 1850 to March, 1854; had charge of Providence till 1852, also of 18 other missions and stations in Lucas, Henry, Wood, Paulding and Fulton counties, between 1850 and 1856. Was resident pastor of Providence from April, 1854 till December, 1856, with Archbold, Napoleon, Bryan, Stryker and Wauseon missions. He next had charge of Berea, as resident pastor, from December, 1856 to February, 1876. From Berea he attended Rockport till 1866, Olmsted till 1876. February, 1876 he resigned all pastoral charge and retired to Milton Centre, Wood county, O., where he has been since.

89. FITZGERALD, Rev. Wm. J., was born in New York city, August 7, 1853; educated at Toronto, Cincinnati, Montreal, and finished his studies at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. He was ordained by Bishop Gilmour, December 26, 1876; was appointed assistant at St. Malachy's, Cleveland, remaining till July, 1880, when he received charge of St. Patrick's, Leetonia. Here he began the erection of the present church, but had not the happiness to see its completion. It pleased God to call this noble-hearted young priest, after a brief illness, at a time when all, to the human eye, was fair and promising to him. He died at his father's residence, Columbus, Ohio, March 22, 1882. His remains are buried in Cathedral Cemetery, same city.

90. FLAMMANG, Rev. Nicholas, was born at Consdorf, Luxemburg, May 9, 1844. He came to Cleveland Seminary, March, 1866, and, after completing his theological studies, was ordained by Bishop Rappe, March 7, 1869. He had the following pastoral charges in this diocese: Findlay, March, 1869, to August, 1870; Doylestown, to September, 1871; Avon, to August, 1872; New Bavaria, from February to July, 1873, when he left the diocese. He was for several years on the mission in Minnesota and Dakota, and from 1885 to the time of his death, was a member of the Benedictine Order. He died at Yankton, Dakota, February 10, 1887.

91. FLEISCH, Rev. George (Sanguinist), a native of Austria, was born at Goetzis, Tyrol, November 1, 1846; made his ecclesiastical studies at Feldkirch, Austria, and St. Charles' Seminary, Carthagen, Mercer county, Ohio; ordained at Cincinnati, for the Sanguinists, by Archbishop Purcell, June 30, 1874; was in the diocese of Cleveland, as pastor of Big Springs, from December, 1876, to August, 1877. Since then he has had charge of missions in various dioceses, under direction of the Sanguinists. He is now stationed in the diocese of Leavenworth.

92. FLUM, Rev. Philip, born at Constance, Baden, in 1829; was ordained by Bishop Rappe, July, 1852. The pastorate of Maumee was his first appointment, 1852-54. There he enlarged the church, built in 1841 by Rev. A. Rappe; during this time he also attended Providence. Between 1854 and 1855 he was Superior of St. John's College, Cleveland. August, 1855, he was appointed pastor of Dungannon, remaining till May, 1856, when ill health obliged him to resign. He then left the diocese and went to Texas, where he died. Date of death not recorded. He was a fine linguist and a man of varied learning.

93. FOCHENKRESS, Rev. P. (Dominican), was stationed at Canton about 1836. No other record of him.

94. FOLEY, Rev. Philip, was born near Mallow, Ireland, about 1820, and was ordained by Bishop Purcell, March 2, 1844. His first charge in Northern Ohio and diocese of Cleveland was at Massillon, 1846 to 1848, whence he attended Canal Fulton, also Wooster, where he built the first church. He was then transferred, February, 1848, to St. Francis', Toledo, where he remained till November, 1854, meanwhile attending New Bavaria (Poplar Ridge,) 1849; St. John's, Defiance, till 1849; Six Mile Woods, 1848; St. Mary's Corners, 1853. He was then affiliated with the diocese of Cincinnati, where he remained till 1857, when he went to St. Louis, Mo., owing to ill health. He there died May 1, 1857. His remains rest in St. Francis' Cemetery, Toledo.

95. FRAUENHOFER, Rev. Thomas, was born at Pfeffenhausen, Bavaria, December 6, 1817; ordained July 1, 1844; came to this country May, 1852; was in the diocese of Chicago for some time (at McHenry, Ill.); was in the diocese of Cleveland as pastor of French Creek from July 24, 1864, till January 20, 1868; also attended Avon as a mission. He then returned to Illinois, where he died August 21, 1881.

96. FREIGANG, Rev. Joseph, a native of Baden; came to this country in 1837; was first stationed at Boston, then at Detroit. From the latter place he came to the diocese of Cincinnati in 1840, and was appointed pastor of Peru, Huron county, whence he also occasionally attended New Washington and Tiffin. Contrary to the wish of Bishop Purcell he organized St. Peter's congregation, Norwalk, and in so doing caused his bishop much trouble. He was dismissed February, 1841. No other record of him.

97. FREIMUTH, Rev. Firmatus (Franciscan), was born at Remscheid, Germany, April 11, 1838; educated at Brilon, Germany and Louvain, Belgium; ordained at Mechlin, Belgium, for the Franciscans, May 27, 1877; came to this country in 1878, and had charge of several missions in the diocese of Alton; was a member of the Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from July, 1885 to July, 1886. He is now stationed in the diocese of Newark.

98. FRENSCH, Rev. Christian, (Sanguinist), was born at Hahn, near Nassau, diocese of Limburg, Prussia, August 27, 1827. He came to America, October, 1855; was ordained for the Sanguinists October 24, 1863; in the diocese of Cleveland from January, 1864 to August, 1866, as assistant at New Riegel and pastor of Big Springs; from April, 1865 to August, 1866 he also attended Crawfordsville, Wyandot county. He left the Sanguinists March, 1869, and has since been affiliated with the diocese of Cincinnati.

99. FRITZ, Rev. Ehrhard (Sanguinist), was born at Buechlerthal, Baden, January 4, 1848; made his ecclesiastical studies at St. Charles' Seminary, Carthagen, Mercer county, O., and was ordained at Cincinnati by Archbishop Elder,



May 30, 1885. He was in this diocese as pastor *pro tem.*, of Assumption Church, Reed, from September till December, 1885. He is now stationed in the diocese of Ft. Wayne.

100. FRERE, Rev. Julius Alfred, was born at St. Germain-en-Laye, France, June 23, 1821; studied at Versailles, France, where he was ordained in June, 1853; did pastoral duty in his native county till 1858, when he was received by Bishop Rappe and appointed pastor of Harrisburg, Stark county, where he remained till 1863. He then left the diocese and went to Detroit. In 1865 he joined the Society of the Holy Cross, Notre Dame, Ind., and has since continued a member thereof.

101. FRUZZINI, Rev. Joseph, (Jesuit), was born at Brig, Canton Wallis, Switzerland, April 13, 1816; joined the Society of Jesus November 4, 1833; was ordained in 1847; came to America the following year, after the expulsion of the Jesuits from Switzerland. He was stationed for some time at Williamsville, N. Y., in the present diocese of Buffalo. In 1853 he returned to Europe where he was employed in several colleges and houses of the Society in Germany, France and Switzerland. In 1869 he returned to America; was assistant priest at St. Mary's, Toledo, O., in 1870 and 1877. After an illness of several months, which he bore with exemplary patience, he died in Canisius College, Buffalo, N. Y., May 22, 1880.

102. GALES, Rev. Nicholas (Sanguinist), was born in Wellenstein (Kleinmacher), Luxemburg, September 2, 1814; came to the United States in August, 1846; joined the Sanguinists and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, January 27, 1851. His field of labor was chiefly in this diocese—Glandorf, New Riegel, Thompson and St. Stephen's. For twenty-five years he abstained from the use of meat and led a most mortified life. He died at Himmelgarten, Mercer county, Ohio, January 1, 1882.

103. GALLAGHER, Rev. Joseph F., was born at Newport, County Mayo, Ireland, May 22, 1836, and arrived in Cleveland July 9, 1847. Made his studies for the ministry at St. John's

College, Cleveland, Loretto, Pa., and St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. Bishop Rappe ordained him June 30, 1861. Mansfield was his first appointment, July, 1861, till May, 1862. He was then sent to Wooster where he remained till September, 1865. From Mansfield he attended Crestline, till May, 1862, where he built the present frame church. While stationed at Wooster he attended Mansfield, till December, 1863, Loudonville, Orrville and Lakeville, from May, 1862, till September, 1865. His next appointment was as one of the assistants at the cathedral, October, 1865, to September, 1870, when he was sent to Toledo to take temporary charge of St. Patrick's congregation. December, 1870, he was appointed pastor of Holy Name Church, Cleveland, where he remained till his death, January 30, 1886. Whilst holding the last named charge he built St. Columba's Academy, and nearly brought to completion the present church begun by him in 1884. Father Gallagher was a zealous worker for Catholic education and total abstinence.

104. GANTHER, Rev. Sebastian (Sanguinist), a native of Germany, was born in Unter-Muensterthal, Baden, August 20, 1821; in the United States since May, 1847; ordained for the Sanguinists, by Bishop Rappe, at Peru, Huron county, June 5, 1849. Between 1849 and 1852, he attended from Thompson (where he was assistant) the missions of Bismarck (Sherman), New Washington, and St. Stephen's, Seneca county. From 1852 to 1853, he attended Fostoria, Liberty, Crawfordsville, Big Springs and Upper Sandusky, from New Riegel. For a few months in 1853 he was assistant at Glandorf. From 1863 to 1868 he had charge of the mission of New Cleveland, attending it from Glandorf; and between 1870 and 1872 he attended Reed from Thompson. During the interims and since 1872, he did pastoral duty in the diocese of Ft. Wayne and Cincinnati. He is now stationed in the latter diocese.

105. GAUTHIER, Rev. F., D.D., was born in Quebec, Canada, January 22, 1836; studied at Quebec and Rome; was ordained at Rome by Cardinal Patrizzi, October 7, 1860. Was

in this diocese as pastor of St. Louis' church, East Toledo, from September, 1872, to March, 1876; and first resident pastor of St. Mary's Corners, Fulton county, from February, 1877, to October, 1880, when he left, and was received into the diocese of Detroit, where he is at present.

106. GAYER, Rev. Adolph (Jesuit), was stationed at St. Mary's, Toledo, from March to June, 1875. He then left the Jesuits, became a secular priest, and returned to Europe. He is now chaplain to a family of nobility in Sigmaringen.

107. GEHLING, Rev. W., attended Dungannon from February to May, 1858, which was the only charge he held in this diocese.

108. GELASZOWSKI, Rev. Alexander, was in this diocese as first resident pastor of French Creek congregation, of which he had charge from August till December, 1850. During this time he also attended Sheffield and Avon as missions. No other record of him.

109. GEZOWSKI, Rev. Joseph, was born in Koeniggraetz, Bohemia, February 13, 1811; ordained January 29, 1838; came to the United States, July, 1850; was in the diocese of Cleveland from 1854 to 1855, first as assistant to Rev. Father Luhr, at St. Peter's, Cleveland, then assistant at St. Mary's, same city. In 1855 he left the diocese and joined the Carmelite Order. Was for a time in Covington diocese. Then went to New York city, where he died July 25, 1881, as chaplain of St. Joseph's Asylum, of which he was the founder.

110. GIBBONS, Rev. Walter John, was born in Cleveland, O., March 5, 1844, where he was also educated for the ministry. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe May 18, 1867. His charges were: Maumee, June 9, 1867 to September 1, 1870; professor at St. Mary's Seminary, September, 1870 to August, 1871; Youngstown, St. Columba's, August, 1871 to July, 1872; Ravenna and Kent, July, 1872 to May, 1874. After a five months' leave of absence on account of sickness he was appointed pastor of St. Augustine's, Cleveland, September, 1874 to July, 1875. He was again compelled to give

up pastoral work because of ill health, remaining off duty till November, 1876. Next he was assistant at St. Francis', Toledo, till February, 1877, when he again assumed charge of St. Augustine's, Cleveland. May 30, 1878 he was appointed pastor at Bellevue, where he died April 1, 1885, soon after completing the present beautiful church. His remains are buried in St. John's cemetery, Cleveland. Father Gibbons was an eloquent preacher and an earnest worker in the cause of Catholic schools.

111. GOEBBELS, Rev. Joseph J., was born at Duesseldorf, Prussia, August 30, 1816; came to the United States February, 1857; was ordained February 24, 1859; in the diocese of Cleveland from 1861 to 1864, during which time he was pastor of Fort Jennings. Whilst there he built the present pastoral residence. From Fort Jennings he also attended Kalida (1861) and Ottoville (1861-63). He died at Covington, Ky., October 11, 1885.

112. GONTHYN, Rev. Edward, a Belgian, was in this diocese from 1869 to 1870, and during that time had charge of the Catholic French in Cleveland, who then attended Mass in St. Mary's Church on the Flats. He left Cleveland for Wisconsin, and died suddenly at Preble, diocese of Green Bay, March 9, 1879.

113. GOODWIN, Rev. Jacob, was pastor of St. Vincent's, Akron, from 1849 to 1850, when he left the diocese. From Akron he also attended Doylestown. No other record of him.

114. GRANDMOUGIN, Rev. C. A., was born at Bezangela-Petite, France, in 1842; finished his studies for the ministry in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe February 14, 1867; was appointed pastor of St. Augustine's, Cleveland, where he died, November 25, 1871, of small-pox, contracted whilst attending a sick call.

115. GREISCH, Rev. Nicholas (Jesuit), was born at Eschan-der-Sauer, Luxemburg, February 9, 1831; ordained August 30, 1855; was at St. Mary's, Toledo, from March, 1869 till



February, 1875, first as assistant, then as pastor, from March, 1872. He is now stationed in the diocese of La Crosse.

116. GREVIN, Rev. Louis, was born and ordained in France; came to this diocese November, 1855, when he was appointed pastor of Harrisburg. There he remained till 1857, when he was transferred to the cathedral, remaining, however, but a few months, when he left the diocese. He was then received into the diocese of Ft. Wayne where he remained till 1865. Then he returned to France and died about 1870.

117. HACKSPIEL, Rev. John, was born at Riefensberg, Tyrol, Austria, August 15, 1825; ordained July, 1849; came to United States November 18, 1857; was at once received into the diocese (November, 1857) when he was made pastor of Randolph, which charge he held till July, 1861. His next appointment was the pastorate of St. Mary's, Sandusky, where he remained till October, 1862, meanwhile beginning the erection of the present parochial school. November, 1862, he was transferred to French Creek, from which place he also attended Avon and Sheffield. March, 1864, he was sent to St. Peter's, Canton, of which congregation he had charge till August, 1865, when he left the diocese to join the Jesuits. He remained in this Society till his death, in New York city, as pastor of St. Joseph's Church, March, 31, 1885. He was a learned and saintly priest.

118. HAEMERS, Rev. H. E., was pastor of Fort Jennings from 1864, till September, 1866; had temporary charge of St. Joseph's, Toledo, and Sylvania during the fall of 1866, when, about November of the same year, he was sent to Peru. There he remained only till January, 1867, when he was dismissed from the diocese.

119. HALLEY, Rev. Thomas F., was born at Tramore, County Waterford, Ireland, January 14, 1833; made his course of studies for the ministry in Waterford, Mt. Melleray and All Hallows', Ireland, and Cincinnati, O., and completed them at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, where he was ordained by Bishop Rappe December 2, 1860. Immediately after his



ordination he was sent as assistant to St. Francis', Toledo, whence after a short time he was transferred as Professor to St. Mary's Seminary. August, 1862, he was appointed pastor of Grafton where he began and brought under roof the present church. April, 1868, he was assigned the pastorate of St. Mary's, Norwalk, where he remained till his death, January 4, 1885. He was for years a patient sufferer from a hurt received when a youth which caused him more or less pain through life, especially in his latter years,

120. HAETSCHER, Rev. Francis Xavier (Redemptorist), was born in Austria, December 1, 1784; ordained there January 23, 1816; was stationed at Peru, Huron county, between 1832 and 1833; during the summer of 1832 he attended Tiffin from Peru; returned to Europe in the autumn of 1837; died at Loeben, Austria, January 3, 1863.

121. HAMENE, Rev. James, was born, 1825, in the village of Chemery, diocese of Metz, Lorraine, France; made his collegiate studies at Sierk, and philosophy and part of theology in the Diocesan Seminary of Metz. He was received as a student for the diocese of Cleveland in the beginning of 1852, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, December 11, 1853. Peru, Huron county, was his first charge, January, 1854 to April, 1855. At Peru he established a parochial school; also attended St. Peter's, Norwalk, from Peru. He next had charge of St. Mary's, Sandusky, June, 1855, to July, 1861, where under his direction the congregation built their first church, the present pastoral residence and a school. From Sandusky he was transferred to St. Mary's, Cleveland, where he remained till September, 1862, when he was appointed pastor of Maumee, with charge of Perrysburg as a mission, remaining till 1863. His next appointment was St. Mary's, Massillon, till 1867. There also he built the present pastoral residence. In 1867 he returned to France, where he did pastoral duty till his death, April 14, 1886. His remains are buried in his native village, Chemery.

122. HANSEN, Rev. H. Beda (Franciscan), born at Bedburg, Rhenish Prussia, November 20, 1847; ordained March

21, 1874; in the United States since July, 1875; at Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1881 to 1882. He is now a secular priest and stationed at Pomeroy, O., diocese of Columbus.

123. HAUSER, Rev. Theodore (Jesuit), was born at Freiburg, Baden, September 18, 1836, where he was also educated for the ministry. He was ordained at Maria Laach, diocese of Treves, by Bishop Ketteler, of Mainz, September 10, 1867. Was for nine years on the mission in East India, one year in Holland and three years in England. He was in this diocese as Superior of the Jesuit Fathers at St. Mary's, Toledo, from January, 1881 to September, 1884. He has since been stationed at St. Michael's, Buffalo.

124. HAUSSNER, Rev. Victor, was born at Erlinsbach, Switzerland, December 7, 1833; came to the United States, April, 1856, when he joined the Sanguinists and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, August 28, 1857. No record of his pastoral charges till 1861 (the year he left the Sanguinists), when he was appointed pastor of Avon, June to August, 1861; Randolph, August 25, 1861, to July 12, 1868, where he built the present church. His next charge was St. Mary's, Sandusky, till September, 1872. Bismarck (Sherman), Huron county, was his next field of labor. There he remained till March, 1879, when because of ill-health he did no pastoral duty for four months. In June, of same year, he was sent to St. Peter's, North Ridgeville, where he labored till December, 1880, when a relapse disabled him permanently. January, 1881, he went to Charity Hospital, Cleveland, and after many weeks of suffering, died April 28, 1881.

125. HECHT, Rev. Edward, D.D., a native of Alsace, was born at Rufach, October 2, 1836. He made his ecclesiastical studies at Strassburg and Rome, obtaining in the latter city the doctorate in philosophy, theology and canon law. He was ordained at Strassburg by Bishop Raess, December 17, 1859. From 1860 to 1864 he was chaplain at St. Louis-des-Francais', Rome; then preceptor in Hungary from 1865 to 1869. September, 1869, he came to the United States and was appointed professor of philosophy and dogmatic theology

at Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Cincinnati, which position he held till the close of the seminary in 1880. In September of same year he was received into St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and appointed professor of the same branches he taught at Cincinnati. In August, 1887, he was recalled to Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Cincinnati.

126. HEIMO, Rev. Joseph Anthony, was born in Freiburg, Switzerland; ordained in his native country, from which he and the inmates of his convent (Black Friars') were expelled by the Swiss government in 1848; came to this diocese July, 1860, and was given charge of the missions of Strasburg and Harrisburg, which he attended from Calmoutier, Holmes county, from 1849 to 1868 under the jurisdiction of the bishop of Cleveland. He died at Calmoutier, April 12, 1859, aged 50 years.

127. HEITZ, Rev. Joseph (Sanguinist), was born at Sherman (Bismarck) Huron county, Ohio, June 9, 1856; educated at Carthage, Ohio, and Teutopolis, Ill.; ordained for the Sanguinists by Bishop Elder, June 11, 1881; was in the diocese of Cleveland as assistant at Glandorf from January to August, 1882; and as pastor of Big Springs from August, 1882, to October 20, 1883. Has since been in the diocese of Nashville.

128. HENNEBERRY, Rev. Patrick (Sanguinist), a native of Ireland, was born January 30, 1830; ordained by Bishop Rappe, at New Riegel, for the Sanguinists, November 21, 1853; was pastor of St. John's, Defiance, in 1855; of Lima between 1856 and 1860, with charge of the missions of Convoy (1859), and Spencerville (1858). He was also Superior of the Sanguinist Convent at New Riegel, from February, 1860, to August, 1864, meanwhile attending, at irregular intervals, the missions of Kenton, (Hardin county), McCutchenville, Crawfordsville and Upper Sandusky. In 1864 he went to California to establish a college under the direction of the Sanguinist Society. This project failing, he went to preach missions and total abstinence in Australia, South Africa and East India. He was thus engaged, with

much success, preaching equally well in the English and German languages. He is now stationed in the diocese of Sacramento, California.

129. HENNI, Most Rev. John Martin, was born in Switzerland, June, 15, 1805; ordained by Bishop Fenwick, February 2, 1829; pastor of Canton, Stark county, from 1830 to 1834, attending meanwhile Dungannon and the scattered missions of Columbiana and Wayne counties. From Canton he also attended Doylestown (1830), Canal Fulton (1830) and occasionally Peru, Huron county. In 1834 he was transferred to Cincinnati, where he organized Holy Trinity congregation. A few years later he also established the *Wahrheits Freund*, the oldest Catholic German paper in the United States. May, 1838, he was appointed Vicar general of the Cincinnati diocese. March 19, 1844 he was consecrated first bishop of Milwaukee. Died as Archbishop of same See, September 7, 1881, full of years and merit. He was a true man of God.

130. HENRIOT, Rev. Stephen, was stationed at cathedral, Cleveland, from March to May, 1854; came from and returned to the diocese of New Orleans. No other record of him.

131. HENRY, Rev. Francis J., was born near Dreenan, County Derry, Ireland, April 14, 1848; made part of his ecclesiastical studies in Ireland, St. Vincent's, Westmoreland county, Pa., and finished them in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. May 7, 1871, he was ordained at Toledo for this diocese by Bishop Luers of Ft. Wayne. Had temporary charge of St. Patrick's, Toledo, till May 1, 1872, when he was appointed pastor of Briar Hill, with charge of Mineral Ridge, Girard and Canfield as missions. June, 1876, he was sent to St. Rose's, Lima, whose successful pastor he was till his death, February, 22, 1886. Father Henry was an earnest, hard-working priest.

132. HENSELER, Rev. Augustine (Franciscan), a Westphalian, was born at Guetersloh, August 8, 1836; ordained June 14, 1862; in the United States since October, 1876; member of the Franciscan Monastery and assistant at St.



Joseph's, Cleveland, from 1876 to 1879; then pastor of St. Peter's, Chicago, till 1884. He is now stationed at Indianapolis, Ind.

133. HENZLER, Rev. Eusebius, was born at Muelheim, Wuerttemberg, August 14, 1823; ordained September, 1853; received into this diocese, June, 1859, when he was appointed assistant to Rev. A. Dambach, at French Creek, acting as such till June, 1860, and meanwhile attending Avon, of which place he had charge till June, 1861. He then left the diocese and went to Wisconsin, where he died about 1870, as pastor of French Creek, Kossuth county.

134. HERBSTTRITT, Rev. Andrew (Sanguinist), was born at Fuehrenthal, Baden, September 15, 1823; came to the United States July, 1844; was ordained February 23, 1848, for the Sanguinist Society; did pastoral work at Avon, New Riegel and Glandorf in this diocese, and at Wapakoneta, Auglaize county, O., whilst a Sanguinist. He left the Society in 1865, when for nearly three years he was pastor of St. Mary's, Sandusky, where he bought the lots on which the present beautiful church is built. July 1868, he was transferred to Randolph, remaining till February, 1869, when he left this diocese and was received by the Bishop of Detroit. He died at Wyandotte, Mich., September 3, 1880.

135. HERZOG, Rev. Henry, was first resident pastor of Ft. Jennings, Putnam county, between 1840 and 1848. In 1850 he was stationed at St. Henry's, Mercer county, O. Died at Minster, Auglaize county, O., in 1851.

136. HIEBER, Rev. John George (Jesuit), was born at Kleinkuchen, Wuerttemberg, July 22, 1837; educated for the ministry at Augsburg and Munich; ordained by Mgr. von Dinkel, Bishop of Augsburg, August 9, 1863; held various positions in Europe and United States, first as a secular priest, then as a member of the Society of Jesus. Was in this diocese as assistant at St. Mary's, Toledo, from 1869 to July, 1870; again from 1877 to 1883; then assistant at St. Mary's, Cleveland, from 1883 to July, 1886. He is now stationed at Burlington, Iowa.



137. HILL, Very Rev. John Austin (Dominican), a native of England, was born in 1777. His parents were Anglicans, and persons of distinction and wealth. They sent him to the College of St. Omer, France, where he made his classical studies. After completing them he entered the English army, but soon asked and obtained his release from military service, which had become distasteful to him. Shortly after this he married an estimable lady and entered the Catholic church. Soon he felt that he was called to serve God in the priesthood. His wife seconding his holy ambition, voluntarily embraced the life of a nun in a Belgian convent, whilst Mr. Hill went to enter a seminary in France to prosecute his studies for the sacred ministry. Before he entered he was arrested by the French authorities, who held him for two years a prisoner of state. Upon his release he returned to England and was received into the college of Old Hall Green. Two years later he went to Rome and entered the Dominican Convent of the Minerva. In 1821 he received the Dominican habit and Holy Orders. Ardently desirous of devoting himself to the American missions his wish was gratified by his superiors, who sent him to St. Rose's, Kentucky, in 1822. The Rt. Rev. E. Fenwick had been consecrated bishop of the newly erected See of Cincinnati during that year and was much in need of priests for the missions of his vast diocese. Father Hill was sent to him, remaining for some time at Cincinnati. Six months after his arrival he was appointed Vicar general. In 1824 he was sent to Northern Ohio to take charge of the missions and stations in Columbiana and Stark counties, attending them for a few months from the Dominican Convent in Perry county. November, 1824, he was appointed resident pastor of St. John's, Canton, where he remained till his death, September 3, 1828. In compliance with his wish his remains were interred beneath the eaves of the south side of the church which had been built under his direction. Some years later, however, they were reinterred in the center of St. John's Cemetery and a plain white marble slab placed over them, containing, in classical latin, an epitaph composed by Father Henni, descriptive, in brief, of his virtues and worth.

Father Hill was a man of commanding, soldierly appearance, due no doubt to his early military training. He was an eloquent preacher, a keen controversialist, a thorough scholar, and as a priest a living example of sacerdotal virtues.

138. HILLS, Rev. E. M. W., a convert from Anglicanism, studied for the priesthood for some time at Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Cincinnati; was ordained for the diocese of Covington by Bishop Toebbe, in 1871, and stationed at Immaculate Conception Church, Newport, Ky., till 1873, when he came to the diocese of Cleveland. Bishop Gilmour sent him to South Thompson, where he remained till 1875. His next appointment, after a few months illness, was Kelley's Island, November, 1876, which charge he held till July, 1878, when he left the diocese and the ministry, and again joined the Anglican sect, of which he is at present a minister.

139. HIPELIUS, Rev. Edward, was born at Stadtlauringen, Bavaria, February 7, 1836; studied at the Royal College of Muennerstadt, Bavaria, St. Vincent's College, Westmoreland county, Pa., and at Rome. In the last mentioned place he received the Doctorate in canon law. He was ordained for the Benedictines by Bishop Young, of Erie, August 8, 1858. Became a secular priest, and was in this diocese, as pastor of Holy Family church, New Cleveland, from May, 1878, to June 20, 1880, when he left. He is now in the diocese of Albany.

140. HOFFMANN, Rev. —, D.D., a native of Strassburg, France, was pastor of St. John's, Canton, from 1836 to 1837, whence he also attended Louisville, Stark county, and Doylestown, Wayne county. No other record of him.

141. HOMBURGER, Rev. Maximilian (Sanguinist), was born at Gruenkraut, Wuerttemberg, Germany, in 1817. Came to United States in 1844, and after completing his studies under direction of Very Rev. Father Brunner, was ordained by Bishop Rappe, February 28, 1848. He did pastoral duty at Thompson (1848-53) and Glandorf, 1853, till June, 1854, when he returned to Europe, where he did pastoral duty in

various dioceses as a Sanguinist, till his death, at Wolpertswende, Wuerttemberg, May 28, 1875. He was a model religious, and a zealous priest.

142. HORSTMANN, Rev. William John, was born, 1778, in Germany; ordained in Osnabrueck about 1803; was professor for many years in Westphalia; came to the United States in 1833, with a band of emigrants, and with them settled in Putnam county, O., and founded the village and congregation of Glandorf, where in the midst of hardships and privations, he labored among his flock till his death, February 21, 1843. He attended Fort Jennings from Glandorf; first from 1834 to 1840, and then as successor to Rev. Father Herzog in 1841. His remains are buried in Glandorf, where the congregation, in grateful remembrance of his labors among them, erected (1883) a beautiful and costly monument over his grave.

143. HOURS, Rev. Francis (Basilian), was born, 1834, at Ardeche, France; educated at Annonay, and ordained at Viviers, France, in 1856. Was in this diocese as Superior of Louisville College, from 1867 to 1873. Is at present doing pastoral duty at Owen Sound, diocese of Hamilton, Ont.

144. HOWARD, Rev. Maurice, was born in the parish of Effin, County Limerick, Ireland, January 4, 1813. He began his ecclesiastical studies in Ireland and finished them in this country. He was ordained in the old cathedral at Cincinnati by Bishop Purcell, October 23, 1842. Doylestown was his first charge, December 25, 1842, to February 25, 1846, whence he also attended Mansfield, Wooster and Cuyahoga Falls. He was then sent to take charge of St. Mary's, on the Flats, Cleveland, where he remained till January 22, 1848, when he received the pastorate of St. Mary's, Tiffin. There he remained till he left the diocese, May 1, 1850. From Doylestown he attended missions in Richland, Crawford, Medina, Summit, Portage and Mahoning counties, and occasionally in Huron county. From Cleveland he also attended missions in Geauga and Lake counties. After leaving this diocese he was appointed pastor of St. Raphael's church, Springfield, Ohio, remaining till November 1863, when he was received

into the diocese of Chicago, and appointed pastor of Galesburg, February, 1864 to August, 1877; and of St. Augustin's, Knox county (now in the diocese of Peoria), August, 1877, to May, 1878. He was then affiliated with the diocese of Dubuque, and appointed pastor of St. Francis de Sales' church, Keokuk, Iowa. This charge he held from May, 1878, till his death, February 25, 1887.

145. HUNT, Rev. James, was born at Gurteen, County Sligo, Ireland, in 1849; began his studies for the ministry in Ireland and completed them in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland; was ordained at Notre Dame, Ind., by Bishop Gilmour, August 8, 1874. For some years previous to his ordination he failed in health and never recovered; was sent as assistant to St. Columba's, Youngstown, where he died, October 31, 1875. He was a talented young priest, and a thorough ecclesiastic. His remains rest in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland.

146. IVERS, Rev. Michael, was born, educated and ordained in Ireland; was in this diocese from 1869 till 1873, first as *locum tenens* at St. Francis', Toledo, for several months, then as assistant at the cathedral, whence he also attended Niles, during 1871. He left the diocese in 1873. No record of him till his death at sea, where, October 14, 1881, he was lost from the steamer *Havana*, on its way from Europe to Baltimore.

147. JACOMET, Rev. John B. (Sanguinist), was born in Switzerland, June 17, 1811; ordained for the Sanguinists at Feldkirch, Austria; by Bishop Fuender, May 11, 1843. He remained with the Sanguinists till 1845, when he was appointed assistant to Rev. J. H. Luhr, at St. Peter's, Canton, where he remained till 1851. During this time he also attended St. Mary's, Massillon, Navarre, and occasionally St. John's, Canton. He also attended Tiffin, about 1845. In 1852 he left the diocese. In March, 1886, he returned to the Sanguinists, and now resides with them in Mercer county, Ohio.

148. JECKER, Rev. Modestus, was born, educated and ordained in France; was received into this diocese in 1868, and appointed pastor of St. Joseph's, Toledo, where he



remained till January, 1878. Whilst at St. Josephs', he also established and, for six months in 1871, had charge of St. Louis' congregation, East Toledo, and again for a few months in 1872. He left the diocese in 1878 and returned to France, where he died, December, 1885.

149. JUNCKER, Rt. Rev. Henry Damian, was born August 22, 1809, at Fenetrange, Lorraine, France; came to America in 1831. He was elevated to the priesthood by Bishop Purcell, March 16, 1834. He was the first priest ordained by that prelate. He did pastoral duty at Holy Trinity Church, Cincinnati, till 1836, when he was sent to St. John's, Canton, whence he attended Circleville, Portsmouth, Zanesville and occasionally Louisville, Stark county, and Peru, Huron county. In 1837 he was appointed pastor of Chilli-cothe, remaining till 1844, when he was sent to Emmanuel Church, Dayton. This charge he retained till his elevation to the episcopate, as first bishop of Alton, April 26, 1857. Whilst stationed at Dayton he attended Springfield, Urbana, and, during April and May, 1847, he did missionary work among the Catholic Germans of Cleveland. He was a saintly priest and bishop. Died October 2, 1868.

150. JUNG, Rev. August, was born in France, diocese of Strassburg, in 1842; ordained by Bishop Rappe, December 21, 1867; had charge of Randolph from July, 1868, till February, 1869, when he left the diocese and went to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's Church.

151. KAERCHER, Rev. Fidelis (Franciscan), was born at Ersingen, Baden, October 21, 1847; came to United States in 1852; ordained November 1, 1873; was in Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1875 to 1881; had pastoral charge of Parma from July, 1879, to January, 1881; and of Independence from February, 1869, to September, 1880. During this time was also professor in St. Joseph's College, Cleveland, closed since 1880. He is now in the diocese of Alton, Ill.

152. KANZLEITER, Rev. John B. (Jesuit), was born February 28, 1828, at Bierlingen, Wuerttemberg; ordained



January 6, 1860; came to United States, September, 1869; was stationed at St. Mary's, Toledo, as assistant, October, (1869-70), and then as pastor, to March, 1872. He then left the diocese and Jesuits in 1889 and became a secular priest. He is now in the diocese of Chicago.

153. KEARNEY, Rev. James F., was born in Frederick county, Md., in 1820; educated for the ministry at Cincinnati; ordained by Bishop Purcell, December 28, 1844, and sent to Steubenville as assistant to Rev. James Conlan. In 1845 and 1846 he attended East Liverpool and Wellsville from Steubenville, where he was pastor at the time. Later he exercised the ministry at Springfield, Hamilton, and for many years at Urbana, where died January 10, 1878.

154. KELLEY, Rev. Bernard B., was born at Cavan, Ireland, October 28, 1845; educated at Fordham and St. Xavier's College, New York, and St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland; ordained by Bishop Rappe, January 20, 1868. He had the following charges in this diocese: Cleveland, St. Patrick's, as assistant, February to May, 1868; Niles, to May, 1871; Cleveland, St. Bridget's, to August, 1874; Summitville, December, 1874 to February, 1876; Warren, May, 1876 to February, 1877; Toledo, St. Patrick's, as assistant, to October, 1877; St. Mary's Corners, Fulton county, December, 1880 to February, 1881. Since last mentioned date he has had no pastoral charge. During the *interims* between his appointments, he was in Cleveland, Kentucky, Illinois, Dakota, Texas, Oregon and Mexico.

155. KENDELER, Rev. —, was in the diocese at Glanford, Putnam county, for a few months during 1856, as assistant. No other record of him.

156. KENNEDY, Rev. Edward (Basilian), was born in Toronto, Canada, in 1846; educated at St. Michael's College, Toronto; ordained at London, Ont., by Bishop Walsh, May 1, 1872. Was at Louisville, Stark county, as one of the professors of St. Louis' College, between 1872-73, and then returned to Canada. Died at Toronto, June 24, 1876.

157. KENNEDY, Rev. Michael, a native of Ireland, was ordained by Bishop Rappe, July, 1852. His first appointment till December, 1852, was as assistant to Rev. James Monahan, pastor at Dungannon. He also attended Summitville, in 1853. He was pastor of St. John's, Canton, from July, 1853, till November, 1854, when he was sent to St. Patrick's, Cleveland, to take charge of that congregation during the absence of Very Rev. James Conlan, till September, 1855. Meanwhile he continued the erection of St. Patrick's Church, on Whitman street, begun by Father Conlan. During this time he also attended St. Patrick's, Rockport, and Berea, 1854. Left the diocese and was received into that of Cincinnati. His last charge there was as pastor at Chillicothe. He died at St. John's Hospital, Cincinnati, January 13, 1864. His remains repose in St. Peter and Paul's Cemetery, Sandusky.

158. KLEEKAM, Rev. Sebastian (Franciscan), was born at Elbroch, diocese of Paderborn, Germany, April 25, 1844; ordained August 12, 1869; belonged to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1869 to 1871, meanwhile (1870) attending Independence and Parma. Died at Sherman, Mo., September 13, 1875.

159. KOCKEROLS, Rev. William (Jesuit), was born at Wuerm, diocese of Cologne, August 3, 1824; entered the Society of Jesus, October 30, 1855, and made the regular course of studies for the ministry under direction of the Jesuits; was ordained priest at Maria Laach by Archbishop Melchers, of Cologne, September 14, 1868; came to this country in August, 1869, and was a member of the community of Jesuit Fathers at Buffalo, whence he attended a number of missions, till February, 1875, when he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's, Toledo. This charge he held till June, 1886. Whilst holding this latter charge he directed the building of the present, large and well-appointed school, also of the pastoral residence, both very fine brick buildings. From Toledo he was sent to Prairie-du-Chien, Wis., where he is now stationed.

160. KOEHN, Rev. John, was born in Niederlahnstein,

Nassau-Limburg, September 10, 1835, ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 24, 1866; had charge of the missions of Marblehead, La Prairie and Toussaint, also of Port Clinton, where he resided from July, 1866 to March, 1868. From December, 1868, to February, 1869, he was pastor of Kelly's Island; and then received the pastorate of Randolph, where he remained till March, 1875. His next charge was St. Mary's, Massillon, March 20, 1875, to March 1, 1879, during which time he began the present magnificent church. His health failing he was unable to carry the burden of attending so large a congregation as St. Mary's, hence he resigned on last mentioned date (March, 1879) and went to Charity Hospital, Cleveland, where he rallied sufficiently, he thought, to resume pastoral work. Bishop Gilmour then appointed him pastor of Bismarck (Sherman), April, 1879, but in October of same year he was again obliged to resign because of his shattered health. After a lingering illness and much suffering he died at Bismarck, January 24, 1880. There also his remains repose. Father Koehn was a hard-working, self-sacrificing priest.

161. KOENEN, Rev. N., was assistant to Rev. F. Westerholt at Defiance for some months, between 1856 and 1857. He also attended Providence during this time. He left the diocese in 1857.

162. KOHLER, Rev. Peter, a Swiss, studied for a time with the Sanguinists at Thompson, and was there ordained deacon by Bishop Purcell, in 1844. Shortly after this he returned to Switzerland, but came back within a year. Nearly eleven years after his ordination as deacon, Bishop Rappe received him and ordained him a priest, December 31, 1854. He was sent to Shelby Settlement as assistant; was next stationed at Navarre, from which place he attended Canal Fulton and Doylestown. In the summer of 1855 he left the diocese. No other record of him.

163. KOLOPP, Rev. Hyacinthe N. M., was born at Abreschwiller, diocese of Nancy, Lorraine, May 7, 1850. He made part of his ecclesiastical studies at Fenetrange and Pont-a-Mousson, France, and completed them at St. Mary's

Seminary, Cleveland, having been received in 1870 on the recommendation of his uncle, Rev. Peter Kolopp, as a student for this diocese. August 8, 1874, he was ordained by Bishop Gilmour. His first appointment was Elmore, whence he attended the missions of Genoa, Oak Harbor and Woodville. December, 1875, he was appointed to take charge of Antwerp, with the missions of Cecil, Delaware Bend and Junction, besides a number of stations, some of which have since developed into missions. Providence, Lucas county, was his next pastoral charge, from April 10, 1877, to August, 1883. From Providence he attended Bowling Green, where he secured several lots on which, under his direction, the present church was built. August 19, 1883, he assumed charge of his last appointment, Holy Trinity congregation, Bucyrus, where the beautiful church, completed in the fall of 1886, was erected during his pastorate. He died at Bucyrus, March 22, 1887.

164. KOLOPP, Rev. Peter, was born at Heinrichsdorf, Lorraine, France, July 4, 1834; made his ecclesiastical studies in Phalsburg, Lorraine; was received into the diocese of Alton by Bishop Juncker, and by him ordained July 14, 1858; was received into the diocese of Cleveland, October, 1864, and sent as assistant to Rev. L. Hoffer, Louisville, Ohio, where he remained till June, 1866. He was then, successively, pastor of Doylestown, June, 1866, to August, 1870; Six Mile Woods till October, 1875; St. Peter's, Norwalk, till June, 1881, and Avon till May, 1883. After an illness of nearly eight months he died at St. Vincent's Hospital, Toledo, November, 20, 1883.

165. KRAMER, Rev. J. J., was born, educated and ordained in Alsace; was received into this diocese in 1853, and sent as assistant to Rev. J. H. Luhr, at St. Peter's, Cleveland. November, 1854, he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's, Cleveland, and remained in charge till May, 1856, when he was sent to Dungannon. This charge he held till he left the diocese, July of same year. He was then received into the diocese of Alton. Later he returned to Europe, where he died in 1882.

166. KRAMER, Rev. Maria Anton (Sanguinist), was born at Hirschbach, Wuerttemberg, February 3, 1817; came to the United States October, 1852, and was ordained at New Riegel for the Sanguinists by Bishop Rappe, November 21, 1853; did pastoral work in this diocese, off and on, between 1855 and 1877, at Avon, French Creek, Thompson, New Riegel and Glandorf. At other times he was on missions in the dioceses of Cincinnati and Fort Wayne. His last charge in this diocese was at Thompson, from December, 1874, till his death, February 17, 1877.

167. KRASNEY, Rev. Anthony, was born, educated and ordained in Bohemia; came to this country in 1857, and was stationed for a while in New York city; was received into this diocese in May, 1858, and from St. Peter's, Cleveland, attended Independence till 1862, when he was appointed first pastor of St. Joseph's, on Woodland avenue. There he remained in charge till October, 1867, when he was appointed the first pastor of St. Wenceslas' (Bohemian) congregation, Cleveland, then organized by Bishop Rappe. Because of ill health he resigned this charge, October, 1869, and died at Charity Hospital, Cleveland, March 3, 1870. He was a fine German and Bohemian scholar. He had been in bad health for some years previous to his death, and much of his sickness could be traced to the unkind treatment he received from his countrymen of St. Wenceslas' congregation, who embittered his life by their un-Catholic spirit; also to the severity of prison life he endured in Austria from 1849 to 1857 as a prisoner of war, because of the part he took in the "Czech movement" in 1848.

168. KREUSCH, Rev. Matthias (Sanguinist), was born at Longwich, near Schweich, diocese of Treves, Prussia, October 7, 1820; came to United States, December, 1843; was ordained for the Sanguinists by Bishop Purcell, June 10, 1845; had pastoral charge of the Catholic Germans of Cleveland, about 1848; attended Avon from July, 1849 to July, 1850, and again from July to December, 1856; was also at New Riegel, Thompson and Glandorf, 1856-65. Then, till his death, he



was on duty in other dioceses where the Sanguinists had charge of congregations. In 1859 he attended Lima, where he built the first church. He died near Minster, O., of cholera morbus, July 21, 1874. "Father Matthias," as he was called, did much good for religion. He was a saintly priest, a man without guile.

169. KREUSCH, Rev. John Peter, brother to Rev. M. Kreusch, was born at Lougwich, diocese of Treves; Prussia, December 2, 1818; educated for the ministry at Castle Loewenburg, Switzerland, Cincinnati and Cleveland. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, November 19, 1848, and had the following charges in this diocese: assistant at St. Mary's on the "Flats," Cleveland, from 1848 to 1851; French Creek, as resident pastor, with charge of Sheffield, 1851 to 1852; Shelby Settlement, with Bucyrus, Crestline, Galion, Loudonville, Mansfield and New Washington as missions, from 1852 to 1853; Galion, 1853 to 1854. He then left the diocese and was received into the diocese of Vincennes, where he remained till 1859. He was then affiliated with the diocese of Wheeling, where he has been since.

170. KUEHR, Rev. Ferdinand, D.D., was born at Eslohe, Prussia, August 25, 1806; made his studies for the priesthood at the Propaganda, Rome, and was there ordained by Cardinal Reisach, August 10, 1830. He was stationed at St. John's, Canton, as temporary pastor, November, 1837, to January, 1838. He was pastor of St. Mary's Church, Covington, from 1841 to November 20, 1870, the date of his death.

171. KUEMIN, Rev. Charles, a Swiss, was born in 1802. He was in this diocese from May, 1865, till February 27, 1867, as pastor of Kelley's Island, with charge of Put-in-Bay as a mission. Before coming here he served seven years in the diocese of Buffalo, and six years in that of Chicago. In 1867 he returned to his native country, Switzerland, and died the following year in the hospital at Chur, aged 66.

172. KUHNMUENCH, Rev. Peter (Sanguinist), was born at Nerbach, Baden, October 31, 1843; educated for the ministry at Bischofsheim, Baden, and at Carthagera, Mercer

county, O.; ordained at Cincinnati for the Sanguinists by Archbishop Purcell, June 24, 1876; was in this diocese from July, 1881, to September, 8, 1884, as assistant at New Riegel. He is now stationed in the diocese of Cincinnati.

173. KUNKLER, V. Rev. Andrew (Sanguinist), was born at Glotterthal, Baden, November 25, 1825; in the United States since 1843; ordained at New Riegel for the Sanguinists by Bishop Rappe, February 23, 1848. The only appointment he held in this diocese was St. John's, Glandorf, from 1848 to 1849, and assistant at St. Michael's, Thompson, from April to September, 1857; from 1858 to 1874 he was Provincial of the Sanguinists in this country. He is at present stationed at Sedalia, Mo.

174. LAIS, Rev. Joseph, was born at Griessheim, Baden, September 29, 1829; after devoting several years to studies under the Benedictines in Switzerland he came to America, March, 1852, and entered the Cleveland Diocesan Seminary. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, July 8, 1855. His first mission was St. Mary's, Massillon, of which he had charge from 1855 to 1858. Then he was pastor of Navarre (Bethlehem), 1859-60; of Doylestown, with charge of Canal Fulton and French Settlement as missions, (1860-62). In 1862 he was appointed resident pastor of Canal Fulton, attending several missions from this place. There he remained till 1867, when he again received the pastorate of St. Mary's, Massillon, retaining this appointment till he died, February 5, 1875. His remains are buried in St. Mary's Cemetery, Massillon. Father Laïs took special interest in Catholic schools. Whilst at Massillon he erected the present handsome, commodious school. He was ever faithful to his sacerdotal duties, and leaves the record of a devoted and true priest.

175. LAUX, Rev. Alphonse (Sanguinist), was born September 11, 1835, in the town of Stolzenberg, Grand-Duchy of Luxemburg. He came to this country in 1859 and was ordained at Cincinnati for the Sanguinists by Archbishop Purcell, November 7, 1861. From 1862 to 1863 he was

stationed at New Riegel, whence he attended Berwick, St. Patrick's Settlement, McCutchenville and Crawfordsville. In 1864 he attended Bismarck (Sherman) from Thompson. In 1869 he was appointed pastor of New Riegel. July, 1875, whilst directing the building of the present beautiful church at New Riegel, (begun during his pastorate) he fell and broke one of his legs, and has since been more or less unable to do pastoral duty. From 1877 to February, 1880 he assisted the pastor of Glandorf. Since then he has held the position of chaplain in various hospitals and asylums. He is now stationed at Jersey City, N. J., charged with a similar position.

176. LEDDY, Rev. James H., was born at Newark, N. J., May 14, 1837; made his ecclesiastical studies at St. Mary's College, Wilmington, Del. and Seton Hall, N. J. He was ordained for the diocese of Buffalo by Bishop Timon, March 18, 1863. He was in this diocese between 1876 and 1877, at the cathedral for two months as assistant; then pastor for four months at Van Wert, when he returned to the diocese of Buffalo, where he has been since.

177. LEITER, Rev. Anselm (Jesuit), was born January 20, 1826, at Ulznach, Canton St. Gallen, Switzerland; ordained September 15, 1855; in the United States since September, 1880; was local Superior of the Jesuits at Toledo from September, 1884 to May, 1885. He is now in Prairie-du-Chien, Wis.

178. LEWANDOWSKI, Rev. Vincent, a native of Gralewoposen, Austria, was born May 31, 1841. He made his collegiate studies in the gymnasium of the city of Posen, and his theological course with the Franciscans, in the same city, for whose Order he was ordained, October 30, 1864. He became a secular priest, and was in this diocese as pastor of St. Hedwig's (Polish) congregation, Toledo, from October, 1875, till July, 1885, when he left the diocese. From St. Hedwig's he attended St. Anthony's congregation, Toledo, which he organized, and whose church was built under his direction.

This latter charge he held from November, 1882, till August, 1884. He is now stationed in the diocese of Milwaukee.

179. LINDESMITH, Rev. Edward W. J., a native of Ohio, was born in Center township, Columbiana county, September 7, 1827. He made his studies for the ministry at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, July 8, 1855. Doylestown was his first pastoral charge, together with the missions of Canal Fulton, French Settlement and Marshallville, July, 1855, to February, 1858. St. John's, Canton, was his next appointment, with New Berlin as a mission, February, 1858, to October, 1868. From this date to May, 1872, he was resident pastor of Alliance, meanwhile attending Leetonia. May, 1872, Bishop Gilmour appointed him first resident pastor of Leetonia. There he resided till July, 1880, when he accepted his present honorable position as chaplain of the U. S. Army, Bishop Gilmour having granted him temporary leave of absence from the diocese. His residence is at Fort Keogh, Montana.

180. LOCHERT, Rev. Gabriel M., was born, 1810, at Niederlauterbach, Alsace; educated and ordained in Alsace, France. He came to the diocese of Cleveland in the spring of 1859, and was appointed first resident pastor of Navarre (Bethlehem), where after a brief illness he died July 13, of the same year.

181. LUDWIG, Rev. Frederick C., a native of the Duchy of Braunschweig, Germany, was born of Protestant parents in the town of Wolfenbuettel, January 13, 1823. After his entry into the Church he made his studies for the priesthood at the Seminaries of St. Mary's, Cleveland, and St. Sulpice, Paris. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, July 3, 1864. Louisville was his first appointment, August to October, 1864. He then, successively, had pastoral charge of the following places: Dungannon, October, 1864, to February, 1867; Peru, to March, 1868; Rockport and Independence, to May, 1869; Shelby Settlement, to December, 1869. He then became sick and was a pensioner of the Infirm Priest's Fund from January, 1870, to October, 1882. He was then assigned

the pastorate of St. Peter's, Norwalk, where he remained only till January, 1883, when he was appointed assistant at St. Stephen's, Cleveland, February to July, 1883. Again he was on the "sick-list" till December, 1886, when he left the diocese. His present residence is not known to the writer.

182. LUHR, Very Rev. John Henry, was born at Steinfeld, Oldenburg, diocese of Muenster, April 21, 1808, and was ordained to the priesthood September 21, 1831. In 1844 he was received into the diocese of Cincinnati, at that time comprising the state of Ohio. After a short stay in Cincinnati, the pastorate of St. John's, Canton, was assigned him. This position he held from October, 1844, till the organization, by him, of St. Peter's congregation, Canton, June, 1845. During 1848 he also attended Randolph for a few months. February, 1853, he was transferred from Canton to Cleveland, where he organized St. Peter's congregation, whose first school and present church were built under his direction. He was pastor of the last mentioned congregation till January, 1868, when he left the diocese and returned to Cincinnati, where he was appointed pastor of St. Augustine's. This position he held till his death, August 2, 1872. Whilst at Canton he also had charge of Massillon (where he built the first church), Navarre and New Berlin. He was one of Bishop Rappe's Vicars-general from 1854 to 1868. Father Luhr was a faithful priest, full of zeal, and an earnest worker in the cause of religion.

183. MCALEER, Rev. Michael, born in County Tyrone, Ireland, March 4, 1811; was ordained by Bishop Purcell, 1838; did pastoral work at Canton, Navarre and Dungannon, between 1838 and 1840. He then left Ohio and went to the diocese of Nashville with Bishop Miles, and was stationed at Memphis, Tenn., where he remained some years. Later he was received into the diocese of New York; was appointed pastor of St. Columba's, New York city, where he died February 22, 1881.

184. MCCAFFREY, Rev. Patrick, was born in New York state, October, 1841; made his preparatory course of studies in Cleveland, Louisville, Ohio, and finished same in St. Mary's



Seminary, Cleveland, where, July 17, 1870, he was ordained for this diocese by Bishop Mullen, of Erie. His first appointment was St. Ann's, Briar Hill, from which place he attended as missions Girard and Struthers. In the latter place, as also at Briar Hill, he built the present churches. Being of delicate health he was obliged, with great reluctance, to resign his charge, April, 1872. He then went to live with his parents at Toledo, to receive the care and attention he so much needed. Every effort was made to restore health but without avail. Though he said Mass and occasionally preached at St. Patrick's and St. Francis de Sales' Churches, Toledo, he was unable to do any serious or continued pastoral duty. For two years after leaving Briar Hill, he suffered greatly, but patiently, till death's summons came, April 7, 1874. His remains are buried at Toledo.

185. MCGANN, Rev. Francis, was born, 1823, in County Roscommon, Ireland; came to America in 1837; was received as a student by Bishop Rappe in 1848, and ordained by him September 8th, 1850. He was at once appointed pastor of St. Vincent's, Akron, where he remained till August, 1855, meanwhile attending Youngstown and Ravenna (1854-55). He established a parochial school at Akron. Bishop Rappe then recalled him to Cleveland, directing him to attend Rockport, Berea and Olmsted. Unwilling to accept this appointment he left the diocese, and was received by Bishop O'Regan, of Chicago, under whose jurisdiction he remained about two years. Next he was in the diocese of Milwaukee, where, as pastor of Mineral Point, Wis., he died September 18, 1870.

186. MCGLONE, Rev. J. B., was born in the parish of Glenfarn, diocese of Kilmore, Ireland, December 23, 1853; came with his relatives some years later to America, and for a time lived in the diocese of Providence. He made his ecclesiastical studies at St. Michael's College, Toronto, and Holy Angels' Seminary, near Niagara Falls; was received by Bishop Gilmour as a student for this diocese, January, 1881, and by him ordained April 1, 1882. His first appointment

was as assistant at Holy Name Church, Cleveland, where he remained till February, 1883. In the following month he was sent to St. Columba's, Youngstown, as assistant to Father Mears. March, 1884, he became seriously ill, and till his death, at Providence, R. I., August 12, 1884, was unable to do duty.

187. MCGOVERN, Rev. Francis, a native of parish Kinawley, County Cavan, Ireland, was born March 18, 1843. He commenced his studies for the priesthood in his native diocese of Kilmore. In 1868 he came to the United States and entered the Augustinian college at Villanova, Delaware county, Pa., where he remained about one year, when he was admitted to the diocesan seminary of Philadelphia. In 1873 he was received for this diocese by Bishop Gilmour, who ordained him June 7th of the same year, and then stationed him at the cathedral as one of the assistants. This position he held for three years, when he was appointed pastor of St. Ann's, Briar Hill. Such he was from June, 1876, till his death (after five weeks' illness), August 28, 1887. While stationed at Briar Hill, he also attended Mineral Ridge and Lowellville as missions till 1881.

188. MCGRADY, Rev. John H. M. (Dominican), born in 1799, of Irish parentage, was ordained at Cincinnati by Bishop Fenwick in 1822. He had pastoral charge of Dungannon from November, 1830, to February, 1834, residing there as first resident priest from January, 1831, to November, 1833. From Dungannon he also attended, occasionally, Canal Fulton, Canton and Youngstown. He died at St. Rose's, Kentucky, December 27, 1838.

189. MCGRATH, Rev. Patrick C., born near Melleray Abbey, Ireland, was ordained for the diocese of Erie by Bishop Mullen in 1869; was received into the diocese of Rochester in 1870, where he remained till 1878, when Bishop Gilmour received him. He was sent to St. Mary's, Tiffin, as assistant to Rev. M. Healy; remained but a few months when he left the diocese and was received by the Bishop of Peoria, whose subject he was till death, July 21, 1882. He died at

St. Mary's Hospital, Milwaukee, where he had gone for medical treatment.

190. McLAUGHLIN, Rev. Peter, a native of Ireland, was born in 1805. He was ordained at Cincinnati, in 1840, by Bishop Purcell, and sent to Cleveland as its third resident pastor. There he finished St. Mary's Church on the Flats, begun by his predecessor, Father O'Dwyer. From Cleveland he attended Avon, 1840-42; South Thompson, Akron, Cuyahoga Falls, Ravenna and Painesville, 1840-45; and Randolph, occasionally, 1841-2. Left Cleveland in 1846 and went to the diocese of Milwaukee, where he remained a short time. Was then received into the diocese of Brooklyn (1854) and later into that of Portland, Me.; died as pastor of Bath, same diocese, March 12, 1861, aged fifty-six years. His remains are buried in Calvary Cemetery, Portland, Me. "Father Peter," as he was familiarly called, was a zealous priest, an eloquent preacher and an excellent controversialist. In 1843 he wrote a series of interesting articles for the *Catholic Telegraph*, in which he showed himself a pungent and forcible writer.

191. McLOY, Rev. John B., was in this diocese as assistant to Rev. Joseph F. Gallagher, pastor of Holy Name Church, Cleveland, from February to May, 1883. No other record of him.

192. McNAMEE, Rev. Joseph, came to this country from Ireland about 1836. He was ordained at Cincinnati, in the absence of Bishop Purcell, by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Chabrat of Bardstown, Ky., April 8, 1839. After a few months of pastoral duty at Cincinnati, he was sent to St. Mary's, Tiffin, October, 1839. There he remained till July, 1847, meanwhile attending Maumee; Toledo and Providence, 1840-41; Findlay, New Riegel, McCutchenville and Fremont, between 1839-43. In July, 1847, he left the diocese of Cincinnati. He died at Pawtucket, R. I., (diocese of Providence), March 28, 1853. He was a faithful and zealous priest.

193. MACHEBEUF, Rt. Rev. Joseph Projectus, was born at Riom, Preu-de-Dome, diocese of Clermont, France, August

11, 1812; made his studies at Riöm, at St. Sulpice and Mont-Ferrand, France. He was ordained at Clermont by Bishop Feron, December 21, 1836. After nearly three years of priestly labor in his native country he came to the diocese of Cincinnati, August, 1839, and in the following month was sent to Tiffin, as pastor of St. Mary's, remaining till October of same year, when he organized and took pastoral charge of Holy Angels' congregation, Sandusky, where he built the first church (Holy Angels'). From Sandusky he also attended Fremont, where he organized St. Ann's congregation, directing the building of their present church. He was stationed at Sandusky till January, 1851, when on invitation of his lifelong friend, Bishop Lamy, he went to New Mexico. He labored there and in Colorado on the hard and scattered missions of these territories, till his consecration as Vicar apostolic of Colorado, August 15th, 1868, which responsible position he still holds.

194. MAESFRANCX, Rev. Elias, was born in Belgium, October 5, 1819; ordained in 1846; came to United States in 1866; was received into this diocese by Bishop Rappe in 1867, and sent to Delphos as assistant to Rev. F. Westerholt, when after a short stay he was transferred to St. John's, Landeck, Allen county, as first resident pastor. This charge he left in April of the following year, when he was received into the diocese of Detroit by Bishop Lefevre. He remained there a few years and then returned to his native country, where he now resides.

195. MARECHAL, Rev. John B., was born in Normandy, France, May 17, 1812; ordained for the diocese of Arras in 1835; was received by Bishop Rappe in 1850 and appointed pastor at Louisville, which charge he held from September, 1850, till September, 1851, when he was appointed professor in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. He was connected with the seminary and assisted in the parochial work at the cathedral till June, 1855. He then he returned to France to assist the celebrated Abbe Migne, in publishing the voluminous edition of the Fathers of the Church, a work for which by his scholarly

attainments he was eminently fitted. He was a "book-worm," a learned man and a pious priest. By too close application to study in his latter years his sight became greatly impaired so that he could no longer pursue the work he had undertaken in France. He then retired to a convent as chaplain, which position he held till he died, December, 1882.

196. MARSCHAL, Rev. John A., a native of East Prussia, and for a time a Dominican, was born at Allenstein, in 1819; ordained in 1844; was in the diocese of Cleveland from 1866 to April, 1867, as pastor of Maumee. Bishop Rappe then dismissed him and for a number of years he was on the mission elsewhere, viz.: in the dioceses of Chicago and Milwaukee. October, 1877, he was again received into the diocese by Bishop Gilmour, to whom he was a stranger. He was appointed pastor of the Poles, in Cleveland, then worshipping in St. Mary's, on the "Flats." He also attended Parma as a mission from January, till March, 1878; Brighton, from October, 1877, to January, 1879, at which last date he left the diocese and returned to Europe.

197. MARSHALL, Rev. Francis, was born in Adams county, Pa.; attended Chippewa, near Doylestown, in 1827. No other record of him.

198. MARTE, Rev. Jacob (Sanguinist), was born at Rankweil, diocese of Brixen, Austria, in the year 1843; came to United States in 1860; was ordained for the Sanguinists, June 6, 1866; was in this diocese as pastor of New Cleveland from August, 1872, to April, 1873; assistant at Glandorf till July, 1877, and as pastor of Big Springs (where he built the present church) till August, 1882, when he returned to Europe, where he now is.

199. MARTIN, Rev. Edward, was born at Grenoble, France, about 1827. After following the profession of a lawyer for a few years he became a Franciscan, went to Rome and was there ordained priest. Later he left the Franciscan Order, and in 1863 came to America, when he was received into this diocese and appointed one of the professors at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. In 1864 he was appointed



pastor of Harrisburg, remaining till 1865, when he left the diocese.

200. MARTIN, Rev. Thomas H. (Dominican), was ordained by Bishop Fenwick in 1822; attended Dungannon and several missions in Stark and Wayne counties between 1825 and 1827, and was the first priest to visit (1826) the Catholics of Cleveland. He was assistant pastor of St. John's, Canton, in 1830, and again from July to December, 1835. He died in New York city May 10, 1859.

201. MAUCLERC, Rev. A. L., was born about 1820, and ordained in France; received into the diocese of Cleveland in 1859, and appointed pastor of St. Peter's, Norwalk, remaining till the beginning of the year 1861, when for a few months he had charge of St. Louis' congregation, Louisville, Ohio. He then left the diocese to join the Society of Mary, near Dayton, where he remained till 1876, when he returned to France (St. Remy), and died there May 6, 1876.

202. MAZURET, Rev. Peter Patrick, was born at Rouse's Point, N. Y., in 1834; made his studies for the priesthood at the Sulpitian Seminary, Montreal, and was ordained at Sandwich, Ont., by Bishop Pinsouneault, March 15, 1863. He was on the mission in Canada till August, 1864, and in the diocese of Buffalo till 1874, when he was received into the diocese of Cleveland and appointed one of the cathedral assistants. March, 1875, he was sent to Defiance to organize the present congregation of Our Lady of Perpetual Help. Under his direction their beautiful church was also begun and partly finished. He left the diocese January 4, 1877, and was received into the diocese of Cincinnati, where he is at present.

203. MEILI, Rev. Aloysius Maria, was born of Protestant parents at Zurich, Switzerland, March 8, 1840; entered the Church when about twenty-eight years of age; made his studies at Zurich, Basel, Spring Hills (near Mobile), St. Mary's Seminary, Cincinnati, and St. Meinrad's, Ind.; was ordained for the diocese of Fort Wayne by Bishop Luers, February 27, 1870. Came to the diocese of Cleveland, September, 1872,

and was appointed assistant at St. Joseph's, Tiffin, remaining till July, 1873, when he was appointed pastor of Crestline. There he remained till March 20, 1874, when he left his charge and the diocese.—July, 1883, he assumed pastoral duty in the diocese of Leavenworth, Kansas, where he has since been engaged on the mission.

204. MERTES, Rev. Anthony, was born at Wagenhausen, diocese of Treves, Prussia, January 8, 1826; ordained at Treves by Bishop Arnoldi, March 23, 1853. Did pastoral duty in his native diocese till expelled, in 1876, by the Prussian government, under the May laws. April, 1876, he came to the diocese of Cleveland, and was appointed pastor of New Bavaria. March, 1879, he was transferred to Edgerton, with charge of Florence as a mission. August, 1883, he returned to Europe, where he still resides.

205. MEYER, Rev. Maria Anton (Sanguinist), was born at Aesch, Canton Basel, Switzerland, February, 21, 1817; studied for the ministry at Graubundten, Switzerland; was ordained at Feldkirch, Austria, September 8, 1843; came to Ohio in 1843, and till 1846 had pastoral charge of the following places: Peru, Thompson, Tiffin, New Riegel; also attended the Catholic settlers in Huron, Richland, Crawford, Hancock, Stark, Wayne, Ashland, Summit, Lorain, Lucas and Ottawa counties, making the entire journey on horseback. In 1846 he went with Bishop Henni to the diocese of Milwaukee, but was recalled by Bishop Rappe in 1848, when he was stationed at Cleveland for a short time, with charge of Avon and French Creek as missions. The Provincial of the Sanguinists then gave him pastoral charge of the following places in this diocese: Glandorf and Fort Jennings, 1849-51; Thompson, 1855, to July, 1856; Avon, July to December, 1856. He was also at New Riegel for a while, but no record of time given. In 1858 he left the Sanguinists and became a secular priest, and as such he has continued ever since, in the dioceses of Cincinnati and Covington.

206. MILES, Rt. Rev. Richard P. (Dominican), a native of Maryland, was born May 17, 1791, and ordained in September,

1816. He had pastoral charge of St. John's, Canton, between 1828 and 1830; was consecrated first bishop of Nashville, September 16, 1838. He died February 21, 1860.

207. MOENNING, Rev. Francis (Franciscan), was born at Bakum, diocese of Osnabrueck, Prussia, December 28, 1837; ordained at Teutopolis, Ill., by Bishop Juncker, January 13, 1867. He was attached to the Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from July, 1883, till January, 1887. While here he assisted the secular clergy, and attended to the spiritual wants of a number of religious communities. He is now in the diocese of Nashville.

208. MOITRIER, Rev. Francis, was born at Saizerais, France, February 19, 1839; was educated for the priesthood at Nancy and St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, January 6, 1865, when he was sent as assistant to Rev. V. Arnould of Shelby Settlement. August, 1865, he was appointed pastor of Harrisburg, remaining till May, 1866, when he was sent to Alliance, whence he attended Leetonia. This charge he held till 1867, when he was received into the diocese of Vincennes. Since 1871 he has been affiliated with the diocese of Columbus.

209. MOLLOY, Rev. James, was born at Tullamore, Kings county, Ireland, October 13, 1844; made his ecclesiastical studies at St. Bridget's Seminary, Tullamore, and All Hallows', Dublin; was ordained at Nashville, Tenn., by Bishop Feehan, November 30, 1867. He was on the mission in the diocese of Nashville till received into the diocese of Cleveland in 1872; was assistant at Sts. Peter and Paul's, Sandusky, till 1875; then assistant at St. Columba's, Youngstown, till July, 1876. He was next appointed pastor of Bellevue, remaining till May, 1879. Then he left the diocese, but returned July, 1880, when he received the pastorate of Kent. There he remained till August, 1881, when he again left. He is now in the diocese of Cincinnati.

210. MOLON, Rev. Louis, was born in the diocese of Arras, France, 1826; came to Cleveland as a seminarist, August, 1850, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe the following

month, September 8th. Soon after his ordination he was sent to Tiffin, as pastor of St. Mary's, remaining till September, 1852. Meanwhile (January to September, 1852), he also attended St. Joseph's congregation, same place. He was then transferred to St. Mary's, Massillon, September, 1852, to July, 1855. During this time (1854) he also organized St. Joseph's congregation, Massillon. He was next appointed superior and professor of St. John's College, then (1855) in existence in Ohio City, now West Side, Cleveland. He retained this charge but a few months, as he preferred the active life of a pastor to that of a professor. Bishop Rappe accordingly assigned him the pastorate of St. Vincent's, Akron, January, 1856. In the fall of the same year he was appointed pastor of Berwick, remaining till November, 1857. His next charge was St. Ann's, Fremont, December, 1857, to July, 1861. From December, 1857, till 1860, he also attended St. Joseph's, Fremont, organized by Rev. John Roos in 1857. He also had charge of Port Clinton, La Prairie, Marblehead and Toussaint, from June, 1860, to October, 1861. From October, 1861, till September, 1863, he was pastor of Holy Angels', Sandusky, and attended Kelley's Island and Put-in-Bay. In the fall of 1863 he visited his native France on a six months' leave of absence, and on his return he succeeded Rev. D. Tighe in the pastorate of St. Joseph's, Massillon, the congregation he had organized in 1854. There he remained till September, 1865, when he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's, Elyria, and attended for a while as missions, Norwalk, North Amherst, Vermillion, Lorain and several small stations. He remained at Elyria till his death, November 16, 1880, although he had resigned this charge in March of same year, owing to an apoplectic stroke, which disabled him from doing any pastoral work. His remains are buried at Elyria, and near those of a former pastor of same place, the Rev. Francis Sullivan.

211. MONAHAN, Rev. James, was born in parish Tubbercurry, County Sligo, Ireland, December 8, 1822. He was ordained in St. Mary's Church, on the Flats, Cleveland, November 19, 1848, the first priest ordained by Bishop Rappe.

From December, 1848, to July, 1849, he was stationed at the then cathedral (St. Mary's Church on the Flats), Cleveland, and was then sent to Holy Angels', Sandusky. His next charge was Dungannon, December, 1849, to October, 1852, with Summitville, Wellsville and East Liverpool as missions. In 1853 he was sent to Maumee, and in 1854 to Toledo as assistant to Father Foley at St. Francis' Church, where he remained till 1855. His next appointment was as assistant to V. Rev. James Conlan, at St. Patrick's, Cleveland, where he remained but a short time when he left the diocese. He was received by Archbishop Purcell and sent on the missions in Perry county. He was also for a time in the diocese of Philadelphia. In 1863, after a visit to Ireland, he was again received by Bishop Rappe and sent to Bellevue, 1863-65; then to St. Bridget's, Cleveland, 1866-70. His next appointments were South Thompson, 1870-72; Alliance, 1872-75; assistant at St. Francis', Toledo, 1876-77; and assistant at Holy Name Church, Cleveland, 1877 to July, 1880. Bishop Gilmour then gave him charge of St. Stephen's congregation, Niles, where he remained from July, 1880, till his death, September 6, 1884. His remains are buried in St. John's Cemetery, Cleveland.

212. MONTGOMERY, Rev. Charles P. (Dominican), was ordained in 1830; had charge of missions in Columbiana and Stark counties between 1837 and 1840. For many years he was pastor at Zanesville, where, on Easter Monday, 1860, he was found dead in bed at the pastoral residence. He was an excellent priest and much beloved by his people.

213. MORAN, Rev. James, was assistant to Rev. Philip Foley at St. Francis' Church, Toledo, 1848; attended Dungannon from autumn of 1848 to 1849. No other record of him.

214. MOURET, Rev. Casimir, was stationed at Doylestown in 1847 and 1848. October, 1848, he was appointed pastor of St. Vincent's, Akron, where he resided till June, 1850, meanwhile attending Harrisburg and New Berlin as missions. No other record of him.



215. MULCAHY, Rev. Michael (Basilian), was born at Cork, Ireland, December 23, 1840; educated at St. Michael's College, Toronto; ordained at Lyons, France, by Bishop Charbonnel, May 21, 1864; was in this diocese for one year (1867-68) as one of the professors of St. Louis' College, Louisville, Stark county; also attended Leetonia as a mission from 1867 to July, 1868. At present he is at St. Michael's College, Toronto.

216. MULLON, Rev. James Ignatius, a native of Ireland, studied for the ministry at Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Emmittsburg, Md., and was ordained by Bishop Fenwick in 1824. Shortly after his ordination he attended the Catholic settlers in Columbiana county, and repeatedly made pastoral visits to Canton, Tiffin and Fremont. He was stationed at the cathedral in Cincinnati for nearly ten years, and while there he published the *Catholic Telegraph* (1831-34), of which he was the first editor. He was a brilliant writer and an eloquent preacher. He left Ohio in 1834 and went to the diocese of New Orleans, where he died in September, 1866, aged seventy-two years.

217. MYLER, Rev. James P., was born in Cleveland, O., July 27, 1856. In his seventeenth year he entered Mt. St. Mary's Seminary, Cincinnati, where he made his collegiate studies. After completing them he was received into St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, where he made the usual course of philosophy and theology. He was ordained in the seminary chapel by Bishop Gilmour, July 6, 1884. A few weeks after his ordination he was sent to St. Augustine's, Cleveland, to supply, for a short time, the place of the pastor, then off on a leave of absence because of ill health. He was next sent to Niles to take temporary charge of St. Stephen's congregation. He filled a like position at St. Mary's, Norwalk, for a few weeks. January 20, 1885, he was sent to Holy Name Church, Cleveland, as assistant. This last position he held till July, 1887, when he was relieved from all duty owing to consumption, to which he had fallen a victim. He then retired to his home at Painesville, Ohio, where he died August 31, 1887.

He was a model priest, and a young man of much promise. Gentle in manner, of quiet and retiring disposition, he impressed all within his circle as an earnest and sincere worker in the ministry.

218. NEUMANN, Rt. Rev. John Nepomucene (Redemptorist), was born on Good Friday, March 28, 1811, at Prachatz, Bohemia. His parents were from Bavaria, but in 1802 had settled in Bohemia. He made his studies at the seminaries of Budweis and Prague, where he distinguished himself for his talent and piety. He came to the United States in 1836 and was ordained in New York city by Bishop Dubois, June 25, of same year. Remaining a secular priest till October, 1840, he sought admission as a Redemptorist and was received at Pittsburgh as a novice. During the summer of the following year he was sent to Peru, in this diocese, as assistant to Rev. F. X. Tschenhens, also a Redemptorist. November, 1841, he was sent to Baltimore to finish his novitiate. On his way thither he met Bishop Purcell at Canton, who asked him to go to Randolph for a few weeks and there reorganize the congregation that had been without spiritual attendance since the destruction of their church, by a bigoted incendiary, in 1838. Father Neumann did as asked and then resumed his journey to Baltimore. March 28, 1852, he was consecrated Bishop of Philadelphia. He died suddenly in that city, January 5, 1860. He was distinguished for his great humility, piety, learning and zeal, and was known as a saintly priest and bishop. May, 1886, a commission was appointed to inquire into the life, character and works of Bishop Neumann, and to send to Rome the testimony procured, with a view to having him eventually canonized. It is the belief of all who came in contact with Bishop Neumann during his life that he possessed the virtues and attributes of a saint. This belief has been strengthened since his death by the many miraculous cures which are said to have taken place at the tomb where his remains lie, in St. Peter's church, Philadelphia.

219. NEUMANN, Rev. Nicholas Lawrence, was a native

of Boulogne, diocese of Metz, France, where he was also educated for the ministry. He was ordained at Metz by Bishop Besson, and was engaged on the mission in his native diocese till 1850, when he went to America, and was received into the diocese of St. Louis. January, 1852, he was received into the diocese of Cleveland by Bishop Rappe, who directed him to attend the Catholic Germans of Cleveland, at that time worshipping in the Cathedral basement. Left the diocese about April, 1852, then went to Toronto, and later returned to Europe, where he died a few years ago.

220. NIEMOELLER, Rev. Eustace (Franciscan), was born at Visbeck, Westphalia, April 9, 1837; in the United States since August, 1860; ordained at Teutopolis, Ill., for the Franciscans by Bishop Juncker, December 4, 1868; attached to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from September, 1871, to August, 1880. He was chaplain and spiritual director to several religious communities. He also assisted the secular clergy in pastoral work. He is now stationed at Chicago.

221. NIGHTINGALE, Rev. William L., of English birth, was received into this diocese, July, 1848, and for a few weeks assisted at the cathedral, then on the "Flats." He was then appointed first resident pastor of St. Ann's, Fremont, where he remained till he left the diocese, sometime during the early part of 1850. He was a zealous priest and an eloquent preacher. No other record of him.

222. NOLTE, Rev. Jacob (Franciscan), was born August 8, 1851, at Geseke, diocese of Paderborn, Westphalia; came to United States, July, 1875; ordained July 25, 1877; in Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1878 to 1879. At present he is in the diocese of Alton.

223. NOLTE, Rev. Paschalis, (Franciscan), was born at Germete, Westphalia, Germany, June 12, 1845; educated at Franciscan Monastery, Quincy, Ill.; was ordained at St. Louis for the Franciscans by Bishop Ryan, June 5, 1881; a member of Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from July, 1882 to July, 1885. He is now in the diocese of St. Louis.

224. NUNAN, Rev. F. X., was born in County Limerick, Ireland, May 10, 1845; made his studies at St. Mary's, Seminary, Baltimore, and St. Sulpice, Paris; was ordained by Archbishop Alemany for the diocese of San Francisco, September, 1869; till 1875 he was engaged on the mission in California and Kansas, when he came to the diocese of Cleveland, where he had charge of the following places: Wakeman, with Medina as mission, October, 1875 to May, 1878; Vermilion and several missions, till March, 1879; Clyde and the mission of Green Spring, to June, 1881; Archbold and missions, till April, 1882; St. Mary's Corners, till August, 1883; Wellsville, till September 15, 1884, when he went to the diocese of Peoria. He is now in the diocese of San Francisco.

225. O'BAIRNE, Rev. — (Dominican ?); stationed at St. John's, Canton, in 1835. No other record of him.

226. O'CALLAGHAN, Rev. Cornelius J., was born at Kanturk, County Cork, Ireland, March 10, 1832; made his ecclesiastical studies at Cork, Ireland, and Fordham, N. Y.; was ordained by Archbishop Hughes for the diocese of Portland, October 20, 1860. Bishop Rappe received him into this diocese in 1869 and sent him as assistant to St. Francis', Toledo, where he remained till 1871, when he was appointed assistant at the cathedral, Cleveland. There he remained till 1874, when he returned to the diocese of Portland, where he now is.

227. O'CONNOR, Rev. John B., born and educated in Ireland; was ordained at Pittsburgh by Bishop O'Connor about 1854. Bishop Rappe received him into this diocese and appointed him assistant at the Cathedral, May, 1857, where he remained till June, 1860, when he left the diocese. No other record of him.

228. O'CONNOR, Rev. William, was born in Ballyorgan, County Limerick, Ireland, March 30, 1827; made his theological studies at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, November 21, 1851. He had charge of Elyria, Grafton, Rockport Liverpool and Medina

till 1853, attending these places from Cleveland. Between 1853 to 1855 he attended Youngstown, Wellsville and East Liverpool from Dungannon. From July, 1855 to July, 1858 he was stationed at St. Francis', Toledo, first as assistant to Rev. A. Campion, and from May, 1856, as pastor. During this time he also attended Sylvania and several stations. Youngstown was his next appointment as first resident pastor of St. Columba's, with Briar Hill, Warren, Niles and New Bedford as missions, besides a number of stations—1858 to 1862, when he left the diocese and joined the Redemptorists, with whom he has since remained. At present he resides at Boston.

229. O'DWYER, Rev. Patrick, a native of Cashel, County Tipperary, Ireland; was ordained at Quebec, 1829. September, 1837, he came to Cleveland as successor to Rev. John Dillon, where he did pastoral duty till December, 1839, besides attending a number of missions and stations in Lorain, Summit and Portage counties. He commenced the frame church on the Flats, for which his predecessor had collected about \$1,100. He left in 1840 and went to London, Canada, and later he was received into the diocese of Chicago. He died at St. Charles, Ill., August 30, 1871.

230. O'HIGGINS, Rev. William, of Irish birth, was educated at Maynooth; ordained in British Guinea about 1853. He was nephew to Bishop O'Higgins of Ardagh. Came to Cincinnati in 1857 and was appointed successor to Rev. R. Gilmour at Ironton. Remained there about one year, when he was appointed pastor of St. Thomas', Cincinnati, (1858-60); then assistant to Father Gilmour, at St. Patrick's, same city. From 1862 to 1864 he was chaplain of the Tenth Regiment, O. V. I. Next he was in charge of Sedamsville mission, near Cincinnati, for nearly a year, when he was received into the diocese of Little Rock where he remained till about 1870. He then came to Cleveland in 1871, and was appointed professor at St. Mary's Seminary, where he remained till his appointment as pastor of St. Augustine's, Cleveland, December, 1871, to June, 1872. Was a few months at Charity



Hospital as a patient, in 1872, and then left the diocese. Returned to Ireland, where he died in 1875.

231. O'KEEFE, Rev. Daniel, was born at Middleton, County Cork, Ireland, in 1835; began his studies in Cork, continued at St. Vincent's College, Westmoreland County, Penn., and finished them in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, where he was ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 25, 1865. He was appointed first resident pastor of South Thompson, 1865-66, attending Jefferson as a mission. He was then sent to Defiance as assistant to Rev. A. I. Hoeffel, with charge of Antwerp (where he began the present church), Mud Creek, Delaware Bend, and several smaller missions. October, 1869, he was appointed pastor of Providence, where he remained till January, 1871, when he was obliged to resign, owing to ill health. He was lying sick in the pastoral residence at Perrysburgh, for ten weeks, when he was removed to St. Vincents' Hospital, Toledo, where died June —, 1871. His remains are buried in St. Francis' Cemetery, Toledo. Father O'Keefe was a zealous, earnest priest, and won the esteem of his parishoners, wherever he was engaged in the ministry.

232. O'LEARY, Rev. D. J. (Dominican), a native of Ireland, made his ecclesiastical studies at the Minerva, Rome; came to the United States in 1821, and was ordained by Bishop Flaget, at St. Rose's, Kentucky, in 1823. He attended Dungannon, Columbiana county, in 1834. Died at the Dominican Convent, near Somerset, Perry county, February 8, 1845, aged fifty-one.

233. O'MEALY, Rev. Joseph, was stationed at St. John's, Canton, for a few months in 1840. Later he was Superior of the Diocesan Seminary, in Brown county, O., (at present Ursuline Convent); he was also, for a number of years, at Portsmouth and Dayton. No other record of him.

234. O'MEARA, Rev. J. (Dominican), was stationed at St. John's, Canton, 1835-36, and attended Canal Fulton. Left Ohio about 1840, and went to Illinois, where he died. No other record of him.

235. O'NEILL, Rev. Michael, was born in the parish of Bruff, County Limerick, Ireland, June 24, 1840; made his ecclesiastical studies at Cork and Castle Knock, Ireland, and in the Diocesan Seminary, Cleveland. He was ordained by Bishop Rappe, January 1, 1855, and remained at the cathedral as assistant, with charge of Berea, Hudson and Mantua as missions, till July, 1856, when he was appointed pastor of Wooster, remaining till July, 1861. He also attended Mansfield, Crestline and Bucyrus as missions, besides several small stations, whilst pastor of Wooster. July, 1861, he was transferred to St. Ann's, Fremont, which charge he held till May, 1865, when he left the diocese and went to Cincinnati. There he was appointed pastor of Holy Angels' Church. This charge he held till his death, April 24, 1885.

236. O'REILLY, Rev. James, was born in Rosduff, Longford county, Ireland, February 14, 1841, and made his studies at New Orleans, Niagara Falls, and St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. He was ordained by Rt. Rev. Bishop Rappe, June 24, 1866, and appointed assistant at the cathedral, where he remained till October 1, 1869. He was then appointed pastor of St. Rose's, Lima. January 6, 1871, he was recalled to Cleveland to take charge of St. Columbkille's congregation, then just organized. He remained there till October 1, 1872, when he was sent to Toledo as pastor of St. Francis de Sales', where he continued till his death, September 30, 1885.

237. O'SULLIVAN, Rev. Michael, was born in Ireland (no record of date or place); finished his studies for the ministry at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, August —, 1852. His first appointment was at St. Mary's, Tiffin, September, 1852 to February, 1859, where, under great difficulties he built the present church. There he also established a parochial school. From Tiffin he attended Findlay till 1854. February, 1859, he was received by Archbishop Purcell, who sent him to Urbana. Five months later he was appointed pastor of Holy Angels' Church, Cincinnati. In 1860 he went to the diocese of Chicago, and remained there till his death, as pastor of Amara, Ill., July, 1865.

His remains were interred in Calvary Cemetery, Chicago, July 28, 1865. Father O'Sullivan was a man of sterling qualities, firm but kind in his dealings with those committed to his care. He was also an excellent preacher. The writer will ever treasure most pleasant recollections of this warm-hearted priest, whose parochial school he attended, and one of whose altar boys he was for several years. Father O'Sullivan's greatest delight was to be with the children of his parish. His genial ways spread sunshine and joy on those whom he honored with his presence. To the children as well as to the adults committed to his care, he was indeed a spiritual father, a wise counselor and true friend.

238. OBERLY, Rev. Francis Joseph, was born in Schweinheim, Bavaria, May 7, 1842, and ordained for the Redemptorists, April 1, 1865. A few years later he became a secular priest. He was in the diocese of Cleveland from February, 1877, till March, 1881, and had charge of Shelby as resident pastor, and attended Chicago Junction (where he organized a congregation and built the present church), Plymouth and Republic. After leaving the diocese of Cleveland, he was received, some time after, by Bishop Gross, of the Vicariate of North Carolina, where he was on the mission till 1883, when he became an invalid of consumption. He was received by his friend, Rev. A. J. Sauer, pastor of St. Andrew's, Ellenville, Ulster county, New York, with whom he made his home till death, March 16, 1885.

239. OBERMUELLER, Rev. Francis Xavier, a native of Austria, was born at Schwarzenberg, Tyrol, October 6, 1810. He came to this country in July, 1844, and was ordained by Bishop Henni for the diocese of Milwaukee, June 11, 1846. Shortly after his ordination he expressed a desire to join the Sanguinist Fathers, whose community in Tyrol he had learned to esteem. His wish was granted by his Ordinary. He was therefore received at New Riegel, Ohio, by the Very Rev. Provincial Brunner, under whose direction he did pastoral duty in various places of the diocese of Cleveland, viz.: New Riegel, as assistant pastor,

from 1847 to 1848. Also attended as missions, St. Joseph's, Tiffin, 1850; Fostoria and Liberty, 1848. Next he was assistant at Thompson, from 1848 to 1850, when he left the Sanguinists and returned to the diocese of Milwaukee, where he had pastoral charge till 1852. He then went back to his native Tryol, where he was pastor till October, 1856. In the following month he returned to America with Very Rev. Father Brunner, having been received again as a member of the Sanguinist Society. February, 1857, he was given charge of a congregation in Mercer county, O., and later a professorship in the Sanguinist College, then existing at Gruenewald, same county. September 12, 1857, he was sent to Cleveland as pastor of St. Mary of the Assumption congregation, then occupying the old frame church on the Flats. This charge he retained till August, 1861. Meanwhile, December, 1860, he again left the Sanguinists and became a secular priest and so continued till death. During his pastorate of St. Mary's, Cleveland, a portion of the present church property was bought and the parochial school enlarged and placed in charge of Brothers of Mary and Ursuline Sisters. August, 1861, he was sent by Bishop Rappe to Norwalk as pastor of St. Peter's, where he remained till he again left the diocese, October, 1865. From Norwalk he attended Peru, September, 1861, to September, 1862; Milan, 1863-65; Monroeville, where he organized the present congregation, September, 1861, to July, 1863. In October, 1865, he returned to the diocese of Milwaukee, having been reclaimed by Bishop Henni. He was sent to Jefferson, Wis., as pastor of St. Lawrence's Church and chaplain of the Franciscan Sisters, remaining till 1871, when he became affiliated with the diocese of La Crosse, on invitation of its first bishop, the Rt. Rev. M. Heiss, whose intimate friend he was for many years. As he was of advanced years and delicate health he was unable to do pastoral duty. Bishop Heiss therefore assigned him the chaplaincy of St. Rose's Convent, at La Crosse, where he resided till his death, June 12, 1886. Whilst connected with the diocese of La Crosse he was a member of the Bishop's Council, and always held in high esteem by his superiors and

co-laborers on the mission for his virtue and worth. He was a fine scholar, a saintly and self-sacrificing priest.

240. *PACKISCH*, Rev. William von (Jesuit), was born in the city of Dresden, Saxony, April 14, 1848; ordained August 28, 1878; came to this country, July, 1880; was assistant at St. Mary's, Cleveland, from September, 1883, to 1885. He is now stationed in Canada.

241. *PAGANINI*, Rev. Angelo, was born, educated and ordained in Italy. After being on the mission in several dioceses in the East, in New Jersey and Maryland, he was received by Bishop Gilmour in 1873 and appointed resident pastor of Warren. There he remained till 1875, when after a few months' absence he was sent to Hudson, February, 1876, remaining till May, 1877, when he left the diocese and later returned to Italy. He died there of cholera, near Assisi, August, 1884.

242. *PAGANINI*, Rev. Joseph, was received into this diocese in 1875 and appointed pastor of Warren. Remained but a short time. No other record of him.

243. *PETER*, Rev. George, was born in Somborn, Chur-Hessen, Europe, May 19, 1835; made his studies at St. Mary's, Cleveland; was ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 26, 1859. He had the following pastoral charges in this diocese: Fremont, St. Joseph's, as assistant pastor, with missions of Millersville, Clyde, Elmore, Woodville, Port Clinton and Toussaint, July, 1859, to June, 1861; Dungannon and the missions of New Lisbon, Salem and Leetonia, June, 1861, to 1864; Liverpool, to 1867. He was then unable to do pastoral work till 1868, because of continued illness. In 1869 he was appointed pastor of Milan, and had charge of Vermillion and Huron. In 1873 he was removed to Upper Sandusky and thence attended Bucyrus, Nevada and Kirby. After three months' illness he was sent to Avon, in the latter part of 1873, and had charge of Sheffield as a mission. The following year (1874) he was appointed pastor of St. Peter's, Norwalk. He remained there till October, 1875. Edgerton and Florence were his next charges, October, 1875, to May, 1879, when he was sent to Ft.



Jennings, remaining till June, 1881. Since last mentioned date he has not done pastoral duty. For the last few years he has been residing at Put-in-Bay.

244. PEUDEPRAT, Rev. Peter, born, educated and ordained in the diocese of Clermont, France; came to Northern Ohio in 1845 and was sent to Sandusky as assistant to Rev. P. J. Machebeuf, pastor of Holy Angels' Church, whence he also attended the mission of Fremont. January, 1846, he was sent to Louisville, Stark county, as successor to Rev. L. de Goesbriand. From this place he attended Harrisburg, and occasionally, also, Wellsville. He remained at Louisville till April, 1850, when he went to reside at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, for a few months. In the latter part of 1850 he assumed charge of Painesville, as first resident pastor. At once he secured the present church lot and had moved on it an old carpenter shop, which he bought and changed it into a temporary church. From Painesville he attended as missions, South Thompson, Willoughby and Conneaut. He left Painesville and the diocese, in the summer of 1852, to join his life-long friend, Archbishop Lamy, in the hard missionary life of New Mexico. On his way thither he fell a victim to cholera at St. Louis, Mo., where he died July —, 1852.

245. PONCHELL, Rev. Narcissus, was born at Hermelincghen, France, September 19, 1825; completed his studies for the priesthood in the Diocesan Seminary, Cleveland, where he was ordained by Bishop Rappe, January 1, 1851. Till March, 1851, he attended Avon from Cleveland, and was then sent as assistant to Rev. Philip Foley, pastor of St. Francis de Sales', Toledo, remaining until 1854. During his stay at Toledo, he also had charge, as missions, of Six Mile Woods (1851-52), Providence (1851-54), Toussaint (1852-53), and Maumee (1852-53). February, 1854, he was appointed pastor of Doylestown and attended Canal Fulton as a mission till January, 1855, when he accepted a professorship at St. John's College, then in existence in Cleveland. He retained this position till 1856, when Bishop Rappe sent him to Norwalk to take charge of St. Peter's congregation, and to organize the

English-speaking Catholics of the same town as a congregation—St. Mary's—whose present church was commenced and nearly completed under his direction. He was pastor of St. Peter's till 1858, and of St. Mary's till his death, September 15, 1860. His remains repose beneath the church he built, and in it is a memorial tablet erected to his memory. Father Ponchell was a man of fine acquirements, a priestly character, a thorough gentleman. By his refined manners and gentle ways he made friends of all who had dealings with him. To this day his memory is cherished by Protestants and Catholics of Norwalk, and wherever he labored in the diocese.

246. PRAESSAR, Rev. Hugo (Jesuit), was born January 11, 1883, at Ahrweiler, diocese of Treves; ordained August 27, 1863; in this country since September, 1868; was assistant at St. Mary's, Toledo, from 1871 to 1873. No record of his present residence.

247. PRENDERGAST, Rev. Michael, was born, educated and ordained in Ireland. He was received into the diocese of Cleveland in 1855, and was stationed at the cathedral for a few months. His next appointment was Summitville, with Leetonia, Niles, Youngstown and Warren as missions, April, 1856, to 1858. He then left the diocese and resided with the Sanguinists at Wapakoneta, (diocese of Cincinnati,) from which place he attended Lima for a short time in 1861. During this last mentioned year he was affiliated with the diocese of St. Paul, Minn., where he was pastor at Winona. He died about 1862.

248. PROST, Very Rev. Joseph (Redemptorist), born in Austria, in January, 1804; ordained July 16, 1832; came to the United States in 1834; attended Peru, Huron county, between 1835 and 1839; was provincial of Redemptorists in the United States between 1840 and 1843; returned to Europe; died at Tuchheim, Austria, March 19, 1885.

249. PUETZ, Rev. Anselm (Franciscan), was born at Dueren, diocese of Cologne, Prussia, September 1, 1834; ordained September 1, 1862; in the United States since July,

1875; belonged to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1884, to July, 1885. He is now in the diocese of Chicago, Ill.

250. QUINN, Rev. Bernard, was born in Ireland. He made his studies for the ministry, in part, at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, July 3, 1864. Was then sent to Louisville, Stark county, as professor in the college then and there in existence, where he remained till some time in 1865. He was appointed first resident pastor of Upper Sandusky, but retained this position only two months. His next and last appointment in this diocese was St. Joseph's, Maumee, where he remained till some time in 1866, when he left the diocese of Cleveland. He is now in Colorado.

251. QUINN, Rev. Edmund, a native of Ireland, made his ecclesiastical studies at Bardstown, Ky., and was ordained at Cincinnati by Bishop Fenwick, January 1, 1831. He was the first resident pastor of St. Mary's, Tiffin, receiving his appointment in May, 1831, after having done pastoral duty in Cincinnati. He organized St. Mary's congregation, Tiffin, and had its first (brick) church built on a lot near the present Ursuline Convent. From Tiffin he attended the Catholic families along and near the Miami canal, from Providence, Lucas county, O., to Peru, Indiana, at which latter place he died, September 5, 1835, a victim of the dreaded "Maumee fever." He was a most zealous, self-sacrificing priest.

252. QUINN, Rev. John, was born at Kanturk, County Cork, Ireland, December 1, 1824. He came to this country in 1852, and two years later entered St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, where he made his theological studies. June 13, 1858, he was elevated to the priesthood by Rt. Rev. Bishop Rappe, who sent him, the following month, as assistant at St. Francis de Sales' Church, Toledo, where he remained till December, 1860, when he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's, Norwalk. He held this charge till April, 1864, besides attending the mission of Wakeman about one year, 1863-64. At Norwalk the church commenced by his predecessor, Rev. N. Ponchell, was completed under his

direction. April, 1864, he was appointed Superior of the Diocesan Seminary, and one of its professors. These posts of honor he filled most acceptably till July, 1866, when his impaired health, never robust, obliged him to retire for a while for much needed rest and medical treatment. In 1867, he felt himself again able to take charge of a congregation. He was accordingly appointed pastor of St. Ann's, Fremont. This charge he held till August, 1868, when he was transferred to the pastorate of the Immaculate Conception congregation, Toledo. The present frame church, school and brick pastoral residence were built under his direction. He also purchased, August, 1871, several lots, corner of Maumee avenue and Daniel street, as a site for a permanent church to replace the present frame structure. In May, 1868, he was removed to St. Mary's, Wakeman, where he remained till obliged by sickness to cease all pastoral work, January, 1885. He lingered in patiently borne sickness at St. Vincent's Hospital, Toledo, until death released him, March 26, 1887. His remains are buried at Sandusky.

253. QUINN, Rev. William, D. D., a native of Ireland, was born in Limerick, October 14, 1839. For nine years he was a student at the Propaganda, Rome, and was there ordained for the diocese of Dublin. He came from Cincinnati to Cleveland in September, 1873, and was appointed one of the professors at the Seminary, but remained only till the following March. He died at Valetta, Isle of Malta, November 25, 1885. He was an able professor, a fine classical scholar and an eloquent preacher.

254. REICHERT, Rev. Augustine (Sanguinist), was born at Nerslock, Baden, February 20, 1831; in America since 1834; ordained at New Riegel for the Sanguinists, by Bishop Rappe, November 21, 1853; was in the diocese at Thompson as assistant, with charge of neighboring missions, from June, 1854 to November, 1855; again from 1856 to 1859 as pastor of Glandorf; from 1860 to 1863 as pastor of New Riegel; and again as pastor of Glandorf, from 1863 to May, 1874, when he was sent by his superior to Kansas, where he is at present doing pastoral duty.

255. REINHARDT, Rev. Joseph, born in Germany, was ordained for this diocese by Bishop Rappe, January 22, 1865. New Bavaria (Poplar Ridge) was his first appointment, May, 1865, to May, 1867. For a few months he also attended Perrysburg as a mission. His next charge was Upper Sandusky, with Bucyrus and Kirby as missions. Whilst on his way to Bucyrus to meet Bishop Rappe, who had arranged to give confirmation there, he was killed by the cars, February 22, 1868, by being rudely thrown off the freight train he had boarded—no passenger train being available by which he could reach Bucyrus in time for the ceremony at which he intended to assist. His untimely and sad death cast a gloom over the entire community of Upper Sandusky, where he was highly esteemed by all classes for his amiable qualities. His remains are buried at Upper Sandusky.

256. REVIS, Rev. Wenceslas, was born at Wodnau, Bohemia; ordained in the year 1846; came to America in 1852, and was on the mission in the dioceses of Philadelphia, Alton and Nashville. He left Nashville during the civil war and returned to his native country. At the close of the war, 1865, he came back to Nashville, remaining till 1870, when he accepted an invitation from Very Rev. Administrator Hannin to take charge of St. Wenceslas' (Bohemian) Congregation, Cleveland. He came in January, 1870, and remained till March, 1873. While pastor of St. Wenceslas' he shared the fate of his predecessor, Father Krasney, by being vilified and persecuted by his infidel countrymen, and some of his parishioners, who did all they could to obstruct his pastoral work and embitter his stay among them. Disheartened he left his difficult charge and went to the diocese of Chicago, where he remained till his death, at Feehanville, June 19, 1886. Father Revis was a zealous priest and an eloquent preacher.

257. RICHARD, Rev. Charles Hermann (Jesuit), was born at Osnabrueck, Hanover, May 8, 1834; ordained August 25, 1867; came to America, October, 1867; was stationed at St. Mary's, Toledo, as assistant from 1869 to 1872.

258. RINGELE, Rev. Jacob (Sanguinist), was born, 1806,



at Doettingen, Canton Solothurn, Switzerland; ordained December 21, 1842; came to the United States, December 31, 1843. He was engaged on the missions in Northern Ohio and diocese of Cleveland between 1845 and 1865, and from 1870 till his death, December 15, 1871. Among his charges were Peru (1845); Cleveland (1848-49); Dungannon (1850); Defiance (about 1855); Shelby Settlement (1855-56); Thompson (1865-66) and New Riegel, in all of which places he was full of zeal for religion, and did faithful missionary work.

259. ROEDIGER, Rev. Edmund (Franciscan), was born at Kalmerode, Eichfeld, Prussia, in 1857 (?); ordained at Teutopolis, Ill., May 28, 1882; in Cleveland Monastery from July, 1883, to April, 1884. Is at present on the mission in China.

260. ROESSNER, Rev. Clement (Sanguinist), was born at St. Peter's, Mercer county, Ohio, September 20, 1849; educated by and for the Sanguinists at Carthagenia, Ohio; ordained January 20, 1876; was in this diocese, as pastor of New Riegel, from July, 1878, to August, 1880. Is now in the diocese of Nashville.

261. ROETZER, Rev. J. M., was born in Bavaria. He came to Cleveland in 1856; was received by Bishop Rappe as a student for this diocese, and by him ordained June 26, 1859. Was professor at the seminary for a short time after his ordination, then pastor of Findlay, 1860, till March, 1862, meanwhile attending Fostoria as a mission. He was next in charge of French Creek, as resident pastor, from March to September, 1862, and during this time attended Avon and Sheffield. He then left the diocese. Died a few years after in Michigan or Wisconsin. Date or place of death not recorded.

262. ROLLINET, Rev. August Joseph, was born, 1796, at Long-Sancey, diocese of Besancon, France; studied for the ministry at Aix-la-Chapelle; was ordained about 1820, and after doing pastoral work in his native diocese came to America in 1849. Remaining a few months in Canada, he came to Ohio and was appointed pastor of Calmoutier, Holmes county, which charge he held till 1851. He then

joined the Society of Mary at Dayton. During the absence of the pastor, Rev. L. F. D'Arcy, he had temporary charge of the congregation at Louisville, Stark county, June, 1857, till June, 1858. In 1859 he left the Society of Mary and again received the pastorate of Calmoutier, where he died suddenly, January 1, 1859. Father Rollinet was a most zealous missionary, and enjoyed the esteem of all who knew him.

263. ROOS, Rev. John, a Bavarian, was born in 1832, at Dirmstein, diocese of Speyer; came to the United States in 1850. After finishing his studies at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, he was ordained by Bishop Rappe, June 1, 1856. He was sent to St. Ann's, Fremont, shortly after his ordination, remaining till December, 1857. During his pastorate the German members of St. Ann's left, organizing a separate congregation, known as St. Joseph's. From Fremont he attended Clyde and several other missions in Sandusky county. December, 1857, he was sent to St. John's, Canton, remaining till August, 1858, when he apostatized and became a member and minister of the Episcopal sect. Is now and has been for many years a resident minister of an Episcopal congregation in Baltimore, and is known as Rev. *Rose*.

264. ROSENBAUM, Rev. Balthasar (Jesuit), was born at Enskirchen, Rhenish Prussia, October 5, 1847; was ordained at Liverpool by the Bishop of that diocese, the Rt. Rev. Bernard O'Reilly, August 31, 1877; was on the mission in England till September, 1885, when he was sent by his superior to St. Mary's, Toledo, as assistant, remaining till August, 1886. He now resides at Buffalo.

265. ROTH, Rev. Francis Xavier, a native of Alsace, France, attended Avon, Lorain county, between 1845 and 1847. He was next stationed at the cathedral from November, 1847, to February, 1848, when he left the diocese. In 1854 he was in the diocese of Detroit, where he died.

266. ROUPP, Rev. Nicholas, was born at Puttelage, diocese of Metz, Lorraine, April 25, 1825; studied in the Diocesan Seminaries of Metz and Cleveland. Was ordained by Bishop Rappe, August 15, 1849. Shelby Settlement was his first

appointment, August 1, 1849, to February, 1851, with Galion as a mission. He was then called to the cathedral, Cleveland, to attend to the Catholic Germans, remaining till June, 1853, when he received the pastorate of St. Peter's, Norwalk. This charge he held till September, 1854, when he was sent to Maumee, where he remained till June, 1858. He was appointed pastor of St. Mary's, Massillon, December, 1858, after a six months' visit to his native country. From Massillon he was transferred to St. Mary's, Sandusky, November, 1863, and remained till he left the diocese, June, 1864, returning to the diocese of Metz, where he is still engaged in the ministry.

267. RUDOLF, Rev. George P., was born at Ems, Canton Chur, Switzerland, September 13, 1843. After completing his studies in the Diocesan Seminary, Cleveland, he was ordained by Bishop Rappe, May 16, 1868. Had the following pastoral appointments in this diocese: Defiance, St. John's, May, 1868, to August, 1869; Port Clinton, with La Prairie, Marblehead and Toussaint as missions, from November, 1869, to March, 1871; Liverpool, till September, 1872; Milan, till January, 1875; Clyde, to March, 1879; Findlay, to March, 1881, when he was relieved of all pastoral duty. He then left the diocese and ministry, and is now engaged in some college in Missouri.

268. RUFF, Rev. Engelbert (Sanguinist), was born at St. Maergen, Baden, October 5, 1817; came to this country in 1845; was ordained at Thompson, Seneca county, for the Sanguinists, by Bishop Rappe, February 23, 1848. He labored on the mission in this diocese, in the following places: New Riegel, 1848 to 1854; Thompson and neighboring missions till 1867, when he was sent by his superior to missions in other dioceses. He is now stationed at Lawrenceburg, Tenn.

269. RUSS, Rev. Bernard (Sanguinist), was born at Minster, Auglaize county, Ohio, December 25, 1851; made his studies at St. Charles' Seminary, Carthagen, Ohio; was ordained at Cincinnati by Archbishop Purcell, May 17, 1879; was assistant at Glandorf, Putnam county, Ohio, from May

31, 1879, to November 15, 1880. He was then sent on the mission in Kansas, remaining till January, 1883. Since then he has had various positions in the diocese of Cincinnati. Is at present stationed in Mercer county, Ohio.

270. SAENDERL, Rev. Simon (Redemptorist), was born at Malgersdorf, Bavaria, September 30, 1800; ordained June 2, 1825; came to United States, March, 1832; was stationed at Peru, Huron county, between 1835-36, and occasionally attended Wolf's Creek (New Riegel), during this time; was pastor of St. John's, Canton, 1836-37; left the Redemptorists in 1847 and joined the Trappists at Gethsemani, Ky., where he received the Habit, March 15, 1852. Died at Gethsemani, February 22, 1879.

271. SALAUN, Rev. John F., was born at Finistere, France, November 18, 1818; was educated in France, and there (Point Croix, diocese of Quimper), ordained by Bishop Graverond, June 10, 1843. Came to the diocese of Cleveland December, 1855, and shortly after his arrival he was appointed Superior of St. Mary's diocesan seminary. This position he held with distinction till August, 1864, when he left the diocese. For many years he has been doing pastoral duty at South Orange, diocese of Newark, N. J. Whilst superior of Cleveland Seminary he had charge of the following missions: Hudson, Euclid and Newburgh (Cleveland).

272. SANNER, Rev. Sebastian, was born, educated and ordained in Germany. He was received into this diocese by Bishop Rappe, in 1848, and sent to Calmoutier, Holmes county. In 1849 he was appointed assistant to Rev. Philip Foley, pastor of St. Francis de Sales' Church, Toledo, and attended the Catholic Germans there residing. In 1850 he was given the pastorate of St. Joseph's, Maumee, from which place he attended New Bavaria, Six Mile Woods, Defiance and Providence. Two years later he was transferred to Shelby Settlement, where he remained till he left the diocese, January, 1853.

273. SCHALK, Rev. Frederick (Sanguinist), was born at

New Riegel, Seneca county, Ohio, March 2, 1850; was educated by the Sanguinists at Carthagera, Mercer county, Ohio, and for them ordained by Archbishop Purcell, January 17, 1873; was pastor of Ottawa, Putnam county, from February, 1873, to February, 1876. Is at present stationed in the diocese of Leavenworth.

274. SCHEDLER, Rev. Caspar (Sanguinist), was born at Schwabeck, Bavaria, May 6, 1842; came to United States in 1866 and was ordained for the Sanguinists by Archbishop Purcell, November 21, 1868. Was in this diocese as assistant at New Riegel from August, 1869, to September, 1870, and during that time also attended Big Springs. He has since been in the diocese of Cincinnati.

275. SCHELBERT, Rev. Aloysius (Sanguinist), was born at Monthenthal, Canton Schwyz, Switzerland, October 12, 1813; ordained July 28, 1850, and came to this country October of the same year. He was in the diocese of Cleveland between October, 1853, and November, 1864; at Glandorf till November, 1858 and at New Riegel till 1864. His superior then appointed him pastor of Himmelgarten, Mercer county, O. In 1865 he was sent to St. Joseph's, same county, where he remained till July, 1876, when he returned to Europe (Schellenberg, Austria), remaining there as pastor and local superior of the Sanguinist Convent, till his death, April 10, 1878.

276. SCHILL, Rev. Kilian (Sanguinist), was born at Henweiler, Baden, July 8, 1854; educated at St. Charles' Seminary, Carthagera, O., and there ordained by Archbishop Elder, June 8, 1882; was assistant at Glandorf, from September, 1882, to July, 1885. Since then he has been stationed at Winamac, diocese of Ft. Wayne.

277. SCHLOESSER, Rev. Kilian (Franciscan), was born at Cologne, Rhenish Prussia, May 9, 1826; ordained March 11, 1857; in the United States since 1860. Was superior of Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1871 to 1879, and pastor of St. Joseph's, same city, from 1871 to July, 1885. During his pastorate in Cleveland the Franciscan Monastery and the



present church of St. Joseph's congregation were built. He is at present pastor of St. Peter's Church, Chicago, Ill.

278. SCHMIDT, Rev. — (Sanguinist?); at Thompson from 1856 to 1857. No other record of him.

279. SCHMITZ, Rev. Meinolph (Franciscan), was born in the city of Cologne, Germany, February, 16, 1840; came to America, December, 1867; ordained February 7, 1868; was a member of Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1875 to 1879. Is now stationed in Chicago.

280. SCHNEIDER, Rev. Thomas (Franciscan), was born December 31, 1850, at Neustadt, Silesia; in the United States since October, 1869; ordained June 18, 1878; was attached to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from July, 1881, to July, 1885, during which time he was also pastor of Parma and Independence. He is now a secular priest and stationed in the diocese of Grand Rapids.

281. SCHOCH, Rev. Theobald (Sanguinist), was born at St. Peter's, Mercer county, O., July 24, 1848; educated for and by the Sanguinists at Carthagenia, O.; ordained by Bishop Dwenger, January 18, 1873. He was in the diocese of Cleveland from February, 1873, to September, 1875, as pastor of St. Peter's, Big Springs, and of St. Joseph's, Crawfordsville, till June, 1875. At present he has charge of one of the Sanguinist missions in Mercer county, O.

282. SCHORB, Rev. Basil, was born, 1810, in Adams county, Pa.; ordained by Bishop Purcell at Cincinnati, May 20, 1837. Shortly after his ordination he was sent to Chipewa, near Doylestown, Wayne county, from which place he attended the missions of Canal Fulton, St. John's, Canton (1837), Massillon (1843), Peru (1840), Liverpool, Randolph, Wooster (1842). In 1843 he left Ohio and returned to Pennsylvania, where he died as pastor of York, April 4, 1871.

283. SCHUELY, Rev. Rochus (Sanguinist), was born at Schutterthal, Baden, August 14, 1829; came to the United States in 1848; was ordained at New Riegel by Bishop Rappe, November 21, 1853. He did pastoral duty in the following

places in this diocese: New Riegel from 1853 to 1854; St. John's, Defiance, 1854-5; Thompson, 1855-9, with charge of Bismarck (Sherman), Fostoria and Crawfordsville. He was next appointed assistant pastor at Glandorf, remaining till 1860, when he was transferred by his superior to missions in other dioceses. In 1870 he was again appointed assistant at Glandorf, which position he held till 1872. Since that time he has been on the mission in several dioceses. At present he is in the diocese of Nashville.

284. SCHWEIGER, Rev. Andrew J. M., was at the cathedral, Cleveland, from October, 1852, till some time in 1853, to minister to the spiritual wants of the Catholic Germans, as at that time they had no separate church. No other record of him.

285. SCHWEITZER, Rev. Clement (Sanguinist), was born in Baden, Germany, 1810; ordained by Bishop Rappe for the Sanguinists in 1849; was stationed at Thompson, Seneca county, from 1849 till his death, April 23, 1850.

286. SCHWICK, Rev. Joseph (Jesuit), was assistant at St. Mary's Church, Toledo, from November, 1877, to October 12, 1878. On latter date he left the Jesuits and became a secular priest. He is now stationed in the diocese of Grand Rapids.

287. SEEBERGER, Rev. Cosmas (Sanguinist), was born at Frastanz, near Feldkirch, Austria, March 4, 1840; in the United States since January, 1866; ordained for the Sanguinists June 30, 1874; was assistant at New Riegel and pastor of Big Springs from October, 1875, to December, 1876. He is now in the diocese of Kansas City, Mo.

288. SOMMER, Rev. Severin, was received by Bishop Rappe, October, 1851, and appointed resident pastor of Shelby Settlement, where he remained about a year, when he left the diocese. No other record of him.

289. SPICHER, Rev. Peter (Jesuit), was born in Switzerland, Canton Freiburg, December 22, 1811. He joined the Society of Jesus, October 1, 1832, and was ordained in 1842. After the expulsion of the Jesuits from Switzerland he came

to America in 1848, and was appointed professor of theology for the members of the Society of Jesus at St. Louis, Mo. So highly were his learning, his virtues, and his zeal in the care of souls appreciated, that he was put first on the list of candidates for the Episcopal See to be erected in Quincy, later transferred to Alton, Ill. Aware of this he returned to Europe. For many years he was superior of several Houses of the Society in Germany, and was also for a time Master of Novices. In 1868 he returned to this country to found a mission of the German Jesuits, of which he was appointed first superior the following year. He took up his residence at Toledo, O., where Bishop Rappe had given the Jesuit Fathers of the Buffalo Province charge of St. Mary's Church. Relieved at his request in 1870 of the office of superior, he went to Buffalo, N. Y., where he died at St. Ann's Church on March 29, 1874. Father Spicher was a man of rare charity, meekness and humility, qualities which endeared him everywhere to clergy and laity.

290. SPIERINGS, Rev. Gerard Augustine, a native of Holland, was born at Uden, August 24, 1828, where also he was educated for the ministry. He was ordained by Mgr. Caroli, Bishop of Cambray, France, November 17, 1855. October, 1865, he was received into the diocese of Cleveland, and appointed pastor of Upper Sandusky. There he remained till April, 1867, when he was sent to Dungannon. This charge he retained till 1869, when he left the diocese. While pastor of Upper Sandusky he also attended Kirby (1865-66) and Bucyrus (November, 1865, April, 1867). Since 1869 he has been on the mission in New Jersey, and is at present pastor of Keyport, diocese of Trenton.

291. STEIN, Rev. George, a native of Baden, was in this diocese from 1852 to 1858, first as pastor of Randolph, till 1857, then for a few months in 1858, pastor of St. Mary's, Massillon, when he left the diocese. No other record of him.

292. STREMLER, Rev. James, D.D., was born, educated and ordained in Lorraine, France. About 1859 he received the doctorate at Rome, where he was chaplain for three years

of the collegiate church of St. Louis of France. Came to this diocese from Laval University, Quebec, and was superior of St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, from September, 1866, to June, 1870, when he left, affiliating himself with the diocese of Alton, and later with Vincennes, (1873), where he now is as pastor of Floyd Knobs, Ind.

293. STROKER, Rev. Francis, was born at Strokestown, County Roscommon, Ireland, in 1829. He made his theological studies at the seminary in Cleveland, and was ordained by Bishop Rappe, December 11, 1853. Dungannon was his first appointment, December, 1853, to June, 1855. He was then transferred to Summitville, where he remained till April, 1856. Whilst resident pastor of Dungannon and Summitville, he also had charge of several missions: Niles (1853-56), Warren (1853-56), and St. Columba's, Youngstown, (1853-54). April, 1856, he left this diocese and was received by Bishop Henni, of Milwaukee, in whose diocese he remained as pastor of Milford, Wis., till death, sometime in 1864. He was killed by railway cars.

294. SULLIVAN, Rev. Francis Augustine, was born in Ireland, August 2, 1837. He was received by Bishop Rappe, and after a few years' stay in the Diocesan Seminary, was sent to the Sulpitian Seminary at Paris to complete his studies. There he remained about three years. On his return he was ordained by Bishop Rappe, December 2, 1860. January after his ordination he was appointed one of the professors at St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, and for a few months attended Ravenna and Newburgh (Cleveland). In the latter place he commenced the erection of the old church (Holy Rosary), on North Park street. Owing to failing health he resigned his position as professor and accepted the pastorate of St. Mary's, Elyria, August, 1863, with charge of Vermillion as a mission. He died of consumption at Elyria, February 4, 1864.

295. SUTER, Rev. Aloysius (Jesuit), was born at Muthal, Canton Schwyz, Switzerland, February 16, 1835; ordained September 10, 1867; in this country since September, 1868; was assistant at St. Mary's, Toledo, from 1876

to 1880. He is now stationed in the diocese of Davenport, Iowa.

296. THIELE, Rev. Henry L., was born in the diocese of Muenster, Germany, in 1819; ordained by Bishop Baraga for the diocese of Marquette, in 1854; received into the diocese of Cleveland in 1861 and sent to Akron, where he organized St. Bernard's congregation, remaining till May, 1863. His next appointment was St. Joseph's congregation, Massillon, whose first resident pastor he was, July, 1863, to December, 1864. During this time he also attended Navarre (Bethlehem). From January to June, 1865, he had charge of St. Martin's, Liverpool. He then returned to the diocese of Marquette where he did pastoral duty till 1873, when he went to Notre Dame, Ind. There he died August 17, of same year. He was a man of fine literary taste and wrote much for magazines and other periodicals.

297. THIENPONT, Rev. Emanuel, a native of Belgium, was ordained in Cincinnati, January 20, 1833, by Bishop Rosati, of St. Louis. In 1834 he was sent to attend the missions along the Miami Canal as far north as Toledo. In 1835 he was also at St. Mary's, Tiffin, for six months as successor to Rev. E. Quinn. From 1836 to 1842 he was pastor of the Catholic Germans of Dayton. Then he had charge of Portsmouth, Steubenville and other places. Died October 19, 1873, aged about 70 years.

298. THOMA, Rev. John M. (Sanguinist), was born at Werbach, Baden, August 13, 1833; educated at Rome, and there ordained for the Sanguinists, August 19, 1857. After doing pastoral duty in Europe till 1868, he came to this diocese during the same year, and from Thompson, under direction of the Provincial of the Sanguinists, attended St. Sebastian's congregation, Sherman (Bismarck), from July, 1868, to July, 1869. He then returned to Europe, but came back to this country, February, 1886, as a secular priest, and was received into the diocese of St. Joseph, Mo., where, as pastor of New Hirrlingen, he died April 18, 1887.



299. TIGHE, Rev. Dennis, was born in Ireland; received into the diocesan seminary, Cleveland, about 1855. Before completing his studies for the ministry he was ordained by Bishop Rappe in 1857, and sent to Holy Angels', Sandusky, as assistant to Father Caron. In 1859 he was appointed pastor of Summitville, remaining till September, 1864, meanwhile attending East Liverpool and Wellsville as missions. He was then appointed first resident pastor of St. Bridget's, Cleveland, which position he held till his death, June 19, 1866. His simplicity of character and earnest piety made him a living example for those committed to his spiritual guidance.

300. TSCHENHENS, Rev. F. X. (Redemptorist), was born in Holland, July 24, 1801; ordained August 15, 1827. He was among the first Redemptorists that came to the United States, landing June 20, 1832. He went directly to Cincinnati, where he resided for some time. In 1834 Bishop Purcell sent him to Peru, Huron county, whence he attended Tiffin, New Riegel, McCutchenville, Norwalk, Sandusky and Fremont. He had charge of Peru till 1839, but returned in 1841 from Pittsburgh, where he had been appointed superior of a Redemptorist convent he established there. He remained for nearly one year, when he was recalled to Pittsburgh. Wherever he labored on the mission in Northern Ohio his memory is revered by the old Catholic settlers yet living, as that of a saintly, self-sacrificing minister of God. His last visit to Ohio was in December, 1858, when he preached the funeral sermon of a dear friend and former parishioner of his, who died in Tiffin. He was a priest devoted to his work with apostolic zeal. He died at Baltimore, May 10, 1877.

301. UHLMANN, Rev. John Baptist, was born at Constance, Baden, February 19, 1804; ordained at Freiburg, Baden, by Archbishop Bernard Boll, September 17, 1828. Till 1850 he did pastoral duty in the diocese of Freiburg, when he concluded to go to America, owing to the continued disturbed condition of his native Baden, caused by the Revolution in 1848. In 1852 he was received by Bishop Rappe

and appointed pastor of St. Joseph's, Tiffin, where he built the first pastoral residence. From Tiffin he also attended Liberty, 1853-56. He remained at Tiffin from September, 1852, till May, 1856, when he was transferred to St. Peter's, Canton. He remained here from June, 1856, till June, 1864, when he was appointed pastor of St. Mary's, Sandusky, where he resided till he left the diocese to return to his native country, July, 1865. He died at Bonndorf, Baden, February 18, 1882. Father Uhlmann was a man of varied and deep learning and an eloquent preacher.

302. VAN DEN BROEK, Rev. John (Sanguinist), was born at Oss, Province of Nord Braband, Holland, December 3, 1819; was ordained at Feldkirch, June 19, 1843, and came to United States in December of same year. He had pastoral charge of the following places in this diocese: Randolph, about 1845; assistant at Louisville, with charge of New Berlin, 1848 to 1849; Tiffin, St. Joseph's, 1850; French Creek and Avon, 1851 to 1853; New Riegel, 1854 to 1856; Liverpool, 1859 to 1861. Since then he has been in the diocese of Cincinnati.

303. VAN DE WEYER, Rev. A. F. (Dominican), a native of Holland, attended Dungannon, between November, 1833, and April, 1835, and Louisville, Stark county, from Canton, between 1835 and 1838. No other record of him.

304. VIERE, Rev. Christian, was born at Osnabrueck, Prussia, October 9, 1831; ordained March 14, 1856; came to America in 1865. He was received into the diocese of Cleveland in 1866, and appointed pastor of Fort Jennings, remaining till September, 1867, when he was made pastor of St. Mary's, Toledo. In August, 1869, he was transferred to St. John's, Defiance, of which charge he was relieved by Bishop Gilmour, October, 1878. He then left the ministry, and now resides at Fort Jennings, Putnam county, O.

305. VIGEAUT, Rev. Alfred, a Canadian, was born at St. Mary de Monnoir, Province of Quebec, May 10, 1844; ordained at Rimouski by Bishop Langevin, October 12, 1873; was in this diocese as pastor of Toussaint and La Prairie, from June,

1881, to February, 1883. He then left the diocese and was received into the Vicariate of Dakota.

306. VOISARD, Rev. Joseph A., was born at Indevilliers, (Doubs) France, June 29, 1828; ordained at Besancon, France, September 18, 1858. Came to the diocese of Toronto, November of same year. Was received into the diocese of Cleveland, September, 1865, and appointed pastor of St. Ann's, Fremont, which he found in a disturbed and rebellious condition. He soon became dissatisfied with his charge and returned to Canada in April, 1866, and has been there ever since, doing pastoral duty,—now at Fort Erie, Ontario.

307. VOLM, Rev. Frederick H., a native of Baden, was ordained at Cincinnati by Bishop Purcell, December, 1860. He was in the diocese of Cleveland from July, 1866, to March, 1867, as pastor of Millersville. He was next at Goshen, Ind., (diocese of Fort Wayne,) for a short time and then disappeared. No other record of him.

308. VUILLEMOT, Rev. F., was born in the diocese of Nancy, Lorraine, about 1834; was ordained at Nancy in 1859; came to the diocese of Cleveland, April, 1864; was assistant to Rev. L. Hoffer, at Louisville, from May to July of same year. Then he was sent to St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland, where he taught philosophy for a few months. Returned to France in 1865, where he is at present.

309. WALSH, Rev. Francis (Basilian), was born at Kingston, Ontario, in 1843; was ordained at Louisville, Stark county, for the Basilians, by Bishop Rappe; at Louisville College, as professor, about four years, 1868-72. He is now stationed at Leadville, Colorado.

310. WALSH, Rev. Thomas, born in County Cork, Ireland, about 1830, was ordained by Bishop Rappe, January, 1854, and appointed assistant at the cathedral, whence he also attended Berea for a few months, in 1854. He remained at the cathedral till December, 1856, when he went to the diocese of Alton, Ill. He was pastor of St. Joseph's Church, Cairo, Ill. Whilst preaching he suddenly took seriously ill

and shortly after died, March 5, 1863. He was a fine preacher and of amiable disposition. Whilst at the cathedral, Cleveland, he was the ordinary confessor of the students at the seminary, by whom he was loved and highly esteemed as a wise spiritual director.

311. WALSH, Rev. Thomas J., was born near Wexford, County Wexford, Ireland, in 1828; was educated for the ministry in Wexford College and St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland; ordained by Bishop Rappe, July —, 1852, and appointed pastor of St. Ann's, Fremont, remaining till 1856, when he was sent to St. Vincent's, Akron. From Akron he attended Ravenna. In 1858 he was appointed pastor of Summitville, where he remained till 1859, when he was received into the diocese of Wheeling. Some time later he became affiliated with the diocese of Alton, and lastly with that of St. Joseph, Mo. In these three dioceses he labored on the missions about twenty-two years, the last two years as pastor of St. Patrick's, in the city of St. Joseph, Mo., where he died almost suddenly November 27, 1881, after ailing about sixteen months of heart disease.

312. WARDY, Rev. Charles Thaddeus, was born, educated and ordained in France. He came to this diocese from St. Catharine's, diocese of Toronto, July, 1865, and was sent to Port Clinton, with charge of La Prairie and Toussaint as missions. He remained till July, 1866. October of same year he was appointed pastor of St. Joseph's, Toledo, which charge he held till 1868, meanwhile attending Sylvania; also the hospital and Ursuline Convent, Toledo, as chaplain. In 1870 he was sent to Kelley's Island, remaining there till 1874. During his pastorate of this place, he also attended Put-in-Bay. New Bavaria (Poplar Ridge), was his next appointment, where he remained till he left the diocese, October, 1875. He was received into the diocese of Fort Wayne, where he remained till in 1879, when he joined the Benedictines. Died at Monte Cassino Priory, near Covington, Ky., October 29, 1880. He was a zealous priest. Although he learned the English language late in life he had perfect command of it, speaking and writing it with greatest ease.

313. WEBER, Rev. Peter (Sanguinist), was born in Germany. Date and place of birth, or ordination not recorded. Had charge of St. Joseph's congregation, Randolph, from 1851 to 1853; Harrisburg from 1853 to 1854, with New Berlin as a mission. He attended the Catholic Germans of Cleveland, between October, 1850 and March, 1851; Avon and French Creek in 1851. In 1854 he left the diocese and the Sanguinists, and affiliated himself with the diocese of Vincennes, where he was appointed pastor of New Alsace, Ind. No other record of him.

314. WEIKMANN, Rev. John Baptist, a native of Wuerttemberg, was born at Gmuend, June 24, 1811; studied at Ellwangen, Rottweil and Tuebingen; was ordained September 12, 1838; came to the United States, December, 1855, and was appointed by Bishop Rappe as pastor of St. Peter's, Canton. This position he held for about six weeks, till February 26, 1856, when he was dismissed. He then went to the Benedictine Convent in Westmoreland county, Pa. April, 1856, he was received into the diocese of Milwaukee where he held several charges till November, 1861. He was then affiliated with the diocese of Vincennes, and in 1863 with that of Dubuque. In last mentioned diocese he remained till his death, as pastor of New Vienna, Iowa, October 11, 1870.

315. WEISS, Rev. Bernardine (Franciscan), was born at Mursbach, Bavaria, October 14, 1851; came with his parents to United States in 1852; was ordained December 27, 1874; in Cleveland Monastery from 1880 to 1882. At present he is in the diocese of St. Louis, Mo.

316. WEISS, Rev. Paulinus (Franciscan), born at Lindau, diocese of Augsburg, March 21, 1831; in the United States since 1862; ordained November 9, 1865; was in Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, from 1882 to July, 1885. He is now in the diocese of Alton, Ill.

317. WILHELMI, Rev. Peter (Sanguinist), a native of Luxemburg, was born at Wellenstein, March 18, 1817; made his ecclesiastical studies at Thompson and New Riegel. He was ordained at Tiffin by Bishop Rappe, January 27, 1851.



He was stationed in this diocese from 1853 to 1856, and from 1884 to 1886, first at Thompson for three years, then at Glandorf for one year, and again at Thompson for nearly two years. He is now in the diocese of Cincinnati.

318. WILLI, Rev. Willibald (Sanguinist), was born at Ems, Switzerland, in 1820. He came to America, August, 1850, and was ordained for the Sanguinists by Bishop Rappe, January, 1851. Owing to ill health, even at his ordination, he was never able to do much of pastoral work. He was stationed at Glandorf till autumn of 1853. He died at Maria Heim, Jay county, Ind., December 15, 1854.

319. WIRTZ, Rev. Hermann (Franciscan), was born at Cologne-on-the-Rhine, January 6, 1842; in America since April, 1861; ordained September 7, 1872. Was in Cleveland Monastery, and professor in St. Joseph's College, December, 1878, to July, 1879. Present residence not known.

320. WITTMER, Rev. John (Sanguinist), was born at Ober-Erlinsbach, Canton Solothurn, Switzerland, November 4, 1818; ordained at Feldkirch, Austria, by Bishop Bruenster, November 21, 1841; came to this country with the first Sanguinist Fathers in 1844. He had the following pastoral charges in this diocese: assistant at Peru, 1844-46; first resident pastor of Randolph, 1846; assistant at Thompson, whence he also attended St. Joseph's, Tiffin, 1847-8; pastor of Thompson, March, 1849, to 1853. He was then for many years on the mission in the diocese of Cincinnati, especially in Mercer, Auglaize and Shelby counties. In 1885 he was sent by his superiors to the diocese of Nashville, where he is at present.

321. WOCHNER, Rev. Henry (Jesuit), was born in the year 1839 at Haslach, Wuerttemberg; ordained September 8, 1868; in the United States since 1876; was assistant at St. Mary's, Cleveland, from 1881 to August, 1885. He is now in the diocese of St. Paul.

322. WUERZ, Rev. Matthias, was born, in 1807, at Schoenbach, diocese of Metz, France. He came to America in

1833 and made his theological studies at Cincinnati, where he was ordained by Bishop Purcell, June 13, 1835. He was appointed first resident pastor of Louisville, Stark county, February, 1838, having been transferred from Cincinnati. From Louisville he also attended Randolph. He was pastor of St. John's, Canton, from October, 1840, to 1843, and had charge of Massillon, Navarre; also occasionally visited the mission of Peru. He returned to France in 1845, where he died of apoplexy, April 2 (Good Friday), 1858.

323. YOUNG, Very Rev. Nicholas D. (Dominican), nephew of Bishop Fenwick, first Bishop of Cincinnati, was born in Maryland, 1783; studied at St. Rose's, Ky. and Rome; was ordained by Bishop Flaget, December 10, 1817; came to Northern Ohio from Kentucky, November, 1818; attended Dungannon, Columbiana county, from Somerset, Perry county, about 1820, and again between 1833 and 1835. January, 1833, he was elected Provincial of the Dominicans in the United States. He was stationed for many years at Somerset, O., St. Rose's, Ky. and Washington, D. C. Died at Giesboro, Md., October 28, 1878, aged 95. He was one of the pioneer priests of Northern Ohio, and a man full apostolic zeal.

324. ZAHNER, Rev. —; at Shelby Settlement from 1852 to 1853. During his pastorate the present church, begun by Rev. P. Kreusch, was finished. No other record of him.

325. ZANDERS, Rev. Raymundus (Franciscan), was born at Friemersdorf, Rhenish Prussia, August 8, 1846; educated at Duesseldorf and Paderborn for the ministry; ordained at Paderborn by Bishop Conrad Martin, in 1873; came to United States in 1882 and was appointed, October of the same year, as assistant at St. Anthony's Church, St. Louis, Mo. July, 1885, he was sent to Franciscan Monastery, Cleveland, remaining till February, 1886, when he was appointed chaplain of St. Francis' hospital, Jersey City, N. J., where he is at present.

326. ZARECZNY, Rev. Victor, was born at Lemberg, in Galicia, Austria, December 3, 1841. He was educated in Bohemia, Italy, and in the city of Vienna, Austria; ordained

at Tarnow, Galicia, July 21, 1868, by Bishop Putkalski; was received into the diocese of Cleveland, December, 1873, and appointed pastor of the Poles in Berea, where he organized St. Adelbert's congregation, and built their present church and school. He also attended Royalton (1877-82) and the Poles living in Cleveland (1879). He left Berea and the diocese, February, 1884. He is at present in the diocese of Buffalo.

327. ZUMBUEHL, Rev. Leonz, was born in Luzern, Switzerland, May 1, 1846; studied for the ministry at Luzern, Schwytz, Freiburg and Chur; was ordained at Feldkirch, Austria, for the diocese of Cleveland, by Bishop Amberg, April 19, 1870. Came to Cleveland, September, 1870, and was appointed pastor of Fort Jennings, where he remained till January, 1872, when he was appointed professor of philosophy in St. Mary's Seminary, Cleveland. This position he held only till July of same year, when he was again sent to take pastoral charge of Fort Jennings. In September, 1873, he was recalled to his former position at the seminary, remaining till August, 1877, when he left the diocese. From April, 1876, to July, 1877, he also had pastoral charge of Independence. Since August, 1877, he has been in the diocese of Peoria.

328. ZWINGE, Rev. Capistran (Franciscan), was born at Grosender, diocese of Paderborn, Prussia, March 30, 1823; ordained September 4, 1849; came to United States, September, 1858; was first superior of Franciscan Monastery, and pastor of St. Joseph's Church, Cleveland, from 1867 to 1871. Died at Teutopolis, Ill., July 24, 1874.

TABLE I.

LIST OF PRIESTS IN THE DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.  
Sept. 1, 1887.

## I. SECULARS.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINATION.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE.	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
Reverends:								
1	Ankly, Fridolin	Switzerland	Mar. 29, 1832	June 28, 1863	Ordination	Wooster	Pastor, Im. Conception Church	Oct., 1865.
2	Arnoldi, Matthias	Prussia	July 16, 1851	July 4, 1875	"	Berwick	Pastor, St. Nicholas' Church <sup>o</sup>	May, 1886.
3	Arnould, Victor	Lorraine	May 24, 1834	June 30, 1861	"	Canton	Pastor, St. Peter's Church	Aug., 1865.
4	Barry, John P.	Massachusetts	Oct. 7, 1861	July 9, 1885	"	Youngstown	Assistant, St. Columba's Church	Aug., 1885.
5	Barry, Patrick	Ireland	Feb. 5, 1841	July 5, 1876	"	Toledo	Pastor, Good Shepherd Church	Aug., 1887.
6	Bauer, Seraph	France	Oct. 17, 1835	June 13, 1858	"	Fremont	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	Sept., 1892.
7	Becker, Michael	Lorraine	Nov. 1, 1832	June 25, 1865	"	Shelby Settlement	Pastor, Sacred Heart of Jesus Church	Aug., 1883.
8	Becker, Peter	Lorraine	Nov. 25, 1834	Nov. 16, 1867	"	Cleveland	Pastor, Holy Trinity Church	July, 1880.
9	Best, Henry D.	Nassau	Feb. 5, 1833	June 25, 1865	"	Cleveland	Assistant, Holy Name Church	Aug., 1887.
10	Bihn, Joseph L.	Bavaria	Jan. 2, 1822	June 1, 1856	"	Tiffin	Superior St. Francis' Orphan Asylum	Oct., 1873.
11	Blaser, Joseph	Wuerttemberg	Nov. 8, 1846	July 31, 1870	March, 1873	Millersville	Pastor, St. Mary's Church <sup>o</sup>	Oct., 1873.
12	Boff, Felix M.	Alsace	Jan. 25, 1831	May 26, 1853	Ordination	Nottingham	(1) Vicar Gen., (2) Chaplain Urs. Acad.	April, 1876. (3) May, 1873. (2) Dec., 1878.
13	Braire, Louis	France	Mar. 17, 1835	Dec. 18, 1858	Sept., 1881	Toledo	Pastor, St. Joseph's church	Feb., 1884.
14	Braschler, Charles	Switzerland	Nov. 2, 1843	July 17, 1870	Ordination	Up. Sandusky	Pastor, St. Peter's Church	Mar., 1873.
15	Brown, John B.	Lorraine	Mar. 2, 1834	Aug. 30, 1863	July, 1866	Akron	Pastor, St. Bernard's Church	July, 1866.
16	Buerkel, John B.	Lorraine	June 7, 1842	May 18, 1867	Ordination	Canton	(1) Asst't St. Peter's, (2) Pastor, New Berlin	July, 1882.
17	Cahill, John T.	New York	Dec. 5, 1853	June 15, 1878	"	Ravenna	Pastor, Immaculate Conception Church	April, 1883.
18	Capitani, Pacifico N.	Italy	Aug. 5, 1848	Sept. 27, 1870	July, 1886	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Anthony's Church	July, 1886.

<sup>o</sup> Mission attached.

# I. SECULARS.—CONTINUED.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINAT'N.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE.	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
	Reverends:							
19	Carroll, John P.	New York	Nov. 8, 1839	May 4, 1862	Ordination	East Liverpool	Pastor, St. Aloysius' Church	Nov., 1879.
20	Carroll, John T.	New York	Aug. 17, 1852	July 5, 1876	"	Cleveland	Pastor, Holy Name Church	Feb., 1886.
21	Chevraux, Charles V.	France	Jan. 22, 1848	Aug. 8, 1874	"	Norwalk	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	Jan., 1885.
22	Christophory, Jacob	Luxemburg	April 26, 1848	June 15, 1878	"	Medina	Pastor, St. Francis Xavier's Church*	Sept., 1887.
23	Clarke, Joseph J.	Ireland	Dec. 22, 1853	Nov. 11, 1883	"	S. Thompson	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church*	Aug., 1886.
24	Conway, Edward J.	New York	Nov. 23, 1844	Dec. 16, 1867	"	Painesville	Pastor, St. Mary's Church*	Aug., 1887.
25	Cullen, James M.	Ireland	June 29, 1814	July 19, 1847	Dec., 1872	Cleveland	(On sick list since January, 1888)	
26	Dambach, Amadeus.	Baden	Nov. 16, 1827	Nov. 21, 1853	Jan., 1857	Norwalk	Pastor, St. Peter's Church	Aug., 1886.
27	Dannenhoffer, Peter.	Lorraine	Feb. 21, 1834	June 28, 1863	Ordination	Toledo	Pastor, St. Peter's Church	July, 1866.
28	Daudet, John	France	Aug. 15, 1816	Oct. 26, 1831	June, 1865	Grafton	Pastor, Im. Conception Church	Dec., 1871.
29	Dechant, Michael	Bavaria	June 23, 1832	June 28, 1863	Ordination	Peru	Pastor, St. Alphonsus' Church	Dec., 1873.
30	Desmond, John C.	Ireland	Sept. 19, 1849	July 5, 1879	"	Salineville	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church*	Oct., 1884.
31	Doerner, Henry	Prussia	Aug. 8, 1835	Aug. 8, 1874	"	Findlay	Pastor, St. Michael's Church*	Mar., 1881.
32	Ellert, Anthony H.G.	Westphalia	July 5, 1844	May 14, 1871	Oct., 1871	Norwalk	Pastor, St. Paul's Church	Dec., 1873.
33	Eyler, Joseph	Lorraine	Oct. 21, 1845	Mar. 7, 1869	Ordination	Lorain	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	July, 1884.
34	Falk, Stephen	Baden	Dec. 17, 1825	Nov. 25, 1853	Sept., 1857	French Creek	Pastor, Im. Conception Church	Sept., 1880.
35	Farrell, James	Ireland	Oct. 18, 1860	Jan. 8, 1885	Ordination	Hudson	Pastor, St. Mary's Church*	Oct., 1885.
36	Finucan, William J.	Ohio	Nov. 30, 1853	June 15, 1878	"	Salen	Pastor, St. Paul's Church*	June, 1887.
37	Franchise, Nicholas J.	France	June 2, 1851	July 4, 1875	"	New Bedford Pa	Chaplain of "Villa Maria" Convent*	June, 1881.
38	Furdek, Stephen	Hungary	Sept. 2, 1855	July 1, 1882	"	Cleveland	Pastor of O. L. of Lourdes' Church	Feb., 1884.
39	Galvin, John L.	New York	Aug. 10, 1854	June 15, 1878	"	Wellington	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church*	July, 1878.
40	Gerardin, Augustine	France	May 4, 1844	Dec. 21, 1867	"	Cleveland	Pastor, Annunciation Church	April, 1878.
41	Gloden, Peter Jos.	Luxemburg	Jan. 12, 1812	Sept. 30, 1869	"	Fostoria	Pastor, St. Wendelin's Church	May, 1886.
42	Goeke, Joseph J.	West Virginia	Oct. 18, 1854	July 2, 1881	"	Milan	Pastor, St. Anthony's Church*	June, 1885.



43	Griss, Charles	Alsace	Sept. 5, 1837	June 28, 1863	Ordination	Oak Harbor	Pastor, St. Boniface's Church*	Oct., 1885.
44	Hamelin, Armand	France	April 18, 1841	June 15, 1867	Feb., 1883	Toussaint	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church*	Aug., 1886.
45	Hannan, John	Ireland	May 4, 1842	June 25, 1865	Ordination	Cleveland	Assistant, St. Malachy's Church	July, 1882.
46	Hannin, Edward	Ireland	Dec. 22, 1826	June 1, 1856	"	Toledo	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church	April, 1872.
47	Harks, William A.	Ohio	Aug. 7, 1854	July 4, 1880	"	Toledo	Pastor, St. Heart's Church	Dec., 1885.
48	Healy, Michael	Ireland	Sept. 26, 1823	April 2, 1851	"	Tiffin	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	Feb., 1859.
49	Heldegger, Jacob	Austria	Mar. 18, 1846	July 5, 1871	"	Fort Jennings	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	June, 1881.
50	Heiland, John B.	Bavaria	Aug. 31, 1839	July 17, 1870	"	Landeck	Pastor, St. John Ev. Church	April, 1878.
51	Helland, Lawrence	Bavaria	Dec. 21, 1841	June 17, 1870	"	N. Washington	Pastor, St. Bernard's Church*	July, 1881.
52	Hoefel, Aloysius I.	Lorraine	May 14, 1832	June 13, 1858	"	Delphos	Pastor, St. John Ev. Church	Jan., 1868.
53	Hoerstmann, Joseph	Ohio	Dec. 23, 1858	Nov. 11, 1883	"	Port Clinton	Pastor, Im. Conception Church*	Dec., 1885.
54	Hoffer, Louis	Lorraine	Nov. 18, 1824	June 3, 1849	April, 1859	Louisville	Pastor, St. Louis' Church	July, 1861.
55	Houck, George F.	Ohio	July 9, 1847	July 4, 1875	Ordination	Cleveland	Bishop's Sec'y & Diocesan Chancellor	July, 1877.
56	Huthmacher, Aloysius	Westphalia	Sept. 17, 1856	June 3, 1882	"	Shelby	Pastor, S. Heart of Mary's Church*	July, 1882.
57	Hynek, Anthony	Bohemia	Mar. 14, 1839	July 27, 1865	Sept., 1872	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Wenceslars' Church*	April, 1873.
58	Jennings, Gilbert P.	Ohio	Oct. 25, 1856	July 6, 1884	Ordination	Jefferson (C.p.t.)	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church*	July, 1884.
59	Jung, John B.	Switzerland	Nov. 16, 1844	April 19, 1870	Aug., 1870†	Defiance	Pastor, St. John's Ev. Church	Oct., 1878.
60	Kaempker, Henry	Westphalia	Dec. 5, 1848	May 30, 1874	Oct., 1874†	Galion	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church*	April, 1878
61	Kikuem, Henry	Westphalia	Mar. 22, 1835	June 22, 1859	June, 1879	Cleveland	Chapl. Sisters of Notre Dame, Clev'd	June, 1879.
62	Kinkaid, Michael P.	Ireland	Sept. 28, 1851	Oct. 8, 1875	Ordination	Defiance	Pastor, Our Lady of P. H. Church	Jan., 1876.
63	Kirch, Nicholas	Luxemburg	Oct. 8, 1831	June 25, 1865	"	West Brookfield	Pastor, St. Barbara's Church	Aug., 1886.
64	Kleekamp, John H.	Hanover	Feb. 20, 1856	July 2, 1881	"	Bucyrus	Pastor, Holy Trinity Church	April, 1887.
65	Klute, John W.	Westphalia	Oct. 17, 1847	Aug. 8, 1874	"	Youngstown	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	Aug., 1883.
66	Kolasinski, Nicodemus	Galtica	Sept. 14, 1846	Sept. 18, 1875	July, 1884	Berea	Pastor, St. Adalbert's Church	July, 1884.
67	Kolaszewski, A. Francis	Poland	Sept. 5, 1851	July 1, 1883	Ordination	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Stanislas' Church	Aug., 1883.
68	Kondelka, Joseph M.	Bohemia	Dec. 8, 1852	Oct. 8, 1875	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Michael's Church	July, 1883.
69	Kuebler, Jacob F.	Ohio	June 21, 1849	July 4, 1875	"	Rockport	Pastor, St. Mary's Church*	July, 1875.
70	Kuhn, Jacob A.	Rhenish Prussia	April 20, 1836	June 28, 1863	"	Massillon	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	April, 1879.
71	Kunnert, John P.	Luxemburg	Oct. 27, 1856	July 3, 1886	"	Harrisburg	Pastor, S. Heart of Mary's Church*	Aug., 1886.

\* Mission attached.

† Ordained for diocese of Cleveland.

# I. SECULARS—CONTINUED.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINAT'N.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
	Reverends:							
72	Leeming, George	England	May 12, 1844	April 4, 1869	Oct., 1883	Kent	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church.	Feb., 1885.
73	Litterst, Theodore	Baden	April 7, 1835	Mar. 4, 1871	Ordination	Bismarck	Pastor, St. Sebastian's Church.	Nov., 1879.
74	McCarthy, Timothy P.	Ireland	Nov. 6, 1843	July 5, 1877	"	Fremont	Pastor, St. Ann's Church.	Aug., 1887.
75	McGrath, John P.	Pennsylvania	April 6, 1853	July 1, 1882	"	Providence	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church.*	Feb., 1885.
76	McGuire, Patrick J.	Ireland	Mar. 12, 1841	Oct. 21, 1863	"	Canion	Pastor, St. John's Ev. Church.	July, 1879.
77	McGuire, Thomas F.	Ireland	Nov. 6, 1817	July 1, 1883	"	St. Mary's Corners	Pastor, St. Mary's Church.	Aug., 1883.
78	McMahon, John	Ohio	Oct. 6, 1860	Nov. 11, 1883	"	Alliance	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church.	Mar., 1886.
79	McMahon, William	Ireland	Feb. 9, 1847	July 21, 1872	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Bridget's Church.	Feb., 1876.
80	Magenhann, Andrew	Alsace	Feb. 28, 1839	July 30, 1861	"	Mansfield	Pastor, St. Peter's Church.	Oct., 1869.
81	Mahar, Thomas F., D. D.	Pennsylvania	Sept. 28, 1851	May 30, 1874	Aug., 1875†	Akron	Pastor, St. Vincent de Paul Church.	Aug., 1880.
82	Mahony, Timothy M.	Ireland	Aug. 16, 1836	June 29, 1863	Ordination	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church.	Aug., 1880.
83	Major, Thomas S.	Kentucky	July 13, 1841	Nov. 14, 1875	April, 1887	Edgerton	Pastor, St. Mary's Church.*	April, 1887.
84	Malecha, John W.	Bohemia	June 23, 1861	July 3, 1886	Ordination	Elmore	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church.*	Aug., 1886.
85	Manning, Alfred E.	Ohio	Sept. 1, 1856	July 2, 1881	"	Clyde	Pastor, St. Mary's Church.*	April, 1883.
86	Manning, Wm. J.	Massachusetts	Dec. 24, 1817	July 5, 1879	"	Youngstown	Pastor, Im. Conception Church.	Dec., 1882.
87	Martin, Anthony T.	France	Nov. 23, 1834	July 26, 1857	"	Euclid	Pastor, St. Paul's Church.*	June, 1864.
88	Mears, Edward	Ireland	July 18, 1814	Mar. 7, 1869	"	Youngstown	Pastor, St. Columba's Church.	July, 1877.
89	Mertes, John B.	Luxemburg	April 15, 1851	July 4, 1880	"	Maumee	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church.	May, 1883.
90	Mertelich, Francis.	Rhenish Prussia.	May 18, 1851	May 31, 1874	"	Navarre	Pastor, St. Clement's Church.	Oct., 1876.
91	Michenfelder, Jno. A.	Baden	May 1, 1850	June 7, 1873	"	New Bavaria	Pastor, Sacred Heart of Jesus Church.*	May, 1879.
92	Mizer, John G.	Ohio	Dec. 24, 1854	July 4, 1880	"	Kirby	Pastor, St. Mary's Church.*	July, 1880.
93	Moos, Nicholas	Luxemburg	Feb. 8, 1826	April 16, 1859	"	Sandusky	Pastor, St. Mary's Church.	Jan., 1873.
94	Moos, Nicholas A., D.D.	Luxemburg	April 10, 1844	May 18, 1867	"	Cleveland	Rector, St. Mary's Seminary.	Sept., 1870.
95	Motowy, James P.	Ireland	June 19, 1830	June 26, 1859	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Malachy's Church.	Nov., 1865.
96	Mühlenbeck, Jno. A.	Westphalia	Sept. 27, 1857	July 2, 1881	"	Archhold	Pastor, St. Peter's Church.*	Mar., 1886.
97	Müller, Michael	Bavaria	Feb. 21, 1833	June 27, 1865	"	Ottoville	Pastor, Im. Conception Church.*	Mar., 1868.
98	Müller, Wimar	Rhenish Prussia.	Nov. 30, 1846	July 21, 1872	"	Six Mile Woods	Pastor, Im. Conception Church	Oct., 1877.

99	Murphy, Edward J.	Ireland	Aug. 15, 1836	Sept. 30, 1861	Ordination	Leetonia	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church	Oct., 1884.
100	Murphy, Michael	New York	Aug. 29, 1851	July 5, 1876	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Augustine's Church	July, 1879.
101	Murphy, William F.	Ohio	Nov. 5, 1857	July 6, 1884	"	Wellsville	Pastor, Im. Conception Church	Aug., 1885.
102	O'Brien, Denis P.	Ireland	July 8, 1859	June 17, 1883	February, 1884	Niles	Pastor, St. Stephen's Church*	Sept., 1884.
103	O'Brien, Patrick	Ireland	Feb. 20, 1844	July 21, 1872	Ordination	Toledo	Pastor, Im. Conception Church	May, 1878.
104	O'Callaghan, Eugene M.	Ireland	May 4, 1831	June 26, 1859	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Colman's Church	Aug., 1880.
105	O'Connell, John T.	Ireland	Jan. 15, 1860	July 9, 1885	"	Cleveland	Professor, St. Mary's Seminary	Jan., 1887.
106	O'Connor, John	Ohio	Feb. 28, 1853	July 4, 1880	"	Cleveland	Assistant, St. John's Cathedral	July, 1880.
107	O'Leary, James	Ireland	May 21, 1851	July 5, 1877	"	Lima	Pastor, St. Rose's Church	Mar., 1886.
108	O'Mara, Patrick H.	Illinois	Feb. 22, 1852	July 5, 1877	"	Delphos	Assistant, St. John Ev. Church	Sept., 1886.
109	O'Neill, Francis J.	Ireland	Oct. 9, 1852	June 15, 1872	"	Berea	Pastor, St. Mary's Church*	Mar., 1886.
110	Orzechowski, M. F.	Poland	May 30, 1838	Nov. 1, 1866	August, 1884	Toledo	Pastor, St. Anthony's Church	Aug., 1884.
111	Pfeil, Nicholas	Ohio	Nov. 4, 1859	July 1, 1883	Ordination	Avon	Pastor, Holy Trinity Church*	Feb., 1884.
112	Philippart, Michael	Luxembourg	Mar. 21, 1854	July 3, 1886	"	Sandusky	Assistant St. Mary's Church	Aug., 1886.
113	Prineau, John B.	Canada, P. Q.	April 29, 1836	Oct. 21, 1860	Sept., 1884	Toledo	Pastor, St. Louis' Church	Sept., 1884.
114	Pütz, John Martin	Rhenish Prussia	Sept. 11, 1836	June 28, 1863	Ordination	Tiffin	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	May, 1885.
115	Pütz, John Peter	Rhenish Prussia	Dec. 20, 1833	June 25, 1865	"	Tiffin	Assistant, St. Joseph's Church	June, 1885.
116	Pütz, Michael	Luxembourg	Dec. 29, 1845	Var. 7, 1869	"	Napoleon	Pastor, St. Augustine's Church	Oct., 1880.
117	Quigley, P. F. (D.D.)	Ireland	Feb. 26, 1846	June 19, 1869	"	Toledo	Pastor, St. Francis de Sales' Church	Nov., 1885.
118	Rebholz, Sylvan	Baden	May 18, 1844	Feb. 12, 1870	June, 1870†	Randolph	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church*	Mar., 1885.
119	Reichlin, Casimir	Switzerland	Dec. 16, 1843	April 19, 1870	Ordination	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Stephen's Church	May, 1870.
120	Reichlin, Charles	Switzerland	Dec. 10, 1863	Dec. 18, 1886	"	Kelley's Island	Pastor, St. Michael's Church*	Jan., 1887.
121	Rieken, Gustave H.	Illinois	Dec. 23, 1855	July 4, 1880	"	Perrysburg	Pastor, St. Rose's Church*	Feb., 1885.
122	Rohan, Edmund F.	Ireland	Jan. 8, 1854	July 9, 1885	"	Van Wert	Pastor, St. Mary's Church*	April, 1886.
123	Romer, Joseph	Switzerland	Aug. 27, 1841	July 4, 1875	"	North Amherst	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	July, 1875.
124	Rosenberg, Joseph	Switzerland	April 8, 1844	July 4, 1875	"	New Cleveland	Pastor, Holy Family Church*	July, 1880.
125	Rouchy, James	France	Sept. 22, 1828	May 21, 1853	Nov., 1862	Canal Fulton	Assistant, Sts. Philip and James' Ch.	Nov., 1883.
126	Rupert, Frederiek	Ohio	Nov. 21, 1846	July 5, 1879	Ordination	Bellevue	Pastor, Immaculate Conception Church	April, 1885.

† Ordained for diocese of Cleveland.

\* Mission attached.

# I. SECULARS.—CONTINUED.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINAT'N.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
Reverends:								
127	Sauvadet, Andrew	France	Mar. 1, 1833	June 18, 1859	June, 1865	Wakeman	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	Jan., 1886.
128	Seaton, Matthew A.	Pennsylvania	Jan. 13, 1830	June 26, 1859	Ordination	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Edward's (H. Fam.) Church	July, 1880.
129	Schaffeld, John T.	Rhenish Prussia	Oct. 16, 1837	July 17, 1870	"	Elyria	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	May, 1880.
130	Schmitz, Nicholas	Rhenish Prussia	May 21, 1833	June 28, 1883	"	Monroeville	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	May, 1885.
131	Schoenemann, G. C.	Ohio	April 21, 1861	July 6, 1884	"	North Ridge	Pastor, St. Michael's Church*	July, 1886.
132	Schreiber, Ferd. A.	New York	July 3, 1861	July 3, 1886	"	Anwerp	Pastor, St. Mary's Church*	Aug., 1886.
133	Seullin, Felix M.	Ireland	Jan. 29, 1856	July 4, 1880	"	Hubbard	Pastor, St. Patrick's Church*	Feb., 1884.
134	Seltzer, Charles	Lorraine	July 15, 1845	May 16, 1888	"	Doylstown	Pastor, St. Peter's Church	Dec., 1882.
135	Sheridan, John	Ireland	Aug. 15, 1818	Aug. 15, 1844	Aug., 1874	Cleveland	Assistant, St. Patrick's Church	Aug., 1873.
136	Sidley, Alexander R.	Ohio	Aug. 19, 1812	June 25, 1865	Ordination	Cleveland	Pastor, Immaculate Conception Church	June, 1876.
137	Stidley, Robert A.	Ireland	Nov. —, 1828	June 1, 1856	"	Sandusky	Pastor, St. Peter and Paul's Church	April, 1871.
138	Sinner, Francis	Luxemburg	Sept. 15, 1855	July 21, 1878	"	Cleveland	Assistant, St. Peter's Church	Mar., 1884.
139	Smith, Matthew S.	Pennsylvania	Aug. 28, 1859	July 1, 1882	"	Vermillion	Pastor, St. Mary's Church	July, 1882.
140	Smyth, Thomas M.	New Jersey	May 27, 1817	July 5, 1871	"	Ashtabula	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	Aug., 1887.
141	Sproll, Joseph	Wurtemberg	Jan. 11, 1845	July 21, 1872	"	Loudonville	Pastor, St. Peter's Church*	July, 1885.
142	Stafford, Denis J.	Dist. of Columbia	Nov. 3, 1860	Dec. 19, 1885	"	Cleveland	Assistant, St. John's Cathedral	Jan., 1886.
143	Te Pas, Anthony, Ph.D.	Ohio	Dec. 3, 1852	May 22, 1880	Oct., 1882†	Cleveland	Prof. St. Mary's Seminary*	Oct., 1882.
144	Thein, John	Luxemburg	Sept. 8, 1848	July 4, 1875	Ordination	Liverpool	Pastor, St. Martin's Church	Nov., 1885.
145	Thorpé, Thomas P.	Ireland	Feb. 26, 1837	June 30, 1861	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. John's Cathedral*	June, 1876.
146	Tracy, John	Ireland	Nov. 20, 1837	June 28, 1863	"	Sandusky	Pastor, Holy Angels' Church	Aug., 1887.
147	Tracy, James	Ireland	May 12, 1857	Jan. 8, 1885	"	Cleveland	Assistant, St. John's Cathedral	Jan., 1885.
148	Treiber, Clement	Ohio	July 20, 1856	July 4, 1880	"	Crestline	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	June, 1887.
149	Vattmann, Edward J.	Westphalia	Sept. 11, 1840	April 1, 1865	May, 1867	Canal Fulton	Pastor, Sts. Philip and James' Church*	Oct., 1877.
150	Vorlet, George A.	Lorraine	Mar. 27, 1839	Sept. 30, 1861	Ordination	Massillon	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	Sept., 1865.
151	Vleek, Anthony	Moravia	June 5, 1862	Aug. 7, 1885	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Procop's Church	Aug., 1885.
152	Vogt, John George	Baden	June 22, 1847	June 7, 1873	"	Dungannon	Pastor, St. Philip Neri's Church*	Oct., 1877.



153	Vollmayer, Michael	Ohio	Mar. 19, 1856	July 9, 1885	Ordination	Custar	Pastor, St. Louis' Church*	July, 1885.
154	Weber, Ambrose A.	Baden	Mar. 25, 1854	July 3, 1886	"	Warren	Pastor, O. L. of Mt. Carmel Church*	Aug., 1886.
155	Westerholt, Francis	Westphalia	May 31, 1827	July 8, 1855	"	Cleveland	Pastor, St. Peter's Church*	Jan., 1868.
156	Wieczorek, Simon J.	Russian Poland	July 18, 1838	June 29, 1868	July, 1886	Toledo	Pastor, St. Heavig's Church	July, 1886.
157	Zlinsmayer, Dominic	Baden	July 29, 1844	Nov. 30, 1869	April, 1870†	Sheffield	Pastor, St. Teresa's Church	Aug., 1883.

† Ordained for diocese of Cleveland.

\* Mission attached.

## II. REGULARS.

### A. SANGUINISTS.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINAT'N.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
1	Boebner, J. Benedict	Ohio	Jan. 14, 1860	July 29, 1883	Oct., 1883	Glandorf	Pastor, Sts. Peter and Paul, Ottawa	Oct., 1883
2	Büchel, Francis	Austria	Sept. 2, 1825	June 13, 1871	June, 1885	Glandorf	Assistant, St. John's	June, 1885
3	Glück, Erhard	Baden	Nov. 24, 1824	June 13, 1856	June, 1882	New Riegel	Chaplain	June, 1886
4	Griesmayer, F. Xavier	Württemberg	Dec. 26, 1829	Oct. 24, 1863	March, 1878	Thompson	Pastor, St. Michael's Church	March, 1878
5	Hahn, R. Florian	Württemberg	Sept. 4, 1850	June 8, 1882	Aug., 1882	Thompson	Pastor, Assumption Church, Reed	Aug., 1882
6	Kenk, Mathias	Baden	Jan. 18, 1846	Nov. 21, 1868	Dec., 1885	New Riegel	Pastor, St. Peter's Church, Big Spring	Dec., 1885
7	Nigisch, Francis	Tyrol	May 24, 1846	Jan. 25, 1872	Oct., 1881	Glandorf	Pastor, St. John's Church	Oct., 1881
8	Rist, Philip	Württemberg	May 9, 1842	June 7, 1866	July, 1866	St. Stephen's	Pastor, St. Stephen's Church	Feb., 1874
9	Russ, Boniface	Ohio	Nov. 12, 1855	Sept. 19, 1878	Aug., 1880	New Riegel	Pastor, St. Boniface Church	Aug., 1880
10	Stiefvater, Andrew	Baden	Nov. 28, 1830	Aug. 28, 1857	Nov., 1877	Thompson	Assistant, St. Michael's Church	June, 1886



## II. REGULARS.—CONCLUDED.

### B. FRANCISCANS.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINAT'N.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE.	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
Reverends:								
1	Andrescheck, Alarius.	Silesia	May 29, 1830	Feb. 7, 1868	Jan., 1877	Clev'd Monast'y	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church	July, 1885
2	Girschewski, Cletus	W. Prussia	Mar. 11, 1846	May 22, 1881	July, 1887	Clev'd Monast'y	Chaplain, &c.	July, 1887
3	Janietz, Wolfgang	Silesia	Nov. 26, 1832	April 15, 1860	July, 1886	Clev'd Monast'y	Chaplain, &c.	July, 1886
4	McClory, Augustine.	Pennsylvania	Nov. 15, 1847	June 29, 1875	Jan., 1887	Clev'd Monast'y	Chaplain, &c.	Jan., 1887
5	Macul, Bonaventure.	Silesia	July 8, 1825	June 22, 1850	July, 1875	Clev'd Monast'y	Chaplain, &c.	July, 1875
6	Neumann, Maximilian	Silesia	July 7, 1846	Mar. 13, 1875	July, 1885	Clev'd Monast'y	Superior of Monastery	July, 1885
7	Rheindorff, Romuald	Rhenish Prussia	July 22, 1856	May 12, 1883	Aug., 1885	Clev'd Monast'y	Assistant, St. Joseph's Church	Aug., 1885
8	Wenzel, Camillus.	Silesia	Mar. 28, 1830	Sept. 8, 1874	Aug., 1884	Clev'd Monast'y	Chaplain, &c.	Aug., 1885

### C. JESUITS.

No.	NAME.	NATIVE OF	DATE OF BIRTH.	DATE OF ORDINAT'N.	IN THE DIOCESE SINCE.	RESIDENCE.	PRESENT APPOINTMENT.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
Reverends:								
1	Becker, William.	Westphalia.	April 15, 1830	April 16, 1859	June, 1885	Cleveland.	Assistant, St. Mary's Church	June, 1885
2	Boehmer, Henry.	Rhenish Prussia	Mar. 10, 1834	Sept. 22, 1866	July, 1886	Cleveland.	Assistant, St. Mary's Church	July, 1886
3	Gaechter, Joseph	Austria	Nov. 6, 1847	Feb. 25, 1878	Aug., 1886	Cleveland.	Professor at St. Ignatius' College	Sept., 1886
4	Haeftely, Basil	Switzerland	Feb. 4, 1822	Aug. 1, 1854	Sept., 1885	Toledo	Assistant, &c., St. Mary's Church	Sept., 1885
5	Kerekhoff, Hermann	Hanover	June 26, 1836	July 16, 1861	Aug., 1886	Cleveland.	Professor at St. Ignatius' College	Sept., 1886
6	Koerling, Ignatius.	Westphalia.	Feb. 11, 1838	Sept. 18, 1868	Sept., 1886	Cleveland.	Assistant, &c., St. Mary's Church	July, 1887
7	Kramer, Louis M.	Rhenish Prussia	Aug. 7, 1839	July 15, 1870	Nov., 1879	Toledo	Assistant, St. Mary's Church	Nov., 1879
8	Kreidler, John B.	Württemberg	June 8, 1844	Sept. 21, 1873	Sept., 1881	Toledo	Pastor, St. Joseph's Church, Sylvania.	Sept., 1881
9	Neustich, John B.	Westphalia.	May 19, 1840	Mar. 30, 1865	June, 1886	Cleveland.	Pastor, St. Mary's Ch., and Superior	June, 1886
10	Sigg, Aloysius.	Württemberg.	Dec. 4, 1839	Nov. 5, 1865	May, 1885	Toledo	Pastor, St. Mary's Ch., and Superior	May, 1885
11	Truemper, Williams	Prussia	Nov. —, 1840	May 31, 1871	July, 1887	Cleveland.	Assistant, St. Mary's Church	July, 1887
12	Zoeller, Michael	Bavaria.	April 16, 1836	Aug. 12, 1859	Aug., 1881	Toledo	Assistant, St. Mary's Church	June, 1886

TABLE II.

## A. LIST OF CHURCHES, WITH RESIDENT PASTORS.

OCTOBER, 1847.

NUMBER.	CONGREGATION ORGANIZED	PLACE, (Present Name.)	FORMER NAME OF PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	CHURCH BUILT IN	CHURCH OF	RESIDENT PASTOR.
1	1823	Canton		Stark	St. John Baptist	1823	Brick	J. J. Doherty
2	1845	Canton		Stark	St. Peter	1845	Brick	J. H. Labr, J. B. Jacomet.
3	1835	Cleveland		Cuyahoga	St. Mary's (on "Flats")	1840	Frame	M. Howard
4	1844	Delphos		Allen	St. John Ev	1844	Log	O. J. Bredeick
5	1827	Boylestown	Chippewa	Wayne	St. Peter	1829	Log	C. Mouret
6	1817	Dungannon	St. Paul's Settlement	Columbiana	St. Paul	1820	Brick	J. Conlan and J. V. Conlan
7	1834	Glandorf		Putnam	St. John Bapt. (2d ch.)	1837	Log	George Böhne
8	1826	Louisville	Beechland	Stark	St. Louis	1835	Brick	Peter Peudeprat
9	1839	Massillon		Stark	St. Mary	1844	Frame	Ph. Foley
10	1833	New Riegel	Wolf's Creek	Seneca	St. Boniface	1833	Log	{ John Wittmer, J. Van den Broek, P. A. Capeder
11	1834	Sandusky		Erie	Holy Angels	1842	Stone	P. J. Machebeuf
12	1834	Thompson		Seneca	St. Michael	1839	Log	{ F. S. Brunner, M. A. Meyer, M. Kreusch, J. Ringele
13	1841	Toledo		Lucas	St. Francis de Sales	1841	Frame	L. de Goesbriand, A. Kuppe

# B. MISSION CHURCHES.

October, 1847.

NUMBER.	CONGREGATION.	PLACE, (Present Name.)	FORMER NAME OF PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	CHURCH BUILT IN	CHURCH BUILT OF	CHURCH ATTENDED FROM
14	1840	Abbeyville	Cascade.	Medina	St. Mary	1842	Log	Thompson
15	1835	Akron		Summit	St. Vincent de Paul	1844	Frame	Doylestown
16	1833	Avon		Lorain	Holy Trinity	1844	Frame	Cleveland and Thompson
17	1846	Bismarck	Sherman	Huron	St. Sebastian	1846	Log	Thompson
18	1825	Canal Fulton	Lawrence	Stark	Sfs. Philip and James	1831	Log	Massillon
19	1841	Defiance		Defiance	St. John Ev.	1844	Frame	Toledo
20	1834	East Liverpool		Columbiana	St. Aloysius	1840	Brick	Dungannon
21	1841	Fremont	Lower Sandusky	Sandusky	St. Ann	1844	Frame	Toledo
22	1842	French Creek		Lorain	St. Mary	1844	Frame	Thompson
23	1845	Harrisburg		Stark	S. Heart of Jesus	1845	Frame	Louisville
24	1835	La Porte	Rawsonville	Lorain	St. John of the Cross	1835	Frame	Cleveland
25	1841	La Prairie		Sandusky	St. Philomena	1841	Log	Sandusky and Toledo
26	1831	Liberty		Seneca	St. Andrew	1842	Log	New Riegel
27	1842	Liverpool		Medina	St. Martin	1842	Log	Thompson
28	1830	McCutchenville		Wyandot	Visitation B. V. M.	1837	Frame	New Riegel
29	1838	Maumee	Maumee City, S. Toledo	Lucas	St. Joseph	1841	Frame	Toledo
30	1832	Navarre	Bethlehem	Stark	St. Clement	1833	Log	Canton and Massillon
31	1843	New Bavaria	Poplar Ridge	Henry	S. Heart of Jesus	1847	Log	Toledo
32	1845	New Berlin		Stark	St. Paul	1845	Brick	Canton
33	1841	New Washington		Crawford	St. Bernard	1841	Log	Thompson
34	1840	Norwalk		Huron	St. Peter	1840	Frame	Sandusky
35	1841	Perrysburg		Wood	St. Rose of Lima	1841	Frame	Sandusky
36	1829	Peru		Huron	St. Alphonse	1834	Frame	Thompson

# B. MISSION CHURCHES—CONCLUDED.

*October, 1847.*

NUMBER.	CONGREGATION ORGANIZED.	PLACE, (Present Name.)	FORMER NAME OF PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	CHURCH BUILT IN	CHURCH OF	CHURCH ATTENDED FROM
37	1838	Providence		Lucas	St. Patrick	1845	Brick	Toledo
38	1832	Randolph		Portage	St. Joseph (2d ch.)	1845	Frame	Thompson and Canton
39	1842	St. Stephen's Settlement	St. Maurice	Seneca	St. Stephen	1842	Frame	Thompson
40	1842	Sheffield		Lorain	St. Teresa	1842	Log	Thompson
41	1833	Shelby Settlement		Crawford	S. Heart of Jesus	1836	Frame	Thompson
42	1845	Tiffin		Seneca	St. Joseph	1845	Brick	New Riegel
43	1832	Tiffin		Seneca	St. Mary	1832	Br. & Fr.	Vacant

## C. STATIONS.

(October, 1847.)

PLACES.	ATTENDED FROM.	PLACES.	ATTENDED FROM.
1. Archbold .....	Toledo.	15. Oak Harbor.....	Toledo.
2. Bucyrus.....	Thompson.	16. Ottoville.....	Glandorf.
3. Cuyahoga Falls...	Doylestown.	17. Painesville .....	Cleveland.
4. Delaware Bend....	Toledo.	18. Port Clinton.....	Sandusky.
5. Elyria.....	Cleveland.	19. Ravenna.....	{ Cleveland and Doylestown.
6. Findlay.....	New Riegel.	20. Six-Mile Woods ..	Toledo.
7. Fostoria (Rome)...	New Riegel.	21. South Thompson...	Cleveland.
8. Hicksville .....	Toledo.	22. Summitville .....	Dungannon.
9. Junction.....	Toledo.	23. Toussaint.....	Sandusky.
10. Lima.....	{ Delphos and Glandorf.	24. Vermillion .....	Cleveland.
11. Mansfield.....	Thompson.	25. Wellsville.....	Dungannon.
12. Marblehead.....	Sandusky.	26. Woodville.....	Toledo.
13. Marshallville(Bristol)	Doylestown.	27. Wooster .....	Massillon.
14. Napoleon .....	Toledo.	28. Youngstown .....	Doylestown.

## D. CONVENTS.

(October, 1847.)

1. New Riegel.....	Sanguinist.
2. Thompson.....	Sanguinist.
3. Toledo.....	Notre Dame (Academy).

## SUMMARY.

Churches (with Resident Pastors).....	13
Churches (Mission).....	30
Total.....	43
Stations.....	28
Priests (Secular).....	14
Priests (Regular).....	7
Total.....	21
Convents.....	3
Academy.....	1



TABLE III.

# A. LIST OF CHURCHES WITH RESIDENT PASTORS, ETC. September, 1887.

NUMBER.	ORGANIZATION IN	PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	PRESBYTER CHURCH	PRESBYTER CHURCH	SIZE. Length, Ft.      Width, Ft.	CHURCH BUILT	PASTORAL RESIDENCE BUILT OF	LANGUAGE OF CONGREGATION.	RESIDENT PASTOR.	PAROCHIAL SCHOOL.
1	1855	Cleveland	Cuyahoga.	St. John Ev. (Cathedral)	Second	1852	170 75	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. T. P. Thorpe	Yes.
2	1887	"	"	St. Anthony	First	1887	100 45	Frame	(Res. Bp's H)	Italian	Rev. P. Capitani	No.
3	1860	"	"	St. Augustine	First	1860	106 36	Frame	Brick	English	Rev. M. Murphy	Yes.
4	1857	"	"	St. Bridget	Second	1877	150 50	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. W. McMahon	Yes.
5	1880	"	"	St. Colman	First	1880	120 60	Frame	Frame	English	Rev E. M. O'Callaghan	Yes.
6	1871	"	"	St. Edward (H. Family)	Second	1885	120 59	Stone	Brick	English	Rev. M. A. Scanlon	Yes.
7	1882	"	"	Holy Name (H. Rosary)	Second	1887	160 65	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. J. T. Carroll	Yes.
8	1880	"	"	Holy Trinity	First	1881	100 40	Frame	(Rented)	German	Rev. P. Becker	Yes.
9	1856	"	"	Immaculate Conception	Second	1886	176 76	Stone	Brick	English	Rev. A. R. Sidley	Yes.
10	1855	"	"	St. Joseph	Second	1873	160 80	Brick	(Conv. Res.)	German	Rev. A. Andreschek, (S.F.)	Yes.
11	1865	"	"	St. Malachy	First	1869	128 64	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. J. P. Molony	Yes.
12	1870	"	"	St. Mary's (Annunciation)	First	1871	90 40	Frame	Frame	French & Eng.	Rev. A. Gerardin	Yes.
13	1854	"	"	St. Mary's (Assumption)	First	1865	137 67	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. J. B. Neustich, S.J.	Yes.
14	1883	"	"	St. Michael	First	1883	130 32	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. J. M. Koudelka	Yes.
15	1883	"	"	Our Lady of Lourdes	First	1883	100 40	Frame	Frame	Bohemian	Rev. S. Furdek	Yes.
16	1854	"	"	St. Patrick	Second	1877	124 85	Stone	Frame	English	Rev. T. M. Mahony	Yes.
17	1853	"	"	St. Peter	First	1857	150 65	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. F. Westerholt	Yes.
18	1874	"	"	St. Procop	First	1874	94 40	Frame	Frame	Bohemian	Rev. A. Vlecek	Yes.
19	1873	"	"	St. Stanislas	First	1881	106 36	Frame	Frame	Polish	Rev. A. F. Kolaszewski	Yes.
20	1869	"	"	St. Stephen	Second	1873	165 75	Stone	Brick	German	Rev. Casimir Reichlin	Yes.

\* Another church now building.

† Originally St. Mary's on "Flats."

‡ Bought.

TABLE III.—CONTINUED.

NUMBER.	PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	PRESENT CHURCH IS	PRESENT CHURCH BUILT IN	SIZE. Length, Ft.      Width, Ft.	CHURCH BUILT OF	PASTORAL RESIDENCE BUILT OF	LANGUAGE OF CONGRE- GATION.	RESIDENT PASTOR.	PAROCHIAL SCHOOL?
21	Cleveland	Cuyahoga.	St. Wenceslas	First..	1867	90	Brick	Frame	Bohemian	Rev. A. Hynek	Yes.
22	Akron	"	St. Bernard	First..	1862	140	Brick	Frame	German	Rev. J. B. Broun	Yes.
23	Alliance	Stark	St. Vincent de Paul	Second	1866	100	Stone	Brick	English	Rev. T. F. McMahon	Yes.
24	Antwerp	Faulding	St. Mary	First..	1870	98	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. J. McMahon	Yes.
25	Archbold	Fulton	St. Peter	Second	1869	46	Frame	Frame	Eng. Ger and Fr	Rev. F. A. Schrelber	No.
26	Ashtabula	Ashtabula	St. Joseph	First..	1860	36	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. J. H. Mühlbeck	No.
27	Avon	Lorain	Holy Trinity	Second	1862	95	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. T. M. Smyth	Yes.
28	Bellevue	Huron	Im. Conception	Second	1881	60	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. N. Pfeil	Yes.
29	Berea	Cuyahoga	St. Adalbert	First..	1874	108	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. F. Rupert	Yes.
30	"	"	St. Mary	Second	1866	85	Brick	Frame	Pol. and Ger.	Rev. N. Kolasinski	Yes.
31	Berwick	Seneca	St. Nicholas	First*	1856	105	Stone	(Rented)	English	Rev. F. J. O'Neill	Yes.
32	Bismarck	Huron	St. Sebastian	Second	1857	68	Brick	Brick	Fr. and Ger.	Rev. M. Arnold	Yes.
33	Briar Hill	"	St. Ann	First..	1870	42	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. T. Litterst	Yes.
34	Crawford	"	Holy Trinity	Second	1884	40	Frame	Frame	English	At'd prtem. fm Hub'rd	Yes.
35	Bucyrus	Stark	Sis. Philip and James	Third..	1868	45	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. H. Kleeckamp	Yes.
36	Canal Fulton.	"	St. John Baptist	Second	1870	100	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. E. J. Vattmann	Yes.
37	Canton	"	St. Peter	First*	1862	70	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. P. J. McGuire	Yes.
38	Clyde	Sandusky	St. Mary	Second	1879	164	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. V. Arnold	Yes.
39	Crestline	Crawford	St. Joseph	First..	1861	65	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. A. E. Manning	No.
40	Custar	Wood	St. Louis	First..	1866	50	Frame	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. C. Treiber	Yes.
41	Defiance	Defiance	St. John Evangelist	Second	1856	27	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. M. Vollmayer	Yes.
42	"	"	Our Lady of P. H.	First..	1875	34	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. J. B. Jung	Yes.
43	Delphos	Allen	St. John Evangelist	Third..	1880	55	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. M. P. Kinkad	Yes.
44	Doylestown	Wayne	St. Peter	Second	1877	130	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. A. I. Hoeffel	Yes.
45					1877	112	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. C. Seltzer	Yes.

46	1817	Dunganuon ..	Columbiana	St. Philip	Second	1850	65	45	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. G. Vogt	No.
47	1834	East Liverpool	"	St. Aloysius <sup>o</sup>	Second	1851	75	30	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. J. P. Carroll	Yes.
48	1865	Edgerton	Williams	St. Mary	First	1868	60	40	Frame	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. T. S. Major	No.
49	1870	Elmore	Ottawa	St. Patrick	First	1873	42	27	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. J. W. Malecha	No.
50	1842	Elyria	Lorain	St. Mary	Second	1886	124	50	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. T. Schaffeld	Yes.
51	1860	Eucild	Cuyaboga	St. Paul	First	1861	60	34	Frame	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. A. T. Martin	Yes.
52	1844	Findlay	Hancock	St. Michael	Second	1868	100	50	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. H. Doerner	Yes.
53	1834	Ft. Jennings	Putnam	St. Joseph	Third	1884	130	54	Brick	Frame	German	Rev. J. Heldegger	Yes.
54	1847	Fostoria	Seneca	St. Wendelin	Second	1879	100	45	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. P. Gloden	Yes.
55	1841	Fremont	Sandusky	St. Ann	First	1884	95	36	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. T. P. McCarthy	Yes.
56	1857	"	"	St. Joseph	First	1858	95	48	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. S. Bauer	Yes.
57	1842	French Creek	Lorain	Im. Conception	Second	1849	80	35	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. S. Falk	Yes.
58	1851	Galion	Crawford	St. Joseph	Third	1881	106	47	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. H. Kaempker	Yes.
59	1831	Glaudorf	Putnam	St. John Baptist	Fourth	1876	175	72	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. F. Nigsch, C.P.P.S.	Yes.
60	1865	Grafton	Lorain	Im. Conception	Second	1865	80	45	Stone	Frame	English	Rev. J. Daudet	No.
61	1845	Harrisburg	Stark	Sacred Heart of Jesus	Second	1876	70	38	Brick	Frame	Fr. and Eng.	Rev. J. P. Kunnert	No.
62	1864	Hubbard	Trumbull	St. Patrick	First	1867	82	34	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. F. M. Scullin	Yes.
63	1854	Hudson	Summit	St. Mary's	First	1860	40	30	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. J. Farrell	No.
64	1858	Jefferson	Ashtabula	St. Joseph Cal	Second	1876	50	25	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. G. P. Jennings	No.
65	1861	Kelley's Isl'd	Erie	St. Michael	First	1861	70	28	Stone	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. Chas. Reichlin	Yes.
66	1862	Kent	Portage	St. Patrick	First	1868	50	44	Brick	Fr. and Br.	English	Rev. G. Leeming	Yes.
67	1865	Kirby	Wyandot	St. Mary's	First	1865	50	35	Frame	Frame	Ger. & Eng.	Rev. J. G. Mizer	Yes.
68	1867	Landeck	Allen	St. John Baptist	First	1867	80	40	Frame	Brick	German	Rev. J. B. Heiland	Yes.
69	1856	Leetonia	Columbiana	St. Patrick	Second	1881	100	47	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. E. J. Murphy	Yes.
70	1846	Lima	Allen	St. Rose of Lima	Second	1872	117	56	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. J. O'Leary	Yes.
71	1842	Liverpool	Medina	St. Martin of Tours	Second	1861	125	50	Brick	Frame	German	Rev. J. Thein	Yes.
72	1878	Lorain	Lorain	St. Mary's	First	1879	80	40	Frame	(tentied)	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. Elyer	Yes.
73	1871	Loudonville	Ashland	St. Peter	First	1871	70	42	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. Sproll	No.
74	1826	Louisville	Stark	St. Louis	Second	1868	132	56	Brick	Brick	Fr. and Eng.	Rev. L. Hoffer	Yes.
75	1844	Mansfield	Richland	St. Peter	Second	1870	125	52	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. A. Magenbann	Yes.
76	1853	Massillon	Stark	St. Joseph	First	1854	70	43	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. G. A. Verlet	Yes.
77	1839	"	"	St. Mary's	Third	1881	185	85	Stone	Brick	German	Rev. J. Kuhn	Yes.
78	1838	Maumee	Lucas	St. Joseph	First	1841	90	40	Frame	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. J. B. Mertes	Yes.
79	1860	Medina	Medina	St. Francis Xavier	Second	1877	38	24	Frame	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. Christophory	No.

† Enlarged since first built.

‡ Bought.

\* Another church now building.

TABLE III.—CONTINUED.

NUMBER.	CONGREGATION IN	PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	PRESENT CHURCH	PRESENT CHURCH BUILT IN	SIZE.		CHURCH OF BUILD	PASTORAL RESIDENCE BUILT OF	LANGUAGE OF CONGREGATION.	RESIDENT PASTOR.	PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.
							Length, Ft.	Width, Ft.					
80	1863	Milan	Erie	St. Anthony	First	1865	70	40	Frame	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. J. J. Goecke	Yes.
81	1868	Millersville	Sandusky	St. Mary	Second	1882	83	36	Stone	Frame	German	Rev. J. Blaser	Yes.
82	1861	Monroeville	Huron	St. Joseph	Second	1874	120	60	Brick	Brick	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. N. Schmitz	Yes.
83	1841	Napoleon	Henry	St. Augustine	Second	1883	117	50	Brick	(Tented)	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. M. Pitz	Yes.
84	1832	Navarre	Stark	St. Clement	Sec'd	1851	100	44	Brick	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. F. Metternich	Yes.
85	1843	New Bavaria	Henry	Sacred Heart of Jesus	Sec'd	1886	50	26	Frame	Brick	German	Rev. J. A. Michenfelder	††
86	1860	New Cleveland	Putnam	Holy Trinity	First	1861	85	40	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. J. Rosenberg	Yes.
87	1833	New Kiegel	Seneca	St. Boniface	Third	1875	140	66	Brick	(Conv-Res.)	German	Rev. B. Russ, C.P.P.S.	Yes.
88	1841	New Wash'g't'n	Crawford	St. Bernard	Second	1868	110	46	Brick	Brick	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. L. Helland	Yes.
89	1853	Niles	Trumbull	St. Stephen	First	1864	60	38	Frame	Brick	English	Rev. D. O'Brien	Yes.
90	1864	N'th Amherst	Lorain	St. Joseph	First	1869	75	30	Frame	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. Romer	Yes.
91	1861	N'th Ridge	Defiance	St. Michael	First††	1861	76	30	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. G. Schönnemann	Yes.
92	1856	Norwalk	Huron	St. Mary	First	1856	60	40	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. C. V. Chevaux	Yes.
93	1868	"	"	St. Paul	Second	1876	90	40	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. A. Ellert	Yes.
94	1840	"	"	St. Peter	First	1840	85	38	Frame	Brick	German	Rev. A. Dambach	Yes.
95	1845	Oak Harbor	Ottawa	St. Boniface	First	1872	65	40	Frame	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. C. Griss	No.
96	1850	Ottoville	Putnam	Im. Conception	First	1861	80	40	Brick	Frame	German	Rev. M. Müller	††
97	1845	Painesville	Lake	St. Mary	Second	1857	100	40	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. E. J. Conway	Yes.
98	1841	Perrysburg	Wood	St. Rose	First††	1841	80	36	Brick	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. G. H. Rieken	Yes.
99	1829	Peru	Huron	St. Alphonse	Second	1850	80	40	Stone	Brick	German	Rev. M. Dechant	Yes.
100	1843	Port Clinton	Ottawa	Im. Conception	First	1860	50	35	Frame	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. J. Hörstmann	No.
101	1838	Providence	Lucas	St. Patrick	First	1845	50	30	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. J. P. McGrath	No.
102	1831	Randolph	Portage	St. Joseph	Third	1866	100	50	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. S. Reibholz	Yes.
103	1841	Ravenna	Portage	Im. Conception	First	1862	85	36	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. J. T. Cahill	Yes.
104	1860	Rockport	Cuyahoga	St. Mary	Second	1867	65	37	Brick	Frame	German	Rev. J. F. Kubler	Yes.



105	1852	St. Mary's Corn'r	Fulton	St. Mary	First	1868	40	30	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. T. F. McQuire	Yes.
106	1863	St. Patrick's Set.	Seneca	St. Patrick	First	1864	65	43	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	(Vacant)	Yes.
107	1842	St. Stephen's Set	"	St. Stephen	First	1842	60	40	Frame	Brick	German	Rev. Ph. Rist, C. P. P. S.	Yes.
108	1856	Salem	Columbiana	St. Paul	First	1881	56	32	Frame	(Rented)	English	Rev. W. J. Finucan	No.
109	1866	Salineville	"	St. Patrick	First	1873	60	32	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. J. C. Desmond	No.
110	1834	Sandusky	Erie	Holy Angels	First	1842	58	40	Stone	Stone	English	Rev. J. Tracy	Yes.
111	1853	"	"	St. Mary	Second	1873	184	78	Stone	Stone & Frame	German	Rev. N. Moes	Yes.
112	1871	"	"	(Sts. Peter and Paul)	First	1871	145	75	Stone	Stone	English	Rev. R. A. Sidley	Yes.
113	1842	Sheffield	Lorain	St. Teresa	Second	1851	50	35	Frame	Brick	German	Rev. D. Zinsmayer	††
114	1866	Shelby	Richland	Sacred Heart of Mary	First	1866	50	26	Frame	Frame	English & Ger.	Rev. A. Huthmacher	Yes.
115	1833	Shelby Sett'l'm't	"	Sacred Heart of Jesus	Second	1851	82	40	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. M. Becker	Yes.
116	1846	Six Mile Woods	Lucas	Im. Conception	Third	1880	120	43	Brick	Frame	(Ger. & English)	Rev. W. Müller	Yes.
117	1841	South Thompson	Geauga	St. Patrick	First	1839	58	35	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. J. J. Clarke	No.
118	1834	Thompson	Seneca	St. Michael	Third	1886	117	50	Brick	(Conv. Res.)	German	Rev. F. X. Griessmayer	Yes.
119	1845	Tiffin	"	St. Joseph	Second	1862	140	60	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. J. M. Pütz	Yes.
120	1831	"	"	St. Mary	Second	1856	100	46	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. M. Healy	Yes.
121	1882	Toledo	Lucas	St. Anthony of Padua	First	1882	100	36	Frame	Frame	Polish	Rev. M. F. Orzechowski	Yes.
122	1841	"	"	St. Francis de Sales	Second	1870	162	67	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. P. F. Quigley	Yes.
123	1873	"	"	Good Shepherd	First	1873	90	45	Frame	Brick	English	Rev. P. Barry	Yes.
124	1871	"	"	St. Hedwig	First	1876	80	30	Brick	Frame	Polish	Rev. S. J. Wieczorek	Yes.
125	1867	"	"	Im. Conception	First	1868	102	50	Frame	Brick	English	Rev. P. O'Brien	Yes.
126	1854	"	"	St. Joseph	Second	1878	109	40	Brick	Res. rear of ch	French	Rev. L. Braire	Yes.
127	1871	"	"	St. Louis	First	1871	84	48	Brick	Frame	French	Rev. J. B. Primeau	Yes.
128	1853	"	"	St. Mary	First	1853	172	62	Brick	(Conv. Res.)	German	Rev. A. Sigg, S. J.	Yes.
129	1862	"	"	St. Patrick	First	1863	125	55	Brick	Res. in Inst'te	English	Rev. E. Hannin	Yes.
130	1866	"	"	St. Peter	First	1873	145	62	Brick	Brick	German	Rev. P. Dannenhofer	Yes.
131	1883	"	"	Sacred Heart of Jesus	First	1883	100	50	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. W. A. Harks	Yes.
132	1842	Toussaint	Ottawa	St. Joseph	First	1861	50	35	Frame	Frame	French	Rev. A. Hamelin	No.
133	1857	U. Sandusky	Wyandot	St. Peter	Second	1875	140	60	Brick	Brick	Ger. and Eng.	Rev. C. Brachler	Yes.
134	1867	Van Wert	Van Wert	St. Mary	First	1870	55	30	Brick	Frame	English	Rev. E. Rohan	No.
135	1842	Vermillion	Erie	St. Mary	First	1862	50	30	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. M. S. Smith	No.
136	1853	Wakeman	Huron	St. Mary	First	1872	42	30	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. A. Sauvalet	No.
137	1850	Warren	Trumbull	Our Lady of Mt. C.	First	1864	70	32	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. A. Weber	No.
138	1849	Wellington	Lorain	St. Patrick	First	1858	32	22	Frame	Frame	English	Rev. J. L. Galvin	No.

‡ Another church now building.

† Rebuilt.

†† Enlarged since first built.

‡‡ Catholic Dist. School.



TABLE III.—CONTINUED.

NUMBER.	PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	PRESENT CHURCH	PRESENT CHURCH BUILT IN	SIZE.		CHURCH OF	PASTORAL RESIDENCE BUILT OF	LANGUAGE OF CONGREGATION.	RESIDENT PASTOR.	PAROCHIAL SCHOOL?
						Length, Ft.	Width, Ft.					
139	Wellsville	Columbiana	Im. Conception	First	1867	65	37	Brick	(Rented)	English	Rev. W. F. Murphy	No.
140	W. Brookfield	Stark	St. Barbara	First	1867	68	36	Frame	Frame	German	Rev. N. Kirch	No.
141	Wooster	Wayne	Im. Conception	First	*1849	130	40	Brick	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Rev. F. Ankly	Yes.
142	Youngstown	Mahoning	St. Columba	Second	1863	120	50	Brick	Brick	English	Rev. E. Mears	Yes.
143	"	"	Im. Conception	First	1882	100	40	Frame	(Rented)	English	Rev. W. J. Manning	Yes.
144	"	"	St. Joseph	Second	1881	110	50	Brick	Frame	German	Rev. J. Klute	Yes.

\* Enlarged since first built.

## B. MISSION CHURCHES.

NUMBER.	PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	PRESENT CHURCH	PRESENT CHURCH BUILT IN	SIZE.		CHURCH OF	LANGUAGE OF CONGREGATION.	ATTENDED FROM	PAROCHIAL SCHOOL?
						Length, Ft.	Width, Ft.				
145	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	St. Albert	First	1883	74	30	Frame	Bohemian	St. Wenceslas', Cleveland	Yes.
146	"	"	St. Columbkiln	First	1871	82	33	Frame	English	Cathedral, Cleveland	Yes.
147	"	"	St. Francis	First	1887	80	36	Frame	German	St. Peters', Cleveland	Yes.
148	Akron	Summit	St. Mary	First	1887	62	40	Brick	English	St. Vincent's, Akron	Yes.
149	Ashland	Ashland	St. Edward	Second	1869	63	52	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Loudonville	No.

150	1882	Attica	Seneca	Sts. Peter and Paul	First	1882	50	33	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Shelby	No.
151	1875	Bettsville	"	Im. Conception	First	1876	42	32	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Millersville	No.
152	1883	Big Ditch	Lucas	St. Ignatius	First	1884	45	30	Frame	Fr. and Eng.	Toussaint	No.
153	1858	Big Springs	Seneca	St. Peter	Second	1880	90	50	Brick	German	New Riegel	Yes.
154	1856	Bluffton	Allen	St. Mary	First	1865	45	27	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Findlay	No.
155	1869	Bowling Green	Wood	St. Aloysius	First	1881	50	35	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Providence	No.
156	1873	Brighton	Cuyahoga	Sacred Heart of Jesus	First	1875	75	35	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Vacant	No.
157	1865	Bryan	Williams	St. Patrick	First	1875	36	20	Frame	English	Arehbold	No.
158	1868	Carey	Wyandot	Our Lady of Consol.	First	1872	50	32	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Berwick	Yes.
159	1876	Cecil	Paulding	Im. Conception	First	1879	40	26	Frame	Eng. and Fr.	Antwerp	No.
160	1875	Chicago Junction	Huron	St. Francis Xavier	First	1879	40	18	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Shelby	No.
161	1877	Collinwood	Cuyahoga	St. Joseph	First	1878	70	24	Frame	English	Euclid	Yes.
162	1857	Conneaut	Ashabula	St. Mary	First	1864	60	20	Frame	English	Jefferson	No.
163	1880	Convoy	Van Wert	St. Mary	First	1864	50	30	Frame	English	Van Wert	No.
164	1854	Crawfordsville	Wyandot	St. Joseph	Second	1884	80	40	Frame	German	Kirby	Yes.
165	1841	Cuyahoga Falls	Summit	St. Joseph	First	1886	45	28	Brick	English	Hudson	No.
166	1846	Delaware Bend	Defiance	St. Stephen	Second	1880	55	33	Frame	Eng. and Fr.	Antwerp	No.
167	1875	Deshler	Henry	Im. Conception	First	1875	30	20	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Custar	No.
168	1880	East Palestine	Columbiana	Our Lady of Lourdes	First	1880	60	30	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Salem	No.
169	1864	Florence	Williams	St. Joseph	Second	1884	80	40	Brick	Ger. and Eng.	Edgerton	No.
170	1859	French Set'm't	Wayne	St. Ann	First	1864	40	28	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Medina	No.
171	1869	Gallon	Crawford	St. Patrick	First	1871	70	40	Brick	English	Gallon, St. Joseph's	Yes.
172	1856	Genoa	Ottawa	Our Lady of Lourdes	First	1874	45	30	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Elmore	No.
173	1854	Green Spring	Sandusky	St. Joseph	First	1872	50	25	Frame	English	Clyde	No.
174	1887	Hamler	Henry	St. Joseph	First	1887			Frame	German	New Bavaria	No.
175	1846	Hicksville	Defiance	St. Michael	First	1880	32	20	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Antwerp	No.
176	1886	Holgate	Henry	St. Mary	First	1886	67	33	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	New Bavaria	No.
177	1879	Honey Creek	Crawford	Mater Dolorosa	First	1879	70	36	Frame	German	New Washington	Yes.
178	1851	Independence	Cuyahoga	St. Michael	Second	1871	75	35	Brick	German	(Vacant)	Yes.
179	1846	Junction	Paulding	St. Mary	First	1860	40	30	Frame	English	Antwerp	No.
180	1861	Kalida	Putnam	St. Michael	Second	1876	65	42	Brick	Ger. and Eng.	Ottoville and Ft. Jennings	No.
181	1841	La Prairie	Sandusky	Im. Conception	Second	1868			Frame	Eng. and Fr.	Oak Harbor	No.
182	1874	Leipsic	Putnam	St. Mary	First	1876	40	24	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	New Cleveland and Glandorf	No.
183	1834	Liberty	Seneca	St. Andrew	Sec'd	1846	40	20	Frame	German	St. Patrick's Settlement	Yes.

\* Succursal to St. Wenceslas' Church. † Succursal to Cathedral Church. ‡ Succursal to St. Vincent's Church. § New church building.

# B. MISSION CHURCHES—CONTINUED.

NUMBER.	CONGREGATION IS ORGANIZED IN	PLACE.	COUNTY.	CHURCH DEDICATED TO	PRESENT CHURCH	PRESENT CHURCH BUILT IN	SIZE. Length, Ft.      Width, Ft.	CHURCH OF	LANGUAGE OF CONGREGATION.	ATTENDED FROM	PAROCHIAL SCHOOL?
184	1872	Lowellville	Mahoning	Holy Rosary	First	1884	56	Brick	English	New Bedford, Pa.	No.
185	1863	Madison	Lake	Im. Conception	First	1869	40	Brick	English	South Thompson	No.
186	1864	Mantua	Portage	St. Joseph	First	1871	40	Brick	English	Warren	No.
187	1842	Marblehead	Ottawa	St. Joseph	First	1868	40	Stone	Eng. and Ger.	Port Clinton	No.
188	1820	Marshallville	Wayne	St. Joseph	First	1849	45	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Canal Fulton	No.
189	1867	Mentor	Lake	St. Mary	First	1868	40	Frame	English	Painesville	No.
190	1887	Miller's City	Putnam	St. Nicholas	First	1887	70	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	New Cleveland	No.
191	1853	Mineral Ridge	Trumbull	St. Mary	First	1872	50	Frame	English	Niles	No.
192	1866	Mud Creek	Defiance	Im. Conception	Second	1876	50	Frame	German	North Ridge	No.
193	1845	New Berlin	Stark	St. Paul	First	1845	60	Brick	Ger. and Fr.	Canton, St. Peter's	No.
194	1887	New Lisbon	Columbiana	St. George	First	1887	50	Brick	English	Dungannon	No.
195	1853	New London	Huron	Our Lady of Lourdes	First	1872	30	Frame	English	Wellington	No.
196	1887	North Creek	Putnam	St. John	First	1887	55	Frame	German	New Bavaria	No.
197	1875	N. Ridgeville	Lorain	St. Peter	First	1876	60	Frame	German	Avon	Yes.
198	1854	Olmsted	Cuyahoga	St. Mary	First	1858	60	Frame	English	Berea, St. Mary's	No.
199	1868	Ottawa	Putnam	Sis. Peter and Paul	First	1872	130	Brick	Ger. and Eng.	Glandorf	Yes.
200	1872	Parna	Cuyahoga	Holy Family	First	1873	40	Frame	German	(Vacant)	No.
201	1882	Payne	Paulding	St. John Baptist	First	1883	50	Frame	Eng. and Fr.	Antwerp	No.
202	1873	Peninsula	Summit	Mater Dolorosa	First	1882	40	Frame	English	Hudson	No.
203	1872	Plymouth	Richland	St. Joseph	First	1872	40	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Shelby	No.
204	1860	Prout's Stat'n	Erie	St. Thomas	Second	1876	40	Stone	English	Milan	No.
205	1877	Put-in-Bay	Ottawa	Mater Dolorosa	First	1877	50	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Kelley's Island	No.
206	1867	Reed	Seneca	Assumption B. V. M.	First	1867	72	Frame	German	Thompson	Yes.
207	1887	Republic	Seneca	St. Aloysius	First	1887	55	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Shelby	No.
208	1870	Roachton	Wood	St. Mary	First	1872	50	Frame	German	Perrysburg	No.

209	1848	Rockport	Cuyahoga, St. Patrick	First	1853	42	30	Frame	English	Rockport, St. Mary's	Yes.
210	1867	Rootstown	Portage	First	1865	45	30	Frame	German	Randolph	Yes.
211	1857	Royatton	Cuyahoga, Assumption B. V. M.	First*	1864	37	18	Frame	English	Cleveland, Seminary	No
212	1858	Spencerville	Allen	First	1876	60	35	Frame	English	Van Wert	No.
213	1881	Sterling	Wayne	First*	1881	45	30	Frame	English	Medina	No.
214	1857	Strasburg	Stark	First	1857	50	30	Brick	Eng. and Fr.	Harrisburg	Yes.
215	1870	Struthers	Mahoning St. Nicholas	First	1872	40	24	Frame	English	New Bedford, Pa.	No.
216	1861	Stryker	Williams	First	1861	50	30	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Archbold	No.
217	1842	Summitville	Columbiana St. John Ev.	First	1852	70	40	Brick	English	Salineville	No.
218	1855	Sylvania	Lucas	First	1872	60	30	Frame	Eng. and Fr.	Toledo, St. Mary's	No.
219	1883	Tremblayville	Wood	First	1883	--	--	Frame	Eng. and Fr.	Providence	No.
220	1871	Vienna	Trumbull	First	1872	80	45	Frame	English	Hubbard	No.
221	1886	Wadsworth	Medina	First	1886	45	38	Frame	Ger. and Eng.	Medina	No.
222	1865	Wauseon	Fulton	First*	1872	50	36	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Archbold	No.
223	1874	Weston	Wood	First	1874	30	20	Frame	Eng. and Ger.	Custar	No.
224	1860	Willoughby	Lake	First	1869	60	26	Frame	English	Cleveland, St. Mary's	No.
225	1841	Woodville	Sandusky, St. Mary	First	1862	46	32	Brick	Eng. and Ger.	Elmore	No.

\* Bought.

## STATIONS.

Sept., 1887.

No.	PLACE.	COUNTY.	ATTENDED FROM.
1	Andover .....	Ashtabula .....	Jefferson.
2	Atwater .....	Portage .....	Alliance.
3	Aurora .....	Portage .....	Warren.
4	Austintown .....	Mahoning .....	Salem.
5	Bascom .....	Seneca .....	St. Patrick's Settlement.
6	Bass Islands .....	Ottawa .....	Kelley's Island.
7	Bedford .....	Cuyahoga .....	Hudson.
8	Berlin Heights .....	Erie .....	Milan.
9	Braceville .....	Trumbull .....	Warren.
10	Brecksville .....	Cuyahoga .....	Hudson.
11	Brownhelm .....	Lorain .....	Vermillion.
12	Burg Hill .....	Trumbull .....	Warren.
13	Camden .....	Huron .....	Wakeman.
14	Canfield .....	Mahoning .....	Salem.
15	Castalia .....	Erie .....	Sandusky.
16	Chagrin Falls .....	Cuyahoga .....	Warren.
17	Chardon .....	Geauga .....	Painesville.
18	Clarkesville .....	Fulton .....	Edgerton.
19	Columbus Grove .....	Allen .....	Lima.
20	Cortland .....	Trumbull .....	Warren.
21	Dupont .....	Putnam .....	New Bavaria.
22	Emerald .....	Paulding .....	Antwerp.
23	Fairfield .....	Huron .....	Peru.
24	Fairview .....	Summit .....	Canal Fulton.
25	Farmington .....	Trumbull .....	Warren.
26	Flat Rock .....	Paulding .....	Antwerp.
27	Fredericksburg .....	Wayne .....	Wooster.
28	Garrettsville .....	Portage .....	Warren.
29	Geneva .....	Ashtabula .....	South Thompson.
30	Genoa .....	Ashtabula .....	South Thompson.
31	Girard .....	Trumbull .....	Briar Hill.
32	Greenwich .....	Huron .....	Wellington.
33	Haselton .....	Mahoning .....	Youngstown.
34	Hessville .....	Sandusky .....	Elmore.
35	Homeworth .....	Columbiana .....	Alliance.
36	Huron .....	Erie .....	Vermillion.
37	Kingsville .....	Lake .....	Jefferson.
38	Kinsman .....	Trumbull .....	Warren.
39	Lafayette .....	Allen .....	Lima.
40	Lakeville .....	Ashland .....	Wooster.
41	Latchie .....	Wood .....	Elmore.
42	Lawrence .....	Stark .....	Canal Fulton.
43	Leavittsburg .....	Mahoning .....	Warren.
44	Limaville .....	Columbiana .....	Alliance.
45	Lindsey .....	Sandusky .....	Elmore.
46	Linndale .....	Cuyahoga .....	Rockport.
47	Millbury .....	Wood .....	Elmore.
48	Nevada .....	Wyandot .....	Bucyrus.
49	New Portage .....	Summit .....	Akron.
50	Oberlin .....	Lorain .....	Elyria.



## STATIONS.—CONCLUDED.

No.	PLACE.	COUNTY.	ATTENDED FROM.
51	Orrville.....	Wayne.....	Canal Fulton.
52	Parkham.....	Summit.....	Akron.
53	Petersburg.....	Mahoning.....	Salem.
54	Portage.....	Wood.....	Custar.
55	Robbin's Station.....	Columbiana.....	Dungannon.
56	Rochester.....	Lorain.....	Wellington.
57	Rocky Ridge.....	Ottawa.....	Toussaint.
58	Shiloh.....	Lorain.....	Shelby.
59	Solon.....	Cuyahoga.....	Warren.
60	Springfield.....	Mahoning.....	Canal Fulton.
61	Springhills.....	Williams.....	Edgerton.
62	Talmadge.....	Summit.....	Akron.
63	Teegarden.....	Columbiana.....	Leetonia.
64	Texas.....	Lucas.....	Providence.
65	Thomastown.....	Summit.....	Akron.
66	Westville.....	Columbiana.....	Alliance.
67	Wickliffe.....	Lake.....	Euclid.
68	Willshire.....	Van Wert.....	Landeck.
69	Windham.....	Trumbull.....	Warren.

TABLE IV.

## COMMUNITIES AND INSTITUTIONS.

## A. MALE RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES.

Sept., 1887.

No.	PLACE.	COMMUNITIES.	ESTAB- LISHED.	SUPERIOR.
1	Cleveland ..	Franciscans.....	1867	Rev. Maximilian Neumann.
2	" ..	Jesuits.....	1880	Rev. J. B. Neustich.
3	Glandorf ...	Sanguinist .....	1848	Rev. F. Nigsch.
4	New Riegel ..	Sanguinists .....	1844	Rev. B. Russ.
5	Thompson ..	Sanguinists .....	1845	Rev. F. X. Griessmayer.
6	Toledo.....	Jesuits.....	1869	Rev. A. Sigg.

TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.

## B. FEMALE RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES.

September, 1887

No.	PLACE.	COMMUNITIES.	ESTABLISHED.	SUPERIORESS.
1	Cleveland ..	Ursuline Sisters.....	1850	Mother St. Mary.
2	" ..	Ladies of Sacred Heart of Mary,	1851	Madame Le Masson.
3	" ..	Sisters of Charity.....	1853	Mother M. Alexis.
4	" ..	Sisters of Good Shepherd.....	1869	Mother M. Baptist.
5	" ..	Little Sisters of Poor .....	1870	Mother Noël de St. Louis.
6	" ..	Sisters of St. Joseph .....	1872	Mother M. George.
7	" ..	Sisters of Notre Dame.....	1874	Mother M. Chrysostoma.
8	" ..	Poor Clares.....	1877	Mother M. Veronica.
9	" ..	Franciscan Sisters.....	1884	Sister Leonarda.
10	Glandorf ..	Sanguinist Sisters.....	1848	Sister Virgina.
11	N. Bedford..	Sisters of Humility B. V. M.....	1864	Mother M. Odile.
12	New Riegel.	Sanguinist Sisters.....	1844	Sister Adeltrud.
13	Thompson ..	Sanguinist Sisters.....	1845	Sister Rufina.
14	Tiffin .....	Ursuline Sisters.....	1863	Mother M. Ignatius.
15	" .....	Franciscan Sisters.....	1867	Mother M. Frances.
16	Toledo .....	Ursuline Sisters.....	1854	Mother M. Aloysius.
17	" .....	Sisters of Charity (Grey Nuns) ..	1855	Sister Fernand.
18	" .....	Little Sisters of Poor .....	1885	Mother M. Louisa.

## C. EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

September, 1887.

No.	PLACE.	NAME.	ESTABLISHED.	SUPERIOR.
1	Cleveland .....	St. Mary's Theological Sem.	1848	Rev. N. A. Moes, D. D.
2	" .....	St. Ignatius' College.....	1836	Rev. J. B. Neustich, S. J.
3	" .....	Ursuline Academy .....	1850	Mother St. Mary.
4	" .....	Notre Dame Academy .....	1874	Mother M. Chrysostoma.
5	Nottingham ..	Ursuline Academy .....	1877	Mother M. Louis, (L. S.*)
6	" .....	St. Joseph's Seminary for Boys	1886	Mother M. Ascension, (L. S.)
7	Tiffin .....	Ursuline Academy.....	1863	Mother M. Ignatius.
8	Toledo .....	Ursuline Academy.....	1854	Mother M. Aloysius.

\* Local Superior.





CHARITY HOSPITAL AND FOUNDLING ASYLUM, CLEVELAND.

## D. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Sept., 1887.

NO.	PLACE.	NAME.	ESTABLISHED.	IN CHARGE OF	SUPERIOR.
1	Cleveland.	Charity Hospital ----	1865	Sisters of Charity	Sister M. Thomas (L. S.)*
2	"	St. Alexis' Hospital..	1884	Franciscan Sisters	Sisters Leonarda.
3	"	Lying-in Hospital & Foundling Asylum	1873	Sisters of Charity.	Sister M. Aloysius (L. S.)
4	"	Home for the Aged Poor -----	1870	Little Sisters of the Poor -----	Mother M. Noël de St. Louis.
5	"	House of Good Shepherd -----	1869	Sisters of Good Shepherd -----	Mother M. Baptist.
6	"	St. Mary's Orphan Asylum for Girls..	1851	Ladies of Sacred Heart of Mary	Madame Le Masson.
7	"	St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum for Boys..	1853	Sisters of Charity.	Mother M. Alexis.
8	"	St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum for Girls..	1862	Ladies of Sacred Heart of Mary	Miss Hogan (L. S.)
9	"	Protectory for Girls..	1884	Sisters of Notre Dame -----	Mother M. Chrysostoma.
10	Louisville.	St. Louis Orphan Asylum for Boys..	1884	Sisters of Charity.	Sister M. Amadeus (L. S.)
11	N. Bedford.	St. Mary's Orphanage	1864	Sisters of Humility, B. V. M....	Mother M. Odile.
12	"	St. Mary's Hospital.	1864	Sisters of Humility, B. V. M....	" "
13	Tiffin ----	St. Francis Orphan As'lm & Home for the Aged	1867	Franciscan Sisters	Rev. J. L. Bihn.
14	Toledo ----	St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.....	1855	Sisters of Charity.	Sister Fernand (L. S.)
15	" ----	St. Vincent's Hospital..	1876	" "	" "
16	" ----	Home for the Aged Poor -----	1885	Little Sisters of the Poor.....	Sister Louisa.

\* Local Superior.

## RECAPITULATION.

Sept., 1887.

Churches with resident pastors.....	144	Secular priests.....	157
Mission churches.....	81	Regular priests.....	30
Total number of churches.....	225	Total number of priests.....	187
Stations (without churches).....	69	Male Religious Communities.....	6
Seminary.....	1	Female Religious Communities.....	18
Educational Institutes for boys.....	2	Charitable Institutions.....	16
Educational Institutes for girls.....	5	Parochial Schools.....	126



# CATHOLIC PROGRESS

—IN—

## Northern Ohio and the Diocese of Cleveland,

1817. September, 1887.

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The tabulated statement given below shows the years when missions, congregations with resident pastors, institutions, as also stations since developed into congregations, were established. It gives a summarized exhibit of the wonderful growth and spread of the Church in Northern Ohio and in the diocese of Cleveland. Steadily, year by year, churches, religious, charitable and educational institutions have been increasing in number and strength, till now the diocese of Cleveland, covering the whole of Northern Ohio, 33 counties, is in the front rank of the dioceses of this country. The mustard seed of religion, planted by the Dominican Father, Rev. E. Fenwick, near Dungannon in 1817, has grown to a large and vigorous tree under whose shadow now rest 225 churches and many institutions, spreading their benign influence in behalf of religion, education and charity. The tabulated statement was compiled from various sources and is as accurate as painstaking care could make it. Places are given alphabetically for each year, and as known at present. Where names of places or churches have been changed in course of time the names under which they were formerly known are given in parenthesis. Date after name of place signifies the year when the *first* church was built, and hence prior to date given, such place was attended as a station, with divine service in private houses, public halls, or other

temporary place of worship. Where no date follows place, a church was built simultaneously with organization of mission or congregation.

**1817.** Dungannon (St. Paul's Settlement, Hanover), 1820.

**1818.**

**1819.**

**1820.** Marshallville (Bristol), 1849.

**1821.**

**1822.** Consecration of Rt. Rev. Edward Fenwick as first Bishop of Cincinnati.

**1823.** Canton, St. John's.

**1824.**

**1825.** Canal Fulton (Lawrence, Fulton), 1831. Rev. T. H. Martin, O. P., pays the first visit to Cleveland Catholics.

**1826.** Louisville (Beechland), 1834; Wooster, 1849; Youngstown, St. Columba's, 1853.

**1827.** Doylestown (Chippewa), 1837.

**1828.**

**1829.** Peru (German Settlement near Norwalk), 1834.

**1830.** McCutchenville, 1837 [church destroyed by fire in 1871 and not rebuilt].

**1831.** Randolph; Tiffin, St. Mary's, 1832.

**1832.** Navarre (Bethlehem), 1833. Bishop Fenwick died at Wooster of cholera.

**1833.** Avon, 1844; New Riegel (Wolf's Creek); Shelby Settlement, 1836. Rt. Rev. J. B. Purcell consecrated second Bishop of Cincinnati.

**1834.** East Liverpool, 1841; Fort Jennings, 1840; Glandorf; Liberty, 1841; Sandusky, Holy Angels', 1842; Thompson, 1839; Wellsville, 1867.

1835. Akron (Cascade), St. Vincent de Paul's, 1844; Bucyrus, 1862; Cleveland, St. Mary's on Flats, 1840 [closed 1879]; La Porte [church removed to Grafton, 1865].
- 1836.
1837. Marshallville (Bristol), 1865.
1838. Providence, 1845; Maumee (Maumee City, South Toledo), 1841.
1839. Massillon, St. Mary's, 1844.
1840. Abbeyville, 1842 [closed 1859]; Grafton (Rawsonville), 1865; Liverpool, 1842; Norwalk, St. Peter's.
1841. Cuyahoga Falls, 1886; Defiance, St. John's, 1844; Fremont (Lower Sandusky), St. Ann's, 1844; La Prairie; Napoleon, 1856; New Washington, 1846; Perrysburg; Ravenna, 1862; Toledo (Manhattan), St. Francis de Sales'; Woodville, 1862.
1842. Elyria, 1854; French Creek, 1844; Marblehead, 1868; St. Stephen's Settlement (Bloom); Sheffield; Summitville, 1852; Toussaint, 1861; Vermillion, 1862.
1843. New Bavaria (Poplar Ridge), 1845; Port Clinton, 1860.
1844. Delphos; Findlay, 1856; Mansfield, 1848; New Riegel, Sanguinist Convent; South Thompson, 1859.
1845. Canton, St. Peter's; Harrisburg; New Berlin; Oak Harbor, 1872; Painesville, 1850; Thompson, Sanguinist Convent; Tiffin, St. Joseph's.
1846. Archbold, 1850; Bismarck (Sherman); Delaware Bend, 1848; Hicksville, 1880; Junction, 1860; Lima, 1852; Six Mile Woods, 1848; Toledo, Notre Dame Sisters of Cincinnati open a Convent and select school, (closed in 1848.)
1847. DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND ERECTED.  
Right Rev. Amadeus Rappe consecrated first Bishop of Cleveland; Cleveland, St. Mary's Church

on the Flats made the Cathedral church ; Fostoria (Rome), 1851. Priests in Diocese, 21 ; churches, 43 ; stations, 28 ; religious communities, 3.

1848. Cleveland—present Cathedral commenced; St. Mary's Theological Seminary opened near Bond street, [present seminary opened on Lake street in 1852, and enlarged in 1884]. Glandorf, Sanguinist Convent ; Rockport, St. Patrick's, 1853.
1849. Wellington, 1858.
1850. Cleveland, Ursuline Convent and Academy ; Ottoville (Section Ten), 1861 ; Warren, 1864.
1851. Cleveland—St. Mary's Orphan Asylum for Girls ; Convent of Ladies of Sacred Heart of Mary. Independence.
1852. Alliance, 1860 ; Cleveland, Cathedral consecrated in November ; St. Mary's Corners, 1868.
1853. Ashland, 1863 ; Cleveland—St. Peter's, 1857 ; St. Vincent's Asylum for Boys ; Convent of Sisters of Charity. Clyde, 1862 ; Massillon, St. Joseph's, 1854 ; Mineral Ridge, 1872 ; New London, 1872 ; Niles, 1864 ; Salem, 1881 ; Sandusky, St. Mary's ; Toledo, St. Mary's ; Wakeman, 1872.
1854. Cleveland—West Side (Ohio City), St. Mary's of the Assumption, 1865 ; St. Patrick's ; St. John's College, [closed 1859]. Crawfordsville (St. Joseph's, West Salem), 1859 ; Galion, St. Joseph's, 1855 ; Green Spring, 1872 ; Hudson, 1860 ; Olmsted, 1858 ; Toledo—St. Joseph's ; Ursuline Convent and Academy.
1855. Cleveland, St. Joseph's ; Sylvania, 1872 ; Toledo, St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.
1856. Berea, St. Mary's ; Berwick [Frenchtown] ; Bluffton, 1865 ; Cleveland, Immaculate Conception ; Genoa, 1874 ; Leetonia, St. Patrick's since 1881, (St. Barbara's 1868-81) ; Norwalk, St. Mary's, 1858.

1857. Cleveland, St. Bridget's; Conneaut, 1864; Royalton, 1864; Strasburg; Upper Sandusky.
1858. Ashtabula, 1860; Big Springs, 1859; Custar, 1866; Fremont, St. Joseph's; Jefferson, 1869; Millersville (Greensburg); Spencerville, 1876.
1859. Bellevue; French Settlement, 1864; Cleveland, St. John's College, closed.
1860. Cleveland—St. Augustine's; St. Mary's College and Preparatory Seminary opened on Lake street. Convoy, 1864; Euclid, 1861; Medina, 1864; New Cleveland, 1861; Prout's Station; Rockport, St. Mary's; Willoughby, 1869.
1861. Akron. St. Bernard's, 1862; Crestline; Kalida; Kelley's Island; Monroeville, 1862; North Ridge; Stryker.
1862. Cleveland (Newburgh), Holy Rosary [since 1881, Holy Name]; Cleveland, St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum for Girls; Kent, 1868; Toledo, St. Patrick's, 1863.
1863. Madison, 1869; Milan, 1865; St. Patrick's Settlement, 1864; Tiffin, Ursuline Convent and Academy.
1864. Antwerp, 1870; Florence; Hubbard, 1867; Mantua, 1871; New Bedford, Convent of Sisters of Humility of Mary; North Amherst, 1869.
1865. Bryan, 1875; Cleveland—St. Malachy's, 1869; Charity Hospital. Edgerton (Clarksville), 1868; Kirby; Shelby, 1866; Wauseon, 1872.
1866. Mud Creek; Salineville, 1873; Toledo, St. Peter's, 1873; West Brookfield, 1867.
1867. Cleveland—St. Wenceslas'; Franciscan Monastery. Landeck; Louisville, St. Louis' College [closed 1873]; Mentor, 1868; Reed; Rootstown; Tiffin, St. Francis' Hospital and Orphan Asylum; Toledo, Immaculate Conception, 1868; Van Wert, 1870.



1868. Carey, 1872; Norwalk, St. Paul's; Ottawa, 1872.
1869. Bowling Green, 1881; Briar Hill, 1870; Cleveland—St. Stephen's; Good Shepherd Convent. Galion, St. Patrick's; Youngstown, St. Joseph's.
1870. Bishop Rappe resigned the Episcopal See of Cleveland. Cleveland—Little Sisters of the Poor [Home for the Aged Poor]; St. Mary's of the Annunciation. Elmore, 1873; Roachton, 1872; Struthers, 1872; Vienna. 1874.
1871. Cleveland—St. Columbkil's [discontinued as a congregation in 1872]; Holy Family (St. Edward's since 1886). Loudonville; Sandusky, Sts. Peter and Paul's; Toledo—St. Hedwig's; St. Louis'. Vienna, 1872.
1872. Cleveland, Convent of Sisters of St. Joseph; Lowellville, 1884; Parma, 1873; Plymouth. Rt. Rev. R. Gilmour consecrated as second Bishop of Cleveland.
1873. Berea, St. Adalbert's; Brighton, 1875; Cleveland—St. Stanislas', 1881; House of Maternity and Foundling Asylum. Defiance, Our Lady of Perpetual Help; Peninsula, 1882; Toledo, Good Shepherd's.
1874. Cleveland—St. Procop's; Notre Dame Convent and Academy. Leipsic, 1876; Louisville, Academy for Girls and for Deaf Mutes [discontinued in 1883; building formerly used for a college, is now used as an Asylum for Orphan Boys]; Weston; Youngstown, Ursuline Convent.
1875. Bettsville, 1876; Cecil, 1879; Deshler; North Ridgeville.
1876. - Chicago Junction, 1879; Toledo, St. Vincent's Hospital.
1877. Cleveland, Poor Clares' Convent; Collinwood, 1878; Nottingham, Ursuline Convent and Academy; Put-in-Bay. Bishop Rappe died at St. Albans, Vt.
1878. Lorain (Black River), 1879.

- 1879. Cleveland, Franciscan College (closed 1881); Honey Creek.
- 1880. Cleveland—St. Colman's; Holy Trinity. East Palestine.
- 1881. Sterling (Russell).
- 1882. Attica; Payne, 1883; Toledo, St. Anthony's; Youngstown, Immaculate Conception.
- 1883. Big Ditch, 1884; Cleveland—St. Albert's; St. Michael's; Our Lady of Lourdes. Toledo, Sacred Heart; Tremblayville.
- 1884. Cleveland—St. Alexis' Hospital; St. Mary's Protectory for Girls. Louisville, St. Louis' Asylum for Orphan Boys.
- 1885. Toledo, Little Sisters of the Poor.
- 1886. Cleveland, Jesuit College; Holgate; Nottingham, St. Joseph's Seminary for Small Boys; Wadsworth.
- 1887. Cleveland—St. Anthony's, St. Francis'. Akron, St. Mary's; Hamler; Miller's City; New Lisbon; North Creek; Republic.

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REV. EDMUND BURKE IN NORTH-WESTERN  
OHIO; 1795-6.

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LETTER FROM JOHN GILMARY SHEA, LL. D.

[The writer is indebted to the kindness of Mr. John Gilmary Shea, LL.D., the erudite and painstaking historian of the Church in the United States, for the following very interesting letter. It is to be regretted that it was received too late to be utilized in the "HISTORICAL SKETCH OF CATHOLICITY IN NORTHERN OHIO."—G. F. H.]

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 15, 1887.

REV. DEAR FATHER:—I have just ascertained something which was a surprise to me, and may perhaps be new to you. It fills a gap between the retirement of the Jesuits from their Sandusky mission and the coming of Father Fenwick to Ohio.

A priest, and a man of mark in his day, who became in time a bishop, and Vicar apostolic of Nova Scotia, was for a time, in 1795-6, a missionary in Northern Ohio. This was the Rev. Edmund Burke, a native of Ireland, and evidently a priest of the diocese of Dublin, before he came to Canada. He was the last priest of the diocese of Quebec, and the first English speaking priest in Ohio.

The Rev. Edmund Burke was born in Ireland about 1743. He came to Canada May 16, 1787, according to the Abbe Tanguay, who adds that he was for some years parish priest at Saint Pierre and Saint Laurent, on Isle Orleans, from 1791 to 1794. From his letters he was evidently, in 1794, professor (apparently of mathematics) in the Seminary of Quebec. But he longed for priestly work, and seeing that nothing had been done to continue the work of the Jesuit Fathers among the Indians of the West, after the suppression of the Order, and the retirement of Father Dujaunai, who struggled on alone unaided and hampered for some years, he conceived the project of a great Indian mission in the West, and wrote to Archbishop Troy, of Dublin, to induce him to apply to the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda. The Prefect, Cardinal Antonelli, wrote to Bishop Hubert, of Quebec, in regard to the matter, and that prelate appointed Rev. Edmund Burke his vicar-general for Upper Canada, with very ample powers, soliciting his attention especially to the French mission on Raisin river, now Monroe, Michigan. He set out from Quebec, September 15, 1795, encouraged by the British authorities in Canada, who were now anxious to avail themselves of the influence of Catholic priests over the western Indians. He reached Detroit, and was at Raisin river where he dedicated the church to St. Anthony of Padua. But on the 2d of February, 1796, he wrote from the "Miamis" to Archbishop Troy. He says :

"I wrote from Quebec, if I rightly remember, the day before departure for this country ; am now distant about five hundred leagues from it, on the western side of Lake Erie, within a few miles of the Miami fort, lately built by the British government. \* \* \* I'm here in the midst of

Indians, all heathens. This day a grand council was held in my house by the Ottawas, Chippewas and Pottowatomis. These people receive a certain quantity of Indian corn from government, and I have been appointed to distribute it. That gives me a consequence among them which I hope will be useful, as soon as I can speak their language, which is not very difficult.

"This (is) the last and most distant parish inhabited by Catholics on this earth; in it is neither law, justice nor subjection. You never meet a man, either Indian or Canadian, without his gun in his hand and his knife at his breast. My house is on the banks of a river which falls into the lake, full of fish and fowl of all sorts; the finest climate in the world, and the most fertile lands. \* \* \* Next summer I go on three hundred leagues towards Mackina, or Lake Superior, where there are some Christian Indians, to see if I can collect them."

He solicited the erection of a Prefecture of the Indian Territory of the West, independent of Quebec, Baltimore and Louisiana, but this was not carried out. This letter, I think, enables us to fix, pretty nearly, the spot where he was. The fort was that erected by the English on the Maumee\*, and near which Wayne defeated the Miamis and their confederates. There were probably some Catholics among the soldiers in the fort, and his letter shows he had Canadians. His house, where he must have said Mass, was three miles from the fort, and evidently surrounded by the Indian camps. He wrote from Detroit in May, but in August, 1796, in a letter from Quebec to Archbishop Troy, says that he received his letter of November 30, 1795, at the Miamis in February—that is, of course, February, 1796. His stay, or visits to Ohio, therefore, extended at least from February, 1795, to February, 1796, and possibly a little longer.

He seems, after some practical experience, to have abandoned his plans of great Indian missions. In 1797 he was at Fort Niagara. In 1803 he was sent by the Bishop of Quebec

\*Fort Meigs, near the present site of Perrysburg, and opposite the present town of Maumee, Lucas county, Ohio.

to Halifax, as its first settled pastor. There he erected the Glebe House, which I believe is still the residence of the Archbishop, and he made the plans and laid the foundation of St. Mary's Cathedral. He visited Rome in 1816, and the next year (July 4, 1817,) was appointed, by Pius VII, Bishop of Sion and Vicar Apostolic of Nova Scotia. He died at Halifax, December 1, 1820, according to Archbishop Hannan's sketch, in his seventy-eighth year.

This gives, I think, Reverend dear friend, another Ohio priest, short as was his stay, and one too conspicuous to be overlooked. I find allusion to his presence in the West, in some letters of Bishop Carroll, and a wandering Dominican Father, Le Deu, and it would seem that when the English finally retired from the posts which they had held in contravention of the treaty of 1783, Rev. Mr. Burke wrote to Bishop Carroll, and may have thought of coming to the diocese of Baltimore.

I should be most ungrateful if I did not mention that Bishop Maes, of Covington, who has written a sketch of the Church at Monroe, first told me of Bishop Burke's having been at Raisin river: then I found him in the Register at Quebec. \* \* \*

Yours most sincerely,

JOHN GILMARY SHEA.

REV. G. F. HOUCK.



# CATHOLIC MISCELLANEA

—OF—

## Northern Ohio and the Diocese of Cleveland.

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For preservation in chronological order of early historical data in connection with the churches, &c., in Northern Ohio and diocese of Cleveland, the result of a careful search of old files of the *Catholic Telegraph* and other papers in which these data were published, is here presented. It is hoped they will prove of interest to the reader, as they will also no doubt be of value to the future historian of this diocese. Omissions supplied, corrections, changed names of places and churches, &c., will be found in brackets.

### NORTHERN OHIO.

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CORRESPONDENCE DESCRIPTIVE OF BISHOP FENWICK'S  
EPISCOPAL VISIT TO NORTHERN OHIO "  
IN 1827.

*From U. S. Catholic Miscellany, Charleston, S. C., June 30, 1827.*

CANTON, Stark County, June 1, 1827.

\*   \*   The missionary Fathers, Revs. N. D. Young and J. I. Mullon, traveled through Belmont, Harrison, Jefferson and Columbiana counties to Canton, Stark county. Here they were received by the Rt. Rev. Bishop [he had preceded

them from Zanesville to visit the pastor of Canton, Very Rev. John A. Hill, then seriously ill] who was anxiously awaiting their arrival to commence the Jubilee in St. John's Church. The church is neat, and beautifully situated on an elevation overlooking the village. \* \* We spent eight days here, as usual, the people attending twice a day with zeal and piety. \* \* Our two missionaries then proceeded to St. Paul's, in Columbiana county [now St. Philip Neri's, Dunganon]. The building is of brick, not yet finished. \* \* At the solicitation of some citizens Rev. M. preached to a very numerous and respectable audience in the court house of that place. Considerable prejudice was removed by the discourse.

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*From U. S. Catholic Miscellany, September 15, 1827.*

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

ST. JOHN'S, [CANTON], OHIO, 29th August, 1827.

\* \* From Canton \* \* Revs. N. D. Young and J. I. Mullon proceeded to a congregation in Wayne county, [near the present village of Doylestown], consisting of about 15 families. There, according to appointment, they were met by those pious families in one of their houses, the most convenient, for the purpose of obtaining the benefits of religion. Previous to the celebration of the sacred mysteries, one of the missionaries gave a long and satisfactory explanation of the nature of the holy sacrifice. \* \* He also entered upon the explanation of the different vestments used in the celebration of Mass. The holy sacrifice having been offered, a long and impressive discourse was delivered on the unity of the Church, and concluded by calling the attention of the assembly to the circumstance of the last and general judgment. \* \* The missionary invited those present to make their objections to anything he had asserted, and said, so far from giving him offence, it would be a source of satisfaction to him in having their objections thus publicly made that he might then have an opportunity of clearing them up before he left the place. Our delay among these good

people was short, having been so long from our stations, and having to visit some other places, urged us to leave them sooner than in other circumstances we could have desired.

\* \* In this settlement a church is now on hand, and we hope will be in readiness for service against the next visit of their worthy pastor, [V. Rev. J. A. Hill], from Canton.

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WOOSTER, OHIO, September, 1827.

From this settlement [Dungannon] the missionaries went to Wooster, the county town of Wayne county, where, at the request of some of its most respectable citizens, one of them [Rev. Father Mullon] preached in the court house to an audience, chiefly composed of Protestants of the different sects, among whom was the Presbyterian preacher of that place. \* \* In the vicinity of the place several very respectable Catholic families reside, the most of whom were converts from Presbyterianism. The first priest who visited this part of the state was our present zealous Bishop. About ten years ago he made his first visit to this sequestered part, from Kentucky, where he then resided. Hearing that a Catholic gentleman resided in Wooster, who wished to have the consolations of religion, Doctor Fenwick, whose zeal for the salvation of souls was never dormant since he entered into the sacred ministry, hastened to this part of the state for the purpose, though distant nearly 100 miles out of his usual route; the fatigues of the journey, the many privations he had to endure, were no obstacle to him. On his arrival he found, as he was informed, only one Catholic in the town, a native of Ireland, who by his industry and correct deportment had become independent and was at the time engaged in mercantile business. Before Doctor Fenwick left this gentleman's house he had the consolation to receive into the communion of the Church his whole family. \* \*

*From U. S. Catholic Miscellany, February 28, 1828.*

CANTON, February, 1828.

Thirty Catholic families arrived from Lorraine, France, at Canton, Stark county. The chief motive that induced these industrious and respectable emigrants to locate themselves in this vicinity was the convenience of having a Catholic church in Canton. They and several congregations, though far asunder, are attended at present by the Very Rev. John A. Hill, V. G.

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FROM BISHOP FENWICK'S REPORT OF HIS EPISCOPAL VISIT  
TO NORTHERN OHIO.

*Catholic Telegraph, October 29, 1831.*

\* \* After a short stay at St. Joseph's [Michigan], the Bishop proceeded to Detroit, and thence to Canton, a flourishing town in Stark county, Ohio. Here he found the congregation much increased under the pastoral care of Rev. Mr. Henni. Three new churches were commenced within twenty miles of Canton, a fourth near Norwalk [Peru], in Huron county, and a fifth [St. Mary's] in Tiffin, a new and flourishing county seat in Seneca. \* \*

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CANTON, OHIO.

*Catholic Telegraph, October 29, 1832.*

We learn from a communication to the Bishop of Cincinnati, that the Rev. Mr. Henni, pastor of the Catholic church [St. John's] in Canton, has within the last two years received 21 adult persons into the Church, besides many children who followed their parents; that he administered the Sacrament of Baptism to 269. This truly zealous and indefatigable missionary has been compensated for his toils and hardships, in witnessing the rapid and astonishing increase of his flock.

\* \*

OBITUARY OF THE RT. REV. EDWARD FENWICK, FIRST BISHOP  
OF CINCINNATI. DIED AT WOOSTER, OHIO,  
SEPTEMBER 26, 1832.

*Catholic Telegraph, October 6, 1832.*

Our venerated and beloved Bishop has gone to reap the reward of his labors and trials, leaving us the memory of his worth, the example of his virtues, and the odor of his sanctity. He is dead! *Edward Fenwick is no more!*

Where is he whose approving smile was ever ready to cheer us; whose sympathetic heart shared our griefs, and the counsels of whose wisdom was a lamp to our footsteps? Where is he whom we were accustomed to behold at the altar of his God, in the habitations of want and wretchedness; by the bedside of disease and pain; or in the rude cabin of the simple native of the forest, on the errand of mercy and the work of benediction? Alas! those benignant features are stiffened in the rigidity of death; that heart beats no more to human hope, or joy, or feeling; that light is extinguished; and the dank, cold clods of the valley are heaped above that majestic and venerated form.

In the poignancy of the present affliction our only solace is in the consoling hope that his removal is only to an entrance on the happiness of the beatific vision of his God, in those abodes towards which his longing desires were ever directed, and where all his treasures were.

This occasion, and our own feelings, will neither justify nor permit us now and here to dwell, at length, on his character and virtues—they are themes which hereafter through our pilgrimage we shall recall with delight and gratefully perpend. They will only allow us at this time to record the manner of his decease.

He was on his return homeward from Canton, Stark county, after a long and laborious visitation of the remoter parts of his extensive diocese, during which his heart was consoled for the disease which weakened his constitution and the fatigue that prostrated his strength, at beholding the



fruits of his enlightened charity and zeal. The prevailing epidemic [cholera] arrested his course and terminated his mortal career, at Wooster, in the county of Wayne. \* \*

We add the following letter, addressed by Rev. M. Henni to Rev. J. I. Mullan, editor of the *Catholic Telegraph*:

WOOSTER, Sept. 27, 1832.

MY DEAR FRIEND.—P. has already advised you of the alarming illness of our good Bishop. A task of most heart-rending character remains to me, to announce to you the event. He is no more! He died yesterday, [Wednesday,] at twelve o'clock, and was immediately interred. I witnessed only the mound which covers his remains. *Requiescat in Pace.*

Your most affectionate,

M. HENNI.

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ST. MARY'S CHURCH, TIFFIN, OHIO.

*From Catholic Telegraph, May 11, 1833.*

The new church at Tiffin, Seneca county, in this state, was opened for divine service on Easter Sunday, on which occasion High Mass was sung, and an appropriate sermon preached by the pastor, the Rev. Edmund Quinn. A few years since there was but one Catholic family in that section of the state, now giving promise of becoming the fairest and most flourishing portion of the diocese.

Through the piety and zeal of the apostolic missionary, who labors in this promising field, a neat and commodious church has been erected, and thus the fertile country around the Sandusky is rendered eligible to Catholic emigrants, who have been hitherto deterred from locating themselves there by the impossibility of enjoying the consolation derivable from a compliance with the duties of their religion, at too great a distance from a church or a resident priest.

REPORT OF BISHOP PURCELL'S VISIT TO NORTHERN OHIO  
IN 1834—DUNGANNON, COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

[Extract of letter from Bishop Purcell, dated Hanover, Columbiana county, Ohio, June 16, 1834.]

*From Catholic Telegraph, June 27, 1834.*

\* \* After a late Mass on Monday, 9th of June, the Bishop left the house of Mr. Gallagher, on whose land the church is built, and visited the family of Mr. Jeffers, where he had the satisfaction to see ten interesting converts; thence he proceeded, accompanied by Mr. Delong, who numbers not fewer than seventy relatives, converted, like himself, to the Catholic faith, on the road to St. Paul's church, [now St. Phillip's, Dungannon,] in Columbiana county, where he arrived on Saturday, 14th inst., having visited several Catholic residences in the intervening towns. Rev. Mr. Henni, of Canton, had arrived the day previous at St. Paul's and commenced preparing the attending members of the congregation for the holy sacraments. The interests of this church had been for some time grievously neglected and the ecclesiastical property attached to it, misapplied. The exertions of the present pious clergymen and the measures taken during the episcopal visitation, will, it is hoped, efficiently arrest the two-fold evil. The Church of St. Paul is a substantial brick edifice, recently much enlarged, but still inadequate to the increasing numbers of the congregation. It is attended by the Catholics of New Lisbon, Hanover, and a thickly settled territory of ten or twelve miles round. The Catholics worshipping at the church are variously estimated at from eight hundred to one thousand souls. They have no resident pastor. There were only six reputed sufficiently well instructed to be admitted to confirmation, and it was truly distressing to observe that many had been suffered to reach their twentieth year without having been imbued with the first elements of a religious education, or received any other sacrament than baptism. \* \*

ST. JOHN'S, CANTON, STARK CO.; VERY REV. JOHN A. HILL.  
LOUISVILLE, CANAL FULTON, DOYLESTOWN,  
WOOSTER, ETC.

*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, July 18, 1834.*

MANSFIELD, Richland Co., July 3, 1834.

Our first station, after having left St. Paul's Church [near Dungannon], was at Mr. Crevaisier's, in Hanover, where a few persons, unable to attend church, received the Holy Communion, and one child was baptized. Similar consolations were afforded to the Catholics of Paris, fifteen miles distant, in the house of Mr. James Cassily. Passing by Osnaburg in the public stage, we had not time to visit several Catholic families, chiefly Germans, inhabitants of that town and vicinity. Having rendered our accustomed and solemn homage to the Adorable Sacrament on our arrival in the church of Canton [St. John's], the seat of Stark county, and knelt in the cemetery by the remains of the once animated temples of the Holy Ghost, destined to rise more splendid from their present ruins, we became unconsciously absorbed in reflection at the humble grave of the Rev. Mr. Hill. How many associations, pleasing and melancholy to the soul, did not that sad memorial awaken! What *consistent* testimony did not its peaceful occupant render to the truth? What a contrast between his and the conversion of certain modern proselytes! Willingly did he descend from exalted station, relinquish country, debar himself of the pleasures of a society which he was so eminently qualified to grace and adorn, and sever the dearest ties, to worship at the shrine of that mysterious Catholic religion, always blackened by calumny, but ever bright with holiness, always assaulted by error, but never overcome, and which is now going forth through the New World as it has gone through the old, "conquering and to conquer." The following epitaph, a tribute of classic as well as sacerdotal piety to the memory and virtues of the deceased ornament of the American priesthood, is inscribed on a plain white slab placed against the south side of the church. It is, we understand,

the composition of the Rev. Mr. Henni, associate pastor of the Canton congregation :

D. O. M.

Reverendus Sacerdos Dominus

JOHANNES AUGUSTINUS HILL.

Relictis centuris castris,  
Minervæ induit arma  
Adscriptis DOMINICI choro  
Patris premit vestigia  
Patri ignotis in sylvis :  
Pius mitisque animo  
Carus et ore facundus

Obiit iii 9. Non. Sept. MDCCCXXVIII.

Pulveri eheu ! fave pulvis  
Nova dum silet turba.

On Sunday Rev. V. Raymacher [Dominican] sang Mass, and the Bishop preached in the morning, and again addressed a large audience in the afternoon. The Tuesday following, Feast of St. John Baptist, patron of the church, the sacrament of confirmation was administered to 105 persons, all of whom received the divine Eucharist, on the same day. The order observed during the dispensation of the sacred rite was truly edifying. The progress of Catholicity in this section of the state may be estimated from the fact that there are at present upwards of 2000 communicants in part of the district, attended by two clergymen, the only priests in Stark county, where, ten years ago, there were scarcely thirty resident Catholic families. This extraordinary increase will appear from the annexed statement, on whose correctness full reliance can be placed :

Canton, 800 communicants ; Beechland, [Louisville] 7 miles distant, 240 ; Paris, 120 ; Moreck, 15 miles to the east, 100 ; [Canal] Fulton, 130 ; Sugar Creek, 60 ; Randolph, in Portage county, 18 miles north of Canton, 120 ; the remainder are in Medina, Chippewa [Doylestown] and Tuscarawas, where there is, unfortunately, no one to gather the harvest

into the barns of the Father of the family, but tenacious Catholic faith alone preserves the love of our holy institutions, cementing the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace. A few only of the congregations did we find time to visit. Beechland [Louisville] is principally a French settlement. Church is held in the house of Mr. Joseph Menegay, which was formerly occupied as a place of meeting by a Baptist minister and his congregation. Bricks to the amount of 120,000, for a new church, are now in the kiln, and a lot of three-fourths of an acre, in an eligible position near a recently laid-off site for a new town, has been given by Mr. Lutzenheizer. The ground for a grave yard is the grant of Mr. Bidoau, and 49 acres of prime land, generously consecrated[?] by Messrs. James, Richard and Patrick Moffit, to which 5 others have been added by the good Mr. Menegay, are now recorded in the Bishop's name, as a provision for the support of a pastor.

In the [Canal] Fulton church, a log building 50 by 30, built on an acre lot presented by Mr. McCud, and not yet dedicated, there were 14 confirmed, of whom five were converts. Messrs. Patton, Bayle, McCaddon and Edgington are among the most zealous of the little flock and names which we record with much satisfaction.

In Sugar Creek church, [Marshallville?] Wayne county, likewise a log edifice, small and inconveniently situated, there were 14 communicants and 4 confirmed, on the 1st July. The Arnolds, of Allegheny county, Maryland, have planted the mustard seed, and they now cherish its growth in this lonely place. Among the baptized, there was one convert.

#### WOOSTER.

Reaching Wooster late at night, we greatly regretted that we could not sojourn, at least one day, with the excellent Catholics near that town. The dreariness of the hour and the stormy state of the weather, were in perfect accord with the feelings inspired by the sight of the room in which the late Bishop died forlorn by every one but his God. Filled with the most serious but salutary impressions of the precarious



tenure by which we hold to the present life, we left the town, after a short and broken rest, and proceeded over a wretched road, 33 miles, to Mansfield. There are two English and several German Catholic families in this town, but many more in the neighborhood. They are very irregularly attended. Notwithstanding the briefness of the notice, there were 15 communicants and 4 confirmed in the house of Mr. William Downey. Deprived, for want of time, of the pleasure of visiting Chippewa, [near Doylestown] where Messrs. G. Whitman and Peter Marshall, brother to the Rev. Francis Marshall of Maryland, have lately conveyed eighty acres of good land to the Bishop, towards the support of a priest; and unable, for the same reason, to see the numerous Catholic families newly settled near Bucyrus, Crawford county, of whose attachment to their faith and praiseworthy exertions for the building of a church we have heard much that edified, we left Mansfield on the 3d of July, hoping to reach Paris by Truxville the same day. In this, we were disappointed; and after a costly, dangerous and unsuccessful effort to cross the flooded headwaters of the Mohican [Wyandot?], were compelled, with well drenched clothes and broken carriage, to return and think of the patience and joy of the Apostle in greater labors and disasters, while we enjoyed the fireside of our kind host. To-morrow, God willing, we shall renew the effort to reach Norwalk by Sunday, and, we hope, with better success. \* \*

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*From the Catholic Telegraph, August 1, 1834.*

## EPISCOPAL VISITATION.—OHIO.

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LETTER FROM BISHOP PURCELL.

DAYTON, 23d July, 1834.

We shall here conclude our notes of the episcopal visitation. Reports, which, we trust, we shall find to have been exaggerated, having reached us, of the reappearance of cholera, under alarming circumstances, at Cincinnati, induce the Bishop to defer visiting the remaining Catholic stations on

his route, and repair promptly to his see, in order to unite with his reverend and, he fears, over-burdened fellow-laborers, in rendering to that beloved portion of his flock, the spiritual consolation and relief of which it may be in need.

From Mansfield to Paris there are many scattered Catholics; we had time to visit none but the numerous and edifying family of Mrs. Trux, residing near the last mentioned, new and rapidly growing town. The number of the professors of "the faith once delivered to the saints," increased as we approached

#### NORWALK,

seat of Huron county. Three miles from the town, [Peru], is a well built frame church under the pastoral care of the Rev. Mr. Tschenhens, of the Holy Order of the Redeemer, founded by the lately canonized Alphonso de Liguori, an Italian bishop. The church, which has been lately erected, was dedicated to the Almighty God, under the invocation of that Holy Prelate and zealous patron of missions. Previously to the ceremony of its benediction the Bishop addressed the congregation (to whom the Rev. Mr. Henni, of Canton, subsequently delivered an eloquent and impressive discourse in the German language) and was obviously much impressed with the necessity of the prayers he preferred to heaven being granted, when he besought the Divine Disposer of every good gift, to cherish and mature the mustard seed, thus sown under the fostering care of the Redemptorists, and thence to diffuse the blessings of the only true and living faith over an extensive territory, where its influence has hitherto been but little felt. Rev. Mr. Tschenhens is now aided by two pious lay brothers, and is soon to be joined by a zealous clergyman of his order, from Michigan, and a considerable reinforcement from Vienna, who are thought to be now on their voyage to the distant and unknown settlement in the West. After the dedication of the church, the cemetery was blessed, and 19 were confirmed.

At the request of several of the citizens, the Bishop preached in the court house at Norwalk. The day following he was

accompanied by Revs. Messrs. Henni and Tschenhens to Lower Sandusky [Fremont] where the divine sacrifice was offered at the residence of Madame Beaugrand. There are not many Catholics settled in the town, but several families have lately arrived in its vicinity. A lot for a church was promised by esteemed friends to the holy cause of truth, and pecuniary assistance will not, it is believed, be withheld when the seasonable time for the commencement of the church shall have arrived.

## TIFFIN.

We were much disappointed at finding the church [St. Mary's] of Tiffin still unfinished. It has not yet been dedicated. On Sunday, 13th of July, there were 100 communicants, and on the following Tuesday 26 were confirmed. Exclusively of the Germans, to whom Revs. Messrs. Henni and Tschenhens frequently preached during their stay in the town, there is a large and fervent congregation from the neighborhood of Emmitsburgh, Mt. St. Mary's and Westminster, Frederick county, Md. They are the hope of religion and will long continue, as we fondly and devoutly trust, to enhance their bishop's joy and pastor's crown in the remote and peaceful habitations they have chosen. Rev. Mr. Quinn, who has hitherto attended this congregation, resides at the distance of five[?] miles from Tiffin, and has had to minister to the spiritual wants of the Catholics of a circumference of nearly forty miles, the roads at any season of the year, but particularly in the winter, being of the very worst description.

## M'CUTCHENVILLE.

In McCutchenville, 10 miles from Tiffin, a charming lot of  $2\frac{3}{4}$  acres has been ceded to the Bishop and his successors in office by Mr. William Arnold and a considerable sum has been subscribed by Messrs. McLaughlin, Berton, Noel and many other Catholics and Protestants for the erection of a church. Two other churches are spoken of and would indeed be necessary, for German congregations, five miles, in different directions from Tiffin. \* \*

REPORT OF EPISCOPAL VISITATION MADE BY  
BISHOP PURCELL.

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*From Catholic Telegraph, September 4, 1835.*

## DUNGANNON.—NEW LISBON.

St. Paul's [near Dungannon] was visited on the first Sunday of August. The Bishop found the congregation much increased and anxious to secure the services of a resident priest. This is a favor which it was not in his power to grant. However, on two Sundays of every month, until God is pleased to send more numerous, pious and efficient laborers into His vineyard, the spiritual wants of the congregation will be supplied by the Rev. Mr. Conlan, from Steubenville. The number of Catholics in the town of New Lisbon, six miles from St. Paul's, has likewise been much augmented by the contractors, laborers and men of business attracted to the spot since the commencement of the Sandy and Beaver canal. The divine mysteries were celebrated in the house of a French Catholic, and on Monday evening the Bishop preached in the court house to a large and attentive audience. The Catholics of New Lisbon are anxious for the erection of a church, but it has been recommended to them to enlarge and finish the building at St. Paul's, before they undertake to build another so near it. In time, we trust, there will be a creditable church in either place.

## CLEVELAND.

The Catholic congregation of Cleveland has been very recently organized. It consists of not more than three hundred members. They are all poor in this world's wealth, but rich in the faith and hope which ensure their professors those treasures which rust cannot consume, nor earthly distinction affect, and which are forfeited by vice and willful error. A merchant of Cleveland, Mr. Clark, has presented a lot, in Brooklyn, which is connected and almost identified with Cleveland, by a bridge thrown over the Cuyahoga river.

On this lot [not used ; first church was built on "Flats" in Cleveland centre—H.] it is intended to erect a church during the present season and from the friendly and liberal spirit evinced by the Protestant citizens of the town and the spirited exertions which the Catholics are resolved to make, we have no doubt but that the voyager on Lake Erie will soon be cheered, in his approach to this safe harbor, by the aspect of the sign of our Redemption. We were delighted to hear how greatly the religious, moral and social condition of the Catholics in the vicinity of Cleveland, who had previously enjoyed no means of instruction, has been improved by the unremitting exertions of their pastor, Rev. Mr. Dillon. May the divine blessing continue to remove the obstacles which could mar the projects, or impede the success of this interesting little flock.

#### CUYAHOGA FALLS.

At this place, which is thirty miles from Cleveland, there are a few Catholics, but many more dispersed through the country around. Many of the influential citizens, who belong to no religion, but who are shocked at the disreputable acts resorted to for the disparagement of the Catholics among a people who have little opportunity of judging of them but from the caricatures exhibited by sectarians, have strongly urged with promises largely to contribute to the building of a Catholic church [no church built till 1884]. It will be impossible to accede to their request before the completion of the church of Cleveland. Meantime, they shall hear the word of Catholic truth announced at stated visits, by Rev. Mr. Dillon.

#### RANDOLPH.

Randolph, St. Sebastian's [St. Joseph's], Portage county:—The first movement of German Catholics in a new settlement is to build a church and school house of the cheapest and most accessible materials. To improvements in the condition of the country, and their own, they wisely adjourn the construction of more costly and substantial edifices. Within one mile of Randolph [Centre] in Portage county, there is a



Catholic German congregation who have raised a small, but remarkably neat log chapel and school house, thereby evincing a laudable attention to the instruction of their children, and a becoming zeal for the religion of their fathers. The congregation consists of forty-five families, and of this little community, it is said, in addition to other praise, that there is not a solitary instance of habitual, or occasional intemperance to stain its early and humble history! On the 22d inst. [August, 1835], Rev. Mr. Saenderl [Redemptorist], who accompanied the Bishop, sang High Mass, in which the entire congregation, young and old, joined in admirable accord; there were fifty-three communicants and twelve confirmed. Several Catholic families, not before heard of, attended from a distance of ten or fifteen miles, or requested through those who were able to come, that they may be visited by a priest. This consolation, measures were promptly taken to afford them. \* \*

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### REPORT OF EPISCOPAL VISITATION BY BISHOP PURCELL.

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*Catholic Telegraph, September 11, 1835.*

LOUISVILLE, O.

Beechland [near Louisville], Stark county.—This congregation has suffered from the want of pastoral attention for several months. Still the members of the building committee have not neglected the collection of materials for the erection of a church in the newly located, and fast progressing town of Louisville. Eighty-one thousand brick, and much of the gross timber for the construction of the church, are now on the selected site, and the Bishop was cordially seconded in his earnest desire for the completion of, at least, the shell of the building, before the setting in of the winter. The resources of the congregation are fully adequate to the support of a priest, and promises have been given, which it is hoped the Divine Lord of the harvest will enable us to realize,

that a worthy laborer shall be speedily placed at their head, to lead them onward in union, strength and piety. The holy mysteries were celebrated in the large dwelling of Mr. Eck, a Catholic lately arrived from Pennsylvania, and many persons were admitted to holy communion and confirmation.

ST. JOHN'S, CANTON.

This healthy and popular town appears destined to enjoy its share of the growing prosperity of the West. Its citizens are now engaged in urging on to completion a cross-cut from the Ohio and Erie, or Sandy and Beaver canal. The church is far too small for the greatly increased numbers of the congregation, and notwithstanding the contemplated formation of several distinct missions in its neighborhood, it will be necessary to erect a new church on, or near, the site of the old one, to accommodate the Catholics and numerous enquirers after religious truth at present residing in the town. At the request of many of the citizens, the Bishop preached to an unusually large assemblage in the court-house on Sunday evening, August 23d. The Rev. gentleman of the order of St. Dominic, to whose arduous and untiring efforts for the promotion of faith and morals, during many years, the diocese of Ohio owes a large debt of gratitude, has lately surrendered the Canton congregation to the care of the Bishop. This measure was exclusively owing to the impossibility, on the part of the Order, of attending to this distant mission, while the congregations of Zanesville, Somerset and Lancaster require more than the time and pains which have been bestowed on their spiritual instruction and improvement in former years. Rev. Messrs. Saenderl, Superior of the Redemptorists, and Rev. Mr. O'Bairne have been entrusted by the Bishop with the care of the congregation.

## EPISCOPAL VISITATION—NORTHERN OHIO.

*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, September 15, 1836.*

## TIFFIN—ST. MARY'S.

Very Rev. S. T. Badin and Rev. H. D. Juncker having reached Tiffin several days before the Bishop, prepared the congregation for the reception of the sacraments. There were only 23 confirmed. The church is under the care of the Redemptorists [stationed at Peru, Huron Co.] whose number, we regret to say, has not been hitherto large enough to admit of their devoting the necessary time to the instruction and spiritual wants of the diocese. Four clergymen, at least, would be required for Seneca county, in which are five [four?] churches at the present time [Tiffin, Thompson, New Riegel and McCutchenville] in progress of building. Numerous sects, of whose very name the Bishop had never heard before, are swarming through the villages in this and Crawford county. \* \*

The Tiffin and McCutchenville congregations are comprised of the very best materials; they have been lately much augmented by emigrants from Maryland, Pennsylvania and some parts of Europe. The Germans in their vicinity are peaceful, industrious and full of zeal for the diffusion of our holy religion, for their own edification and the instruction of their children. The Tiffin church, the shell of which, only, has been so long built, will be completed and ready for dedication this fall. \* \*

## FREMONT—LA PRAIRIE.

Lower Sandusky [Fremont] and the French congregation of Muddy Creek [La Prairie], consisting of 20 or 30 families, are still destitute of a church. From the well known liberality, respectability and intelligence of many of the inhabitants, we have no doubt but means will soon be furnished to erect in this interesting vicinity a new and neat little monument to the Faith of ages. We shall look with confidence for its completion by the coming year. \* \*

## CANTON.—ST. JOHN'S.

*From Catholic Telegraph, December 22, 1836.*

Rev. Dr. Hoffmann will visit the Catholics of Columbus at the feast of Christmas. He will thence proceed direct to Canton, where, we are happy to announce, will be his future residence as pastor of the Catholic congregation. Cordially do we congratulate our brethren at Canton, on their acquisition of so learned and zealous a spiritual guide as Dr. Hoffmann, and we sincerely hope that his pious instructions and edifying manners will soon make them forget their late destitution of pastoral encouragement and succor. We trust some of the prominent members of the congregation will, without delay, prepare the presbytery for his reception.

## EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

*From Catholic Telegraph, May 30 and June 6, 1839.*

Measures are in progress for the erection of a church in this flourishing village. \* \* A lot has been secured and a subscription commenced. This is owing to the zeal of Rev. James Conlan, pastor of Steubenville, who attends [this and] several neighboring missions. \* \* The site of East Liverpool is 25 miles above Steubenville. \* \* Rev. Mr. Conlan is making an appeal to our Catholic brethren in behalf of this infant congregation, to which we hope there will be a liberal response.

## DIOCESE OF [CINCINNATI] OHIO.

*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, February 15, 1840.*

It is a subject of no small gratification to the Western Catholics, to observe the sure and steady progress of the Church throughout this extensive portion of our country. About twenty-two years ago there was but one building in this state on which the Sacred Cross was raised, to cheer the heart of the emigrant, as he journeyed to some "promised land" in search of home and happiness. Our religion was







St. Mary's Church on "Flats" Cleveland, Ohio.

Dedicated June 7,

1840

then associated with a thousand evils in the minds of the inhabitants ; truth had a mountain before it, towering to the clouds, which it had to move from the path before it could make further progress on its holy errand. The laborers, however, were not disheartened—"courage mounteth with occasion ;"—and they commenced to toil in the good cause, calmly but resolutely, conscious that their duty was being fulfilled, and trusting in the Lord for a successful result. Already have many of their expectations been realized. \* \*

We have reason for congratulation, and as we justly entertain a preference for the immediate scene of our labors, we can often see through the parting gloom of the present, many bright and cheering vistas of future glory for our diocese. In six years the number of clergy has increased from nineteen to thirty-four. In the almanac for this year Ohio has credit for two charitable institutions, but we have now five in operation. It is also stated therein, that we have 24 churches in Ohio, now the number is 32, and before the ensuing almanac is ready for the press, we hope to have still better news to impart to those who love to see the Church flourishing and prosperous, no matter where it may be planted. \* \*

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#### DEDICATION OF THE CHURCH OF "OUR LADY OF THE LAKE"

[ST. MARY'S ON THE "FLATS"], CLEVELAND, O.,

JUNE 7, 1840.

*From Catholic Telegraph, June 20, 1840.*

Rt. Rev. Dr. de Forbin Janson, Bishop of Nancy and Toul, France, and Bishop Purcell of Cincinnati, left Buffalo on the steamboat *Constitution* at 8 P. M. on Friday, 5th of June for Cleveland. At Fairport, 30 miles from the last mentioned place they were overtaken by a violent storm, during which the vessel, which was very heavily laden, labored a great deal and made but little headway ; so that they did not reach their destination for many hours after the usual time employed in making the trip. They were both, as were nearly all their fellow-travelers, gloriously sea-sick and soaked

with surf from the swollen waters, and the good Bishop of Nancy was moreover at one moment in imminent danger of serious injury from the falling of a high and heavy pile of cases of merchandise in a sudden lurch of the ship. Finally they disembarked in safety, at 5 A. M., on Sunday morning, *Auspice Maria*.

The Bishop of the diocese was agreeably surprised to find that all the work which he had directed to be done at the new church by Mr. Golden, the architect, had been not only faithfully performed, but that the altar and the plastering, etc., had likewise been very neatly executed. He accordingly resolved not to lose so favorable an occasion of dedicating it. The zealous Bishop of Nancy, who seems to have never known what it is to be weary in well doing, kindly consented to dedicate the church, which he did according to the Roman ritual, and in full pontificals, after which he celebrated High Mass, which was wonderfully well sung in plain chant by the choir. \* \* \* Bishop Purcell preached to a very intelligent and attentive auditory, before and after the ceremony.

The church measures 81 by 53 feet, having four well wrought Doric columns in front, a light but substantial gallery, or organ loft, handsome ceiling, etc., and conveniently situated on Columbus street, between the two [?] congregations of Cleveland and Ohio City [?]. \* \* \*

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#### EPISCOPAL VISITATION—NORTHERN OHIO.

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*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, July 4, 1840.*

##### LIVERPOOL, Medina Co.

After his departure from Cleveland [June 8], the Bishop visited two Catholic families near Strongville [Cuyahoga Co.] who had not been favored with the presence of a priest for several years. \* \* \* He was there met by a deputation of German Catholics, of Liverpool, Medina county, by whom he was attended to the residence of Mr. Lawling, in which service is generally held for the neighboring Catholic

inhabitants. The next morning a large number of the faithful, living on the east and west banks of Rocky river, assembled on the occasion, in virtue of a previous notice sent there from Cleveland. These formed in procession and proceeded, chanting the *Miserere*, to the graveyard, where the Bishop, in mitre and crosier, blessed the graves of a few persons thus solitary buried, and gave an instruction to the bystanders on the nature of the ceremony and the circumstances under which one or two of their brethren who were there interred, had died. Rev. Mr. O'Dwyer then offered the holy sacrifice, and the Bishop preached on the worth of the soul. Many well-inclined Protestants were present. It was thought expedient to recommend the construction of two churches, one at each side of the river, which is often too much swollen to admit of being safely forded. Materials have been prepared for these purposes, and we hope to learn soon that the churches have been built. [In 1842 a log church (St. Mary's) was built east of Rocky river, in the hamlet of Abbeyville, later replaced by a brick structure, but long since abandoned. In the same year a log church was also erected west of same river, one mile from Liverpool Centre. This was replaced in 1861 by the present brick edifice, known as St. Martin's, Liverpool, Medina Co.—H.]

## DOYLESTOWN.

About noon the Bishop left [Liverpool] for Chippewa [near Doylestown] in Wayne county, accompanied by five of the congregation on horseback. \* \* After straying a few miles from the right road, the party reached, before sundown, the residence of Rev. Mr. Schorb, pastor of the congregation. Next day the Bishop visited Mr. Marshall and Mr. Whitman, two zealous Maryland Catholics, who have given a valuable tract of seventy-eight acres of land for the support of a presbytery, and who are now engaged in redeeming a pledge, by them voluntarily and generously given, to build a church and a dwelling for a priest at their own expense. The cost of the plan of the buildings cannot be under seven or eight hundred dollars. Other members of the congregation

rival their charity in supplying the church with suitable vestments, and in no other part of the diocese has the Bishop witnessed more zeal, humility and fervor than in this sequestered and delightful spot. Surely the divine mercies are for such a people. The number of communicants has been more than doubled since the arrival of the pastor, being now eighty-five. In [Canal] Fulton, on the canal, nine miles distant, there are eighty-four communicants; in Liverpool, eighty-one; in Randolph, fifty; in Akron, twenty (not including the English-speaking portion, which is considerable); in Wooster, Ashland and Shelby, the communicants amount to one hundred and nineteen. All these places are attended [from Chippewa] by Rev. Mr. Schorb, to whom the Bishop promised an assistant, for whose support ample means will be furnished at the glebe-house. The church [at Chippewa], though yet unfinished, is still used for divine service. It was filled on Corpus Christi, when the Bishop and the reverend pastor alternately officiated; the former preached on the great mystery of the divine love in the adorable Eucharist, and after having praised the zeal and piety of this fine little flock, exhorted all to perseverance and renewed effort to obtain all that is yet wanting for the instruction of the youth of the congregation and the decency and dignity of the worship of God. \* \*

#### CANTON—ST. JOHN'S.

On Thursday afternoon [June 11], the Bishop reached Canton in company with Rev. Mr. Schorb. He there witnessed and heard, with inexpressible pleasure, the good done by the indefatigable Rev. Mr. Juncker, and had reason to bless the Almighty's goodness that a constitution, naturally delicate, had not sunken under an accumulation of arduous duties. The new pews, the decent altar, the handsome antependium, speak the man of God, prepared for every good work. He had, up to this date, eighteen hundred and forty-three communicants, [of these there were] in Canton, five hundred and forty-eight; Massillon, seventy-four; Bethlehem [Navarre], seventy-five; Norwalk [Peru], three hundred;



Tiffin and German Settlement [New Riegel], five hundred ; Sandusky City, twenty-four ; Thompson's Settlement [Thompson], eighty-five ; Cleveland, twenty-four.

These are not all the Easter communicants in the several places named, but all that Rev. Mr. Juncker was enabled to instruct and otherwise prepare for the reception of the holy sacraments. He was assisted by his Reverend and worthy *confrere*, Mr. Wuertz, in Bethlehem, Norwalk, Tiffin, and the adjacent stations.

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*Extracts of letter from Bishop Purcell published in Catholic Telegraph, July, 18, 1840.*

EAST LIVERPOOL, June 25, 1840.

The town of East Liverpool, Columbiana county, which was laid out nearly thirty years ago, but which begun to be improved only a few years past, is one of the healthiest and most agreeably situated on the Ohio river. \* \* Mr. James Blakely [of East Liverpool, and a convert], with a liberality which we have pleasure in recording, and which, we trust, will find many imitators in the congregations of the diocese, gave four hundred dollars [for the church just built], and in connection with four other gentlemen, viz.: Messrs. Mitchell, Mausley, Cooke and Smith, presented three town lots for the sacred building. The first two of these four gentlemen have also paid \$100 each towards the erection of the church. Mr. John Blakely, a convert like his brother mentioned above, has offered one hundred dollars. Mr. Kerrins, architect of St. Paul's church, Pittsburgh, who resides here, has also given a hundred dollars for a new altar, and his wife, who is a convert, has done and contributed much, in company with the family of another estimable convert, Mr. Bayley, together with Mrs. Blakely, and others, to decorate the sanctuary, if not to build up the very walls of our little Sion. Mr. John J. Murphy has also been a liberal benefactor, and incurred responsibilities towards forwarding the good work. Messrs. Buchheit and Diettrich, German Catholics, the former being the first Catholic who settled here, largely participated

in the merit of the forementioned. Many other names might be added, but they do not occur to us at present. The pious pastor, Rev. Mr. [James] Conlan, lodges at the hospitable residence of Mr. Fortune. \* \* And it is not for ostentation, or any intention of flattering a fondness for even amiable fame, which are very far, we believe, from the minds of all those who have engaged in this pious undertaking, that we have written the foregoing, but only to do as we see done in other places where lists of the benevolent are kept and occasionally published for the double purpose of acknowledgment and emulation in well-doing.

The church is of brick, substantially built, with stone foundation, and water courses, 70x40 ft. in dimensions, and has already cost three thousand dollars. The resources of the committee, and indeed of the congregation, are nearly exhausted, and though the Bishop has come to their assistance as generously as his means and the numberless demands made on him will allow, they are compelled by the hard times to leave the work unfinished for the present. \* \*

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#### PASTORAL APPOINTMENTS.

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*Catholic Telegraph, October 10, 1840.*

Rev. Peter McLaughlin has been appointed pastor of the congregation of "Our Lady of the Lake," Cleveland, and of the various stations hitherto attended by Rev. Mr. O'Dwyer, in Cuyahoga and the adjoining counties.

Rev. Mr. Louis de Goesbriand succeeds Rev. Mr. Wuertz (removed to Canton in the absence of Rev. Mr. Juncker, who has obtained leave from the Bishop to make a short visit to Europe,) as pastor of St. Louis' Church [Louisville] in Stark county. \* \*

## EPISCOPAL VISITATION—NORTHERN OHIO.

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*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, December 12, 1840.*

## M'CUTCHENVILLE.

The church of McCutchenville might have been dedicated, as the Bishop and Very Rev. Mr. Henni, on their way from Marion to Crawfordsville had to pass by Tymochtee, which is only a few miles from it, but they were not aware, when they heard that the church was handsomely finished, that they should have to approach so near to that part of Seneca [Wyandot] county during the visitation. This duty devolves on the reverend pastors of Tiffin [Revs. P. J. Machebeuf and E. Thienpont], according to the request made by the Bishop to the Rev. Mr. Machebeuf. \* \*

## FINDLAY.

In Fort Findlay, Hancock county, they [Bishop Purcell and Father Henni] were agreeably surprised to find more Catholics than they believed to reside there. Church was held at Mr. Engelmann's, a friendly Protestant, married to a Catholic lady from near Emmitsburg, and some children were baptized. [Mr. E. later became a convert. He is a respected member of St. Michael's congregation, Findlay.—H.]

## GLANDORF.

With much difficulty we [Bishop Purcell and Very Rev. Father Henni] procured a wagon at Findlay to transport us some thirty miles, over a very bad road, to Ottawa. We were benighted before we reached the village, but as the rain, which had fallen during the day in torrents, had fortunately ceased, we procured a guide and lantern and ventured to ford the Blanchard river on horseback, that we may [?] reach Glandorf, the settlement of the Rev. Mr. Horstmann, before Sunday morning. We accomplished this task in little more than an hour, and were cordially welcomed by this learned professor, devoted pastor and fervent solitary. Rev. Mr. Horstmann is a native of Prussia. He purchased a section of

land in this part of Ohio (Putnam county), in 1834. A few of his compatriots followed him, and a Catholic settlement was commenced. Its increase may be estimated by the following data: In 1835 there were 2 baptisms; in 1836, 20; in 1837, 23; in 1838, 29; in 1839, only 28, and in 1840, to the 30th of October, 33. There were this year 590 communicants, 122 families, 36 confirmed, and 5 deaths in the settlement.

The church, in point of material and style, is well suited to the forest scene around. The pulpit, from which the spiritual Zaccheus not only sees Christ in His law, but also shows him to a faithful people, is formed from the hollow trunk of a sycamore. The dome of the sacred edifice, now canopied only by the firmament, consists, in summer at least, of the arched branches, grapevine, and, for aught we know to the contrary, the ante-deluvian oak.

Near the church, and similarly constructed, stands the school house. The priest was for eighteen months the school master, and it is worthy of record that the common school fund furnished a fair contingent of his salary. We are happy to say that this is not the only instance of such rare justice to the Catholic population of Ohio. In Minster and Wapakoneta we shall have occasion to notice the same honesty and fairness, in giving our people a portion of the education money. \* \*

From Ottawa [Glandorf?] we started for the Catholic station at Fort Jennings, but the state of the creeks did not admit of our going farther in that direction than Kalida, and during this short journey we had to roll away the fallen timber and make frequent use of the axe to cut down saplings that interrupted our path.

Our next resting place was Lima, in Allen county. Here we could not learn that there were any Catholics. \* \*

*Catholic Telegraph*, July 10, 1841.

[EAST] LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

*To the Catholic Congregations of [Cincinnati] Ohio:*

With the previously obtained consent of the venerable Bishop of the diocese, the undersigned were appointed to address you, our fellow Catholics, in relation to the difficulties and embarrassments of the Catholic congregation of this place, and to appeal to your liberality and generosity to assist us, in order to enable us to remove the same.

Our church was commenced in the spring of 1837, under the most favorable auspices ; being encouraged by the promising state of the times, and the prospect of a considerable increase of our numbers, from a public work then under contract, we were induced to lay out our church on a larger scale than would have been advisable had such a change been contemplated as took place shortly after that period. The building having progressed, however, to that extent that rendered any alteration impossible, we had no alternative left but to abandon the work entirely and lose what had already been expended, or make another effort to finish the building on the plan already begun. The latter course was determined on, and by the most extraordinary exertions, considering our numbers, we have succeeded in raising a beautiful and substantial edifice (40x70 feet, of brick), one that will be an ornament to our town and a credit to our faith. It is in an unfinished state, it is true, but notwithstanding, it will and does answer for public worship, until a change in the times will enable us to complete it. To effect what has been done we have expended \$3,000, and unfortunately we have a debt of \$1,000, for the payment of which the hammer of the sheriff is now battering at the door. It is to prevent so deplorable a consequence that this appeal is made. Was it for the purpose of building, or raising means to build a church (aware as we are that most if not all the congregations of this diocese have their own difficulties to contend with), we could not expect, nor would we ask at your hands, your assistance; the matter would be local in its



nature, and if our circumstances would not permit us to enter into it, we would wait till they were so. But now the case is different; it is not to build a church, but to *save* one, which is already under roof; and these circumstances render its character a general one, affecting every Catholic in the diocese, and in which all must feel a deep interest. A church, on which has been expended upwards of \$3,000, is about to be sacrificed for a small remaining debt. This of itself should be an important consideration. But still this would be nothing when compared with the disgrace which must be consequent on such an event, a consequence which we confidently feel you will readily assist us to avert. A small pittance from each individual who will be called on would raise the sum required. We do hope our appeal will not be in vain. We know that it will not. We feel that an appeal made to us under similar circumstances would cause us to contribute a portion which, if equally contributed through the diocese, would much more than raise the amount required in this case.

The different congregations of the diocese will be waited on by our pastor, Rev. James Conlan [attending E. L. from Steubenville], in a few weeks. We hope none will send him away without contributing something.

JOHN J. MURPHY,  
JOSIAH BAGLEY,  
JOHN S. BLAKELY.

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#### EPISCOPAL VISITATION.—NORTHERN OHIO.

*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, July 17, 1841.*

PERU.—ST. PETER'S, NORWALK, ETC.

\* \* A clergyman [Rev. Joseph Freygang] from another diocese [Detroit], who had been recently admitted, with much difficulty, into Ohio \* \* had placed himself at the head of a party [which under his direction left Peru and organized St. Peter's, Norwalk, contrary to the Bishop's positive prohibition] and thus proved the occasion of much disturbance of the peace and edification, for which

this congregation [St. Alphonsus', Peru] had, with very few exceptions, been at all times remarkable. \* \* The Bishop experienced great satisfaction at meeting here the former pastor [Rev. F. X. Tschenhens], who had returned [from Pittsburgh] to resume the care of his beloved flock. This zealous priest had been diligently employed for several days in preparing the candidates for confirmation of whom about 25 or 30 received that sacrament [June 20]. The Bishop preached at High Mass on the necessity of obedience to the spiritual authority which Christ has established in His Church for the maintenance of good government, happiness and order, and the prevention of the guilt and wretchedness inseparable from schism. \* \* The church was crowded with a Catholic audience, most of whom were effected even into tears, and all united in addressing the most fervent prayers to heaven for the restoration of the alienated affections of those who had hitherto been of one mind with them in exhibiting the good and pleasant scene of brethren dwelling together in unity. \* \* \* After High Mass the Bishop preached in a little grove near the church on the sacrament of penance ; and the following evening, at the request of the sheriff and a large number of the principal citizens of Norwalk, he preached in the court house. On Tuesday evening [June 22], the Bishop preached in the school house at New Haven, 12 miles from Norwalk, and on the next day held "station" at the house of Mr. James Patton, where there were some communicants, and three persons were confirmed. We thence proceeded to

THE CHURCH OF THE SACRED HEART [SHELBY  
SETTLEMENT].

In this church, attended by about 100 families of German and Irish Catholics, we were kept pretty constantly busy in giving instructions and administering the sacraments. On the evening of the second day the Bishop preached by request in the Methodist meeting-house at Shelby, four miles from the church. After the sermon the Bishop, accompanied by Rev. Mr. Tschenhens, left Shelby for Bucyrus, 14 miles distant [June 24th]. Very Rev. Mr. Henni, who had arrived

at Norwalk from Columbus, where he had officiated the preceding Sunday, returned [from Shelby Settlement] to Norwalk, with the intention of reaching Tiffin for the next Sabbath. There are but two or three Catholic families in Bucyrus, although there are many at various distances in the country around. These we could not visit, and therefore we took a stage to Scipio, or Republic, a new and for the present thriving village, being the termination of the finished portion of the Mad River and Lake Erie railroad, commencing at Sandusky City, 26 miles distant. This distance is traveled in the cars, propelled by a locomotive at the rate of about 12 miles an hour.

#### TIFFIN, ST. MARY'S.

The church at Tiffin, which was visited on Sunday, 27th June, is so small that not more than one third part of the congregation can find place in it. \* \* \* The neatness of the church and the piety of the congregation never fail. \* \* \* Rev. Mr. McNamee, ordained at Cincinnati, has charge of this interesting flock. He is, through the mercy of God, another happy instance of the devotedness and success with which the alumni of the diocese commence to labor in sowing in tears and garnering in joy the spiritual harvest. Besides Tiffin, the congregations of McCutchenville [ceased to exist since 1870] and the German settlement in Big Spring township [New Riegel], Attica [St. Stephen's], Maumee, Perysburg, Toledo, Defiance, etc., \* \* \* are attended from Tiffin and Norwalk.

#### M'CUTCHENVILLE, WYANDOT COUNTY.

The church of McCutchenville, a neat, frame edifice, wanting but a fraction of the dimensions of the church at Tiffin, was dedicated to God [June 26], under the title of The Visitation. In few places of this, or, as it is believed, of any other diocese, has more been done by a few families than has been accomplished [here] towards the building and decoration of a church.

## NEW RIEGEL, SENECA COUNTY.

The church of the German Settlement [then called Wolf's Creek, now New Riegel], six miles from McCutchenville, is called St. Boniface. It is frequented by 120 families, chiefly Germans—all whose children, planted like young olives on each side of an avenue of trees leading to the church, received on their knees the blessing of the Bishop as he approached the church. Very Rev. Mr. Henni consoled the congregation by one of his eloquent and fervent sermons, after which 16 persons were confirmed. The Easter communicants in all the Tiffin range this year were 662; baptisms from 1st July, 1840, to 1st of July, 1841, 310; confirmed at Tiffin, 65; marriages, 11; interments, 25.

## SANDUSKY.

Rev. Mr. Machebeuf is stationed at Sandusky, on the lake, county seat of the new county of Erie. Church is held in a large hall kindly loaned for this purpose by the proprietor, Judge Mills, an old and tried friend of Catholics, though not himself a Catholic. Five years ago this benevolent man offered the Bishop three lots and a handsome subscription towards a church. The want of a priest, which, thank God, no longer exists, only debarred the acceptance of this liberal offer and the execution of the long cherished prospect. In this city and immediate vicinity there have been 110 communicants, this Easter; 20 baptisms since 1st of January, 20 confirmed, 3 marriages, 3 first communions. After preaching in meeting rooms and in the court house, on Tuesday in the afternoon [June 29] the Bishop, attended by the Very Rev. Mr. Henni and Rev. Mr. Machebeuf, held a meeting of the congregation, at which he stated that besides the three lots, the sum of \$530 in cash was offered by the family of Mr. Mills. The subscriptions of the congregation, very many of whom have not yet been called upon, raised this amount to upwards of \$1,600. An estimate hastily drawn up by Mr. Robert Cassidy, stone mason, showed that the walls of a church 60x40 with basement of 8 ft., and height from principal floor, of due proportions, would require 730 perch of stone. The

work can be done here with certainty, for \$1.50 per perch, all material, &c., furnished. A building committee to aid the pastor, who must frequently be absent from home, was appointed by the Bishop, and all other preliminary arrangements made, so that the foundations could be blessed and cornerstone placed with one solemnity. The zeal, prudence and piety of the pastor, and the excellent spirit of the flock lead us to hope with confidence that their new church will be covered in before the bad weather. The church will be styled "Holy Angels."

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### EPISCOPAL VISITATION—NORTHERN OHIO.

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*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, July 31, 1841.*

SANDUSKY, FREMONT, PERRYSBURG, &C.

Before leaving Sandusky the Bishop established there a Total Abstinence Society. \* \* It was at the earnest request of the Rev. Mr. Machebeuf, their devoted pastor, that this effort was made, and the success was such as to leave a strong ground for hope that the example of Cleveland will be here followed. \* \*

\* \* Our way [from Sandusky City] to Lower Sandusky [Fremont] lay through the woods profusely adorned with beautiful wild roses, interspersed with rich clusters of the orange lily. We missed the road, but arrived in good time at our destination. Here, as in Sandusky City, church is kept in a large room, originally built for a store; but a commencement has been made towards the erection of a church on an eligible lot presented for this purpose by Charles Brush, Esq., of Columbus; and an old and faithful friend of the Catholic congregation, Rudolph Dickinson, Esq., at whose hospitable residence the clergy have always found a welcome, has, besides other help, offered all the brick that may be required for the building. The Bishop and Rev. Mr. Henni preached here several times, the former in the court house, where he always finds a large and courteous auditory. In



this little congregation, which has greatly improved since it has received more pastoral care than it was possible to bestow on it while there was only one priest for this and the Tiffin missions, 21 were confirmed; and there have been since first January, of this year, 19 baptisms, 102 Easter communions, 16 first communions, 3 marriages and 2 interments. \* \*

At the French settlement [La Prairie], 9 miles from Lower Sandusky, there was a neat little rural chapel dedicated to St. Philomena. We could not help thinking of the early missionaries, as we approached this sequestered spot in a boat, and again darted by it at our departure, stretched in a light canoe. There is another French settlement [Toussaint] on the Toussaint river, 16 miles from Lower Sandusky, which we had not time to visit. Besides these there are several other stations, such as Marblehead, Port Clinton, &c., which receive as much pastoral care as the extent of the mission will allow. \* \*

#### PERRYSBURG.

From Lower Sandusky to Perrysburg, united by a bridge there over the Maumee river, below Fort Meigs to Maumee City, the road lies through the *Black Swamp*, 31 miles in length. The road is one of the best McAdamized in the Union. \* \* There were fewer signs of temporal prosperity around Perrysburg, since we visited there four years ago than we had anticipated. It is, however, too soon yet to see the beneficial results of the great public works, canals, railroads and turnpikes that terminate or intersect here. \* \*

The members of the congregation had, as is everywhere the case, greatly increased; and one of the handsomest churches in the state, owing to the zeal of Rev. Mr. McNamee, the proverbial generosity of the Irish Catholics on the public works, and the kindness of a few citizens of other denominations, belongs to them. It was built in part for the Episcopalians, who for some reason or other, have never occupied it. This church is frame, 65x35 feet, of proportionate height, surmounted by tower and steeple. \* \* It will be dedicated to God under the patronage of St. Joseph [St.

Rose ?]. We remained here four days and though we are three in number, viz. : Revs. Messrs. Machebeuf, McNamee and the Bishop, we were constantly employed. We had preaching three or four times a day. On Sunday there was no service in any of the other churches, many of whose people came to ours, as they did during the week, and several among them heard with astonishment what abundant undeniable testimony the Scripture exhibits to sustain those peculiar tenets of our Holy Faith, with which the prejudices of their education had hitherto taught them to consider utterly incompatible.

The Methodist clergyman in charge invited the Bishop to preach a temperance address in his church, but he politely declined, remarking that the Catholic church was large enough, he thought, for any audience that could be collected, and he preferred to see Catholics frequent no church but their own, on any occasion. Indeed, he had stated, in detail, the previous Sunday, many peremptory reasons why, on the subject of temperance, as well as any others, Catholics should go to hear no preacher who could not offer them a sufficient guarantee that he was not likely to rush into the wildest extremes of fanaticism and error. The church was thronged at the temperance address. \* \*

There were 25 confirmed. Three or four priests would have more than enough to do in this part of the diocese. And yet the harvest is rotting for want of laborers !

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#### EPISCOPAL VISITATION.—TOLEDO.

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*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, August 21, 1841.*

This place [Toledo] is in all probability destined to be one of the most populous and commercial cities in the Northwest. It is with Maumee and Manhattan in its neighborhood, destined to be the depot of the railroads and canals, especially the Wabash and Erie canal, intersected by the Miami canal and the great Southern railroad now in active progress all along

the southern shore of Lake Erie to Buffalo. It is likewise the only proper point for the termination of the projected railroad from Chicago, to unite with the railroad to New York, and will thereby enjoy the advantages of much, if not all, the trade circuitously carried on between Chicago and Buffalo, by way of the lakes, an interrupted, and frequently an unsafe channel of communication. A railroad, 31 miles in length, from Adrian, Michigan, is now completed to Toledo. It is contemplated to extend this road to the southern parts of Michigan, thus forming a continuous line of communication between New York and Michigan and Illinois, and the far west generally, by Toledo.

With such prospects it is not surprising that many of our Catholic brethren from Ireland and Germany should have settled here in the vicinity of the old Catholic Canadian French, who have hitherto attended church at the "Bay Settlement," and at Monroe, Michigan.

Before the visit of the Bishop of Cincinnati to Rome it was not quite certain whether the tract (formerly claimed by Michigan, but which was finally adjudged by Congress to Ohio), belonged to his spiritual jurisdiction, or to that of the Bishop of Detroit. But this matter having been decided by the Propaganda in favor of Cincinnati, Rev. Mr. McNamee and Rev. Mr. Machebeuf are the only clergymen who are recognized as pastors, or who have any ordinary jurisdiction in this part of the diocese.

Church [in Toledo] is at present held in a large room rented for the purpose; but arrangements have been made either for the purchase of a church, under execution for the sum of \$2,800, to be paid in installments, or the erection of a new one on either of the two lots offered by agents of proprietors of much of the soil.

The Bishop and Very Rev. Mr. Henni preached here frequently—the former before very attentive and intelligent audiences in the court house. After one of his sermons a few Protestant gentlemen present came forward and signed their names for between three and four hundred dollars to enable their Catholic brethren to purchase or build a church.

The Catholics themselves had subscribed \$400 in the forenoon of the same day.

There are several Indian families in the neighborhood who live among the French, but who have not as yet joined the Church.

\* \* Seven persons were confirmed and a large number partook of the Holy Communion. The erection of a church will give a new impulse to the growth and prosperity of this new city, which has been rather stationary since our former visit, four years ago. Manhattan, about two miles from Toledo, nearer the mouth of the Maumee, contains many families of Catholics, who, in part, attend church at Toledo, as the Bishop could not find time to visit them. From actual observation he is convinced that there can be no fewer than 50,000 Catholics in Ohio, a small proportion, it is true, of its vast population, but sufficient to inspire hope for the future and excite to renewed and greater efforts, when compared with what it was twenty years past. The increase since that time has certainly been at the rate of 2,000 per annum. \* \*

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#### SANDUSKY, HOLY ANGELS'.

The corner-stone of the new church was laid October 13, 1841, by Rev. Mr. Machebeuf, delegated by Bishop Purcell. He was assisted by Rev. Peter McLaughlin, who preached on the occasion. The next day work was begun on the new church, so as to have it under roof before winter. It will be 70 by 40 feet in size, 30 feet in height and will be built of stone. Mr. W. H. Mills presented the lot for church site.

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#### EPISCOPAL VISITATION.

*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, December 11, 1841.*

#### CANTON—ST. JOHN'S.

\* \* We reached Canton at sundown, on Saturday, 6th November. Rarely have we been more consoled than we were at this visitation, seeing and hearing of the peace which

reigns throughout this congregation, and of the assiduity of its members in approaching the holy sacraments, under the pastoral care of Rev. Matthias Wuerz. One hundred and twenty were confirmed, and the faithful, after sermons in English and German [in the latter language by Very Rev. Fr. Henni, who accompanied Bishop Purcell on his visitation], were exhorted to build at least one church more for the use of the German Catholics, the present being a great deal too small for either portion of the congregation.

## LOUISVILLE.

\* \* The following Thursday, one hundred and forty persons received the same sacrament [confirmation] at St. Louis' Church, Louisville, Stark county, where Rev. Mr. de Goesbriand is stationed among a flock composed chiefly of French emigrants. \* \* \* It would be impossible, we think, to witness more solemnity and decorum than we here observed in the reception of the sacraments, or assistance at the Divine Sacrifice. \* \*

## RANDOLPH.

On Friday morning we attended at St. Martin's [St. Joseph's], near Randolph [Centre], where a beautiful frame church was consumed three years ago, with its furniture, by some base incendiary, whom the spirit of the first schismatic is suspected, we fear but too truly, to have instigated to the sacrilegious deed. Very Rev. Mr. Henni preached a most affecting sermon on the occasion, and all the congregation, with only one or at most two exceptions, knelt down with abundance of tears to ask pardon from God and the grace of repentance for the perpetrators of so deadly a crime. From this place Rev. Mr. Henni went to Hanover, Columbiana county, at the request of the German congregation of St. Paul's [then near Dungannon].

## AKRON.

\* \* The Bishop proceeded [alone] to Akron, where he said Mass in the house of a German, Mr. Meyer, and with some Irish Catholics and other friends endeavored to provide



for the erection of a church for the Catholics of this rapidly growing town, and Cuyahoga Falls, three miles north.

CHIPPEWA [DOYLESTOWN].

\* \* We were at St. Francis Xavier's Church (Rev. Mr. Schorb's) on the following Sunday [November 14th]. The church was then dedicated and 38 persons were confirmed. We know not if a larger assembly was ever before congregated in so small a space. The building should have been three or four times as large to afford room for all who crowded to the ceremony, and yet the most perfect order was observed during the holy sacrifice and the instruction. \* \*

WOOSTER.

On Tuesday evening [Nov. 16], the Bishop preached to a crowded audience in the court house at Wooster, standing as it were, according to his own observation, on the grave of his venerated predecessor, whose heroic sacrifices and sublime devotion in the work of an apostle would, he hoped, obtain more than human efficacy for his feeble words. Next morning, after church at Mr. Christian Juncker's, he preached again, by request, in the court house, on the Catholic doctrine of Transubstantiation. We noticed four preachers of different sects taking notes of his sermon.

We heard with exceeding regret of several in this neighborhood who had joined "other religions," because there was none of their own to go to. \* \* It is confidently hoped that with the generously promised aid of a few Catholics we shall soon have a church in Wooster, where nearly all the sects have anticipated us in the erection of "meeting houses." After arrangements to this effect the Bishop left in a little carriage, placed, for a week, at his disposal by its proprietor, Mr. John Carroll, a sound-hearted Irish Catholic, and arrived same day at Mt. Eaton. \* \*

CANAL FULTON, CANTON, MASSILLON, NAVARRE.

\* \* Next morning [Nov. 19] we reached the church near Fulton [between Canal Fulton and Lawrence] before

the congregation was assembled. Here the Bishop preached.

\* \* At early candle-light, same evening, the Bishop preached in the Methodist meeting-house at Fulton, and again, in the same place, the following day, after Mass, at which there were many communicants—at Mr. Jesse Patton's. In the evening [November 21] he preached to a very crowded assembly in the court-house at Canton, and proceeded same night to Massillon, where he held service at Mr. Finnegan's, and preached in a large public hall to a respectable and very attentive audience. There should be a church in this place, and we trust there soon will be one worthy of our faith and of the prosperity of this very thriving town. \* \*

The church of St. Clement at Bethlehem [Navarre] was our next point of labor and rest. \* \* We shall not exhaust the patience of our readers, already, perhaps, too heavily taxed, by this lengthy communication, by giving utterance to the numerous reflections on the rapid growth, the present urgent necessities and future prospects of the Church in this diocese, which the present visitation has suggested. One thing is certain it would require the constant attention of two bishops and a hundred priests, as humble, disinterested, patient, healthy, prudent, painstaking, pious and learned as men can be in this world of trial, to preserve the faithful, convert the erring, reclaim the sinful, found schools and build churches necessary over such an extensive spiritual territory. From the depths of our own sense of our insufficiency for the arduous task, we can only implore the Almighty God *to send laborers into His vineyard!*

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*Bishop Purcell in Catholic Telegraph, February 26, 1842.*

REV. MR. RAPPE.

This devoted brother and fellow-laborer sends us [Bishop Purcell] edifying tidings from the northwest of the diocese, under the head of "Toledo, 14th February." He writes as follows: "I have just returned from the state lines where I found much work and great consolation. I commence, it seems to me, to be a missionary. I like exceedingly the

poverty, the simplicity and the faith of our Irish Catholics. Poor men! Many of them have not been to confession for a long while, and now above all, those who have joined the temperance society are very zealous to approach this sacrament and the Divine Eucharist. I should have two lives to consecrate to such men. They want above everything instruction in their moral duties and the sacraments. But what consoling faith! Last Sunday I celebrated two Masses on the reservoir [in Paulding county], where there are about 600 men, and in the afternoon I was called to the sick. I was followed along the road by a young man who had longed for the occasion of speaking to me. But as the most notable of the place made a circle around me, my good young man was prevented by humility from making his way to me. But on my return from the sick he stopped me as I was about jumping over a ditch, and modestly said to me: "Sir, I wish to receive the Blessed Sacrament." "Very well, my friend, I am going to hear confessions to-morrow; I hope you will have that happiness." "But," he replied, "it is to-day I wish to do so." "My friend," I added, "you have dined; you cannot communicate now." "No, sir, I have neither breakfasted nor dined, because I hoped to receive my Lord to-day." Blessed are the poor in spirit for surely theirs is the kingdom of heaven.

"I wish to have one hundred medals and two hundred cards, for besides the two hundred persons that I have received into the temperance society, many of the others had taken the pledge in other states, so that they are the majority. Though I had never been a great friend of the temperance society, I could not refuse to take the pledge myself on seeing the frightful ravages of intemperance among our poor people.

"All the people are very anxious to see the commencing of the foundation of our new church, but I answer them that I wish first of all to see a great change in their morals—in a word, I wish to put all the whiskey bottles and glasses in the bottom of the foundation. Death himself has come to help me in my work, for eighteen or twenty persons have died, Catholics and Protestants, since Christmas, the most

part of intemperate habits, so that those who drank to preserve health are now confounded. \* \*

"My prospects for building a church are encouraging. Fourteen hundred dollars have been subscribed in Toledo, and I reckon upon four hundred more from the public works. Pray that I may have light and grace to know and do the will of God in all things."

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*Extracts from letter sent by Rev. P. J. Machebeuf to the Catholic Telegraph.*

SANDUSKY CITY, June 6, 1842.

\* \* The walls of our new church, the Holy Angels', are entirely finished. They are of cut stone. The most part of the timber for the roof and steeples has been got out, and next week will give the contract for framing the roof, etc. While I am writing, masons are beginning to build my house, next to the church, of the stone that was left. It will also be all of stone. The people are all very desirous to give me a few days' work or materials. Mr. Miles [a Protestant], who has done so much already, has been so kind as to give us two acres, not far from the church, for a graveyard. \* \* The great majority of the congregation, and even the pastor himself, though a Frenchman, now belong to the army of teetotalers; thanks be to God for it. \* \* I was not at first a friend of total abstinence, but seeing that the prevailing vice, as well as obstacles to all good in this neighborhood, was intemperance, \* \* I joined the society, and St. Patrick's day was celebrated with great solemnity. \* \* The society in this city and neighborhood numbers one hundred and sixty-two members, of whom I had the pleasure of seeing one hundred and fifty make their Easter duty; \* \*

FREMONT.

We have done nothing so far in Lower Sandusky [Fremont], this season, towards building the new church. If the zeal of a few were imitated by all, the church would soon be raised, and the debts already contracted on the room, temporarily used for the purpose, soon liquidated.

*From Catholic Telegraph, September 3, 1842.*

MASSILLON--ST. MARY'S.

We are happy to announce that our friends at Massillon \* \* have commenced the good work of erecting a church. The corner-stone was placed on the 20th ult., and a sermon was preached on the occasion by Rev. Matthias Wuertz, pastor of St. John's, Canton. Rev. Mr. de Goesbriand assisted at the edifying ceremony.

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TOLEDO, DECEMBER, 1842.

The Rev. Mr. Rappe has purchased the Presbyterian meeting house in Toledo [St. Francis de Sales'], in this state. It is a large building, in a handsome part of the town, and after a few alterations will be used as a Catholic church. Religion has not a more zealous missionary in the West than the reverend gentlemen, through whose exertions the congregations in Toledo and other towns in the neighborhood have been organized.

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DIOCESE OF CINCINNATI.

December, 1842.—The Catholic Almanac for 1843 has been received. \* \* It is as usual full of interesting statistics.

\* \* The progressive increase in the diocese of Cincinnati will be gratifying to those who take an immediate interest in that portion of the vineyard of Christ. This diocese, which comprises the state of Ohio, was created in the year 1822, and the Rt. Rev. Edward Fenwick appointed its first Bishop. During the administration of the venerable prelate several churches were erected. In the year 1833, when the present Bishop [Purcell] was consecrated the number of churches in Ohio was sixteen. They were nearly all frame or log buildings and very small, corresponding with the poverty of the Catholic population then scattered throughout the state. The number of priests did not exceed ten or twelve. There are now (1842) forty-five churches in the diocese, some of them equal to any in the United States for solidity, size and beauty.



## CLEVELAND.

*From Catholic Telegraph, January 28, 1843.*

The zealous pastor [Rev. P. McLaughlin] of this city and its neighboring missions, is laboring successfully in the good cause of Jesus Christ. \* \* The marriages during the past year have been eighteen, the baptisms one hundred and eight, deaths, nine. Only two adults of the congregation have died during two years and three months in Cleveland.

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## REV. P. J. MACHEBEUF.

*From Catholic Telegraph, January 28, 1843.*

We regret to hear that the Rev. Mr. Machebeuf, the pastor of Lower Sandusky [Fremont] was shipwrecked on Lake Ontario, whilst on his way to Quebec. The crew and passengers saved their lives with difficulty and landed on an island. They applied for shelter at a farm-house where all were kindly received until the owner discovered that a "popish priest" was among his guests. Our reverend friend, after much solicitation, was graciously permitted to sleep *on the floor*. Such *Christian charity* deserves to be remembered!

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## REV. AMADEUS RAPPE.

*From Catholic Telegraph, Sept. 23, 1843.*

The Catholics in the northwestern part of the diocese are increasing rapidly under the spiritual guidance of their excellent pastor, the Rev. Mr. Rappe. We learn that two new churches are to be erected, one at Defiance and another in Providence, and that the services of one or two additional clergymen will be required.

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## REPORT OF REV. AMADEUS RAPPE'S MISSIONS.

Extracts from a letter written by Rev. A. Rappe to Bishop Purcell.

*Catholic Telegraph, February 13, 1845.*

DEFIANCE.—"I went to Defiance the 15th January, [1845] and was very much gratified when I perceived a small frame church erected by the care and sacrifices of a few Catholic

families of that place. I hope to celebrate the Holy Mass in it before Easter. I am pleased to tell you that everything has been conducted so well that it will be out of debt when finished. It is not a splendid building, but I hope the Almighty God will have more regard for the good and pious hearts, which built up an humble temple for his glory, with much exertion, than for a monument erected by pride, or without any hard sacrifice.

The example of Defiance has produced a good effect on our Catholic friends of Providence, already animated with a zeal for putting up a handsome church for the benefit of their souls. They feel now a new courage to go on. The stone for the foundation is prepared. We have received a gift of 40,000 bricks and 5,000 feet of lumber; an acre of ground for the church and school house, and two acres for a graveyard. \* \* The work will go on in the spring. The church will be 30x50 feet.

FREMONT, January, 1845.—The Catholics of Lower Sandusky [Fremont,] have opened a subscription to finish the new church. Our generous friend, Mr. Dickinson, has given \$50 towards it, and Mr. Rawson \$50.

SANDUSKY, January, 1845.—I passed a few days at Sandusky City, where I found the congregation increasing \* \* and my good friend, Rev. Mr. Machebeuf, will have occasion to build an addition to his new church after his return.

REVS. PEUDEPRAT, RAPPE AND DE GOESBRIAND.

Noticing the publication of Catholic Almanac for 1846, the *Telegraph* says (December 11, 1845): "Rev. Mr. Peudeprat has succeeded Rev. Mr. de Goesbriand as pastor of St. Louis' congregation, Stark county [Louisville], and Rev. Mr. de Goesbriand and Rev. Mr. Rappe are united in the care of the congregations of Toledo, Maumee, Defiance, Providence, Napoleon and Lower Sandusky [Fremont]."

## SANDUSKY—HOLY ANGELS'.

*From Catholic Telegraph, February 12, 1846.*

[Extract from a letter of Rev. Mr. Machebeuf, Sandusky City.]

"Our beautiful little church has been finished since the first Sunday of Advent; and the steeple and spire were completed and the bell hung, in time for Christmas. I have never seen our people in better spirits. When I was telling them a few weeks before Xmas that I expected to find a man of good will who would volunteer to go to Toledo for the bell, one of them, by an excess of good will, forgot he was in church, and cried out immediately: "Say, Priest, I'll go to-morrow," and he kept his word. As the congregation is increasing daily I have engaged to say Mass in Sandusky every Sunday. \* \*

"I had the pleasure of seeing Rev. Mr. de Goesbriand on his way to Toledo, and as the ice was good on the bay and the lake shore, we went to "give church" at the Canadian Settlement [Toussaint], on the Toussaint river, and then proceeded together to Toledo, all the way on the ice. But I must say, *en passant*, that we enjoyed somewhat of the comfort our friends, the Baptists, must feel, when, in the heart of winter, they are *dipped*; for, owing to a little forgetfulness of the track by our guide, we broke in—about fifteen miles from Toledo. But the water in that spot was, fortunately, nor more than five feet deep, and had it not been that the vestments and books of my reverend friend were partially injured, everything would have turned out in fun. We made land as soon as we could, and having kindled a fire on the edge of a large prairie, we dried our clothes \* \* and continued our route to Toledo, where our merry and amiable common friend [Rev. A. Rappe]. made us forget our mishap." \* \*

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 TOLEDO.
*From Catholic Telegraph, February 12, 1846.*

We learn from Rev. Mr. Rappe that with the aid of his devoted associate, Rev. Mr. de Goesbriand, twenty-five children were prepared to make their first communion at Toledo, on the feast of the Epiphany.

The youths of Maumee and La Prairie will be ready to take their place at the Divine Banquet towards the end of Lent. The temperance cause, under the zealous superintendence of these two reverend friends, is well sustained and is doing much good at Toledo.

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TOLEDO—SISTERS OF NOTRE DAME [OF CINCINNATI].

*From Catholic Telegraph, April 30, 1846.*

The Sisters and scholars are blessed with excellent health, and the school, under such able management, continues to advance in its successful claims to public patronage and esteem. We can not sufficiently admire the heroism with which these Sisters, with the humble, but confident hope of being useful to religion and society, disregarded the fears of the "Maumee" fever, from which through the divine blessing on such devotedness as theirs they have experienced that there was nothing to fear. \* \* The Sisters of Notre Dame will not be forgotten in future years when the earliest and most efficient pioneers [of Toledo] are commemorated.

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BISHOP PURCELL'S EPISCOPAL VISITS.

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SANDUSKY, FREMONT, ETC.

*From Catholic Telegraph, June 18, 1846.*

CONFIRMATION.—This sacrament was administered by the Rt. Rev. Bishop of the diocese to 55 persons in the church of the Holy Angels, Sandusky City, [Trinity Sunday, June 7]. Amongst the number were several converts whose entrance into the true fold created quite a sensation in the denominations they had left. The church was blessed on the occasion by the Bishop, assisted by Rev. Messrs. Machebeuf and Byrne. In the chapel of St. Philomena, on the Sandusky River, [La Prairie] there were 36 persons confirmed on Monday, 8th of June, and 45 at Lower Sandusky [St. Ann's, Fremont] where a new church was dedicated [June 8th].

CLEVELAND—TOLEDO—PERU—NORWALK—NEW RIEGEL—  
TIFFIN, ETC.

*From Catholic Telegraph, July 2, 1846.*

On the feast of Pentecost [May 31] 102 persons were confirmed in St. Mary's Church, Cleveland, and 16 in the church of St. John of the Cross, near Laporte, on the following Tuesday. Forty-one persons were confirmed in the church of St. Francis, at Toledo, on the 14th of June \* \* and 41 in the church of St. Alphonso, [Peru] near Norwalk, on the festival of Corpus Christi [June 11th]. There was a very large and edifying procession in the majestic woods near this church in the forenoon, and in the afternoon the large and beautiful church of St. Peter's, Norwalk, was dedicated.

Sixty-five persons were confirmed at St. Boniface's, Wolf Creek [New Riegel], where there was also a solemn procession on the Sunday within the octave [of Corpus Christi]. The "old [log] church," so called, though built but a few years ago, has to be taken down, and a new one, larger and to meet the wants of the fast increasing congregation, to be erected in its place.

There were 60 persons confirmed [June 21] in St. Mary's Church, Tiffin, to which an addition [frame] twice the size of the original [brick] building, and in better style of finish has been recently made.

The Roman Catholic Germans have also built at Tiffin a new large and beautiful church of brick, which was dedicated to God on the same day [June 21] in honor of St. Joseph. These two congregations walked in procession through the town to assist at the dedication. The High-Mass was sung by the Rev. Matthias Kreusch, [C. PP. S.] and the sermon in German was preached by the Rev. Francis de Sales Brunner, [Provincial of the Sanguinists]. \* \* The church of St. Bernard, New Washington, is under roof.



## BISHOP PURCELL'S EPISCOPAL VISITS.

## DUNGANNON, &amp;C.

*Catholic Telegraph, July 16, 1846.*

EPISCOPAL VISITATION. \* \* Tuesday, [July 7th,] the Bishop [Purcell] confirmed forty-six at St. Paul's, Columbiana county. The corner-stone of a new church [St. Philip Neri's, Dungannon] one mile from the old one, which is now too small, will be laid on the 15th of August, and also of another [at Summitville?], so much have the Catholics in that vicinity increased under the pastoral care of the Rev. [James] Conlan.

## WOOSTER.

*From Catholic Telegraph, August 26, 1847.*

The corner-stone of a new Catholic church was laid on last Friday [August 20], in Wooster, Wayne county, Ohio, by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Purcell, assisted by the pastor, Rev. Philip Foley, and Rev. Messrs. J. H. Luhr and C. Daly. The church \* \* is to be sixty-five by thirty-eight feet. It will be built of brick, with a solid stone foundation, and is situated on a lot of two and one-half acres on the edge of town. A portion of the grounds is to be used as a cemetery.

At the close of the ceremony the Bishop addressed an attentive audience in English and Rev. Mr. Luhr in German. The pastor and flock are entitled to much credit for their generous exertions to build their church in the thriving town of Wooster where the number of Catholics is still small, but with the best prospects of increase, both from immigration, conversion, or reversion of many who have forgotten their baptism in the Church, or their having sprung from Catholic parentage.

## AKRON—ST. VINCENT'S.

*From Catholic Telegraph, September 9, 1847.*

We are pleased to learn that Rev. Mr. Daly has built a considerable addition to the church of St. Vincent de Paul, of

Akron, and that the spirited Catholics of Doylestown, Wayne county, and its vicinity, have resolved to build a new and beautiful church at the last mentioned place, one mile from the site of the church of St. Xavier [at Chippewa], now too small for the congregation.

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### EPISCOPAL VISITATION BY BISHOP PURCELL.

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*From Catholic Telegraph, September 9, 1847.*

MASSILLON.—The new church at Massillon [St. Mary's], a solid stone building, 78x40 feet, was dedicated on the 22d of August. \* \*

CANAL FULTON, August, 1847.—The church of Canal Fulton, \* \* a handsome frame, 64x37, was dedicated to Almighty God, in honor of the holy Apostles, Philip and James, on the 24th of the same month [August]. These two churches are under the pastoral care of Rev. Mr. Foley. We are indebted to Judge Griswold, of Canton, agent for the proprietor in New York, for the gift of three lots in [Canal] Fulton, on which the church is eligibly situated.

CANTON.—St. Peter's Church, Canton, was dedicated on the 29th of August. It is of brick, 98x45, a cheap, solid and beautiful building. \* \*

NEW BERLIN.—The church of New Berlin \* \* and that of Harrisburgh \* \* are under roof. There have been *nine* churches built in as many years within a radius of fourteen miles from Canton.

YOUNGSTOWN.—On the 1st of September [1847] church was held in the house of Mr. James Moore, in Youngstown, Mahoning county. \* \* We were gratified at the large increase of Catholics near Youngstown, and the size and site, the best in town, given us for a church by the Hon. David Tod. \* \*

AKRON.—Mr. James V. Conlan, a student of the diocesan seminary, received tonsure and minor orders in St. Vincent's

Church, Akron, on the 2d of September, Sub-deaconship on the 3d, the holy order of Deacon on the 4th, and on Sunday, the 5th, he will be ordained priest.

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## DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.

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### CONSECRATION OF BISHOP RAPPE.

*From Catholic Telegraph, October 14, 1847.*

This ceremony [of consecration] took place on last Sunday [October 10] in the cathedral of Cincinnati. An immense congregation was present, filling every part of the ample edifice, and preserving throughout the solemn exercises the greatest order and attention. The Rt. Rev. Dr. Purcell was the consecrating prelate, assisted by the Rt. Rev. Dr. Whelan, Bishop of Richmond. \* \*

### BISHOP RAPPE.

The Rt. Rev. Dr. Rappe left town yesterday on his way to Cleveland. The separation of clergymen, heretofore laboring under one bishop, was not without some manifestation of feeling. There has been always such strong attachment between us and so much friendship in our intercourse with each other, such joy when we met and such regret at parting, that we were not surprised at the emotion with which hands were shaken, when those of the new diocese took farewell of their brethren who remained attached to the diocese of Cincinnati. Henceforth there will be a holy rivalry in working for God. If we can carry into effect only half the good resolutions and promises and pledges which we made at parting, the way the old faith will prosper in Ohio will astonish the "*Evangelical Alliance!*"

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### BISHOP RAPPE.

*From Cleveland Daily Herald, March 16, 1848.*

\* \* The Catholic population of our city and immediate vicinity now numbers about 4,000, and the wants of the people require a much larger and more central place of worship than

St. Mary's Church [on the Flats]. An effort will be made to build a cathedral the present year, and for this purpose the well known liberality of our citizens will be appealed to. \* \* A site for the location of the cathedral at the head of Superior, and the corner of Erie and Meadow streets has been purchased, and we have seen a drawing of the proposed edifice, which will add very much to the good taste and inviting appearance of our beautiful young city.

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REPORT OF BISHOP RAPPE'S EPISCOPAL VISITS TO AKRON,  
RANDOLPH, NAVARRE, WOOSTER, DOYLESTOWN, &C.

*From Catholic Telegraph, August 9, 1849.*

On the 1st of July, Rt. Rev. Bishop Rappe administered the sacrament of confirmation to ten persons in St. Vincent de Paul's, Akron, Summit county, Ohio.

On the 3d he confirmed forty-seven \* \* at Randolph, Portage county; and dedicated the new church.

He visited Bethlehem [Navarre], Stark county, on the 4th. Here the people have secured the material for a new church, 65x40 feet, to be built of brick.

On the 6th of July, the Bishop visited Wooster, Wayne county, where there is a beautiful new church under roof. It was here the first Bishop of Cincinnati, [Rt. Rev. E. Fenwick] "laid down his life for his sheep," having fallen a victim to the cholera in 1832, while engaged in the visitation of his extensive diocese. \* \*

On the 8th the Bishop laid the corner stone of a new church at Doylestown. \* \*

On the 9th, twenty-eight persons were confirmed in Bristol [Marshallville], Wayne county. Here, also, a new church is in process of erection. \* \*

The Bishop purchased a church [Protestant frame meeting house], in Mansfield, where there is a very good prospect for a large congregation.

## BISHOP RAPPE'S FIRST VISIT TO EUROPE.

*From Catholic Telegraph, August 23, 1849.*

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Rappe will sail for Europe, on business connected with the interests of religion in his new and flourishing diocese, early in September. We cordially wish the good prelate a prosperous voyage and a safe return. The new cathedral of Cleveland is now in process of erection.

## BISHOP RAPPE ON INTEMPERANCE.

March 27, 1851, Bishop Rappe published a pastoral on the vice of intemperance. Commenting on it, the *Catholic Telegraph*, of April 5, 1851, says: "We publish to-day a pastoral of the Rt. Reverend, the Bishop of Cleveland, on a topic which is now creating much excitement. The Bishop, as is well known, is indefatigable in his effort to banish intemperance, and uncompromising in his hostility to the means by which it is perpetuated in the community."

## ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, CLEVELAND.

Under date of August 5, 1855, the *Cincinnati Telegraph* is informed that "St. John's College, an institution which commenced its first session last year, deserves particular notice. It has lately undergone several changes and improvements. It is now presided over by Rev. Louis Molon, formerly of Massillon, and has a new faculty whose knowledge and experience as professors in some of the best European establishments guarantee results. It will open this year, the first week of September."

## BISHOP RAPPE.—ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL, CLEVELAND.

*From Cincinnati Telegraph, December 6, 1851.*

The Rt. Rev. Bishop of Cleveland preached in the cathedral of this city last Sunday. Being now engaged in the erection of a cathedral, he has appealed to the Catholics of Cincinnati to aid him in completing the work. For this purpose a collection will be made at the cathedral on Sunday, and also at the church of St. Francis Xavier. \* \*



## CONSECRATION OF ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

*From Cleveland Herald, November 8, 1852.*

\* \* The consecration services were witnessed Sunday forenoon [November 7th] by a very large audience. Owing to the rough weather on the lake the Bishops of Boston, Buffalo and Detroit were not present. The cathedral was consecrated by the Most Rev. Archbishop Purcell of Cincinnati. \* \* The Rt. Rev. M. J. Spalding, bishop of Louisville, delivered a brief and appropriate discourse, and High Mass was celebrated by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Rappe of Cleveland; in the afternoon, Vespers, and a sermon in German, by the Rev. Mr. Luhr, of Canton.

In the evening Archbishop Purcell delivered an able and eloquent discourse on the progress of the Catholic Church, particularly in the United States and in the West. He referred to the time when the Babe of Bethlehem had not even a stable wherein to lay His head in a village now grown to be the beautiful Forest City; to the first meetings of a feeble band of Catholics in Shakespeare Hall. He made mention of the donation, by liberal citizens, of the site for St. Mary's Church, and of the progress of that church to the splendid sanctuary this day consecrated. The eloquent prelate paid a warm tribute to the self-sacrificing labors of Bishop Rappe; to his devotion in leaving his pleasant home in sunny France on a mission of mercy among the sons of toil on the then sickly Maumee; spoke of his sharing the humblest cabin with the poorest of his flock; and of the high reward which has attended his faithful ministration.

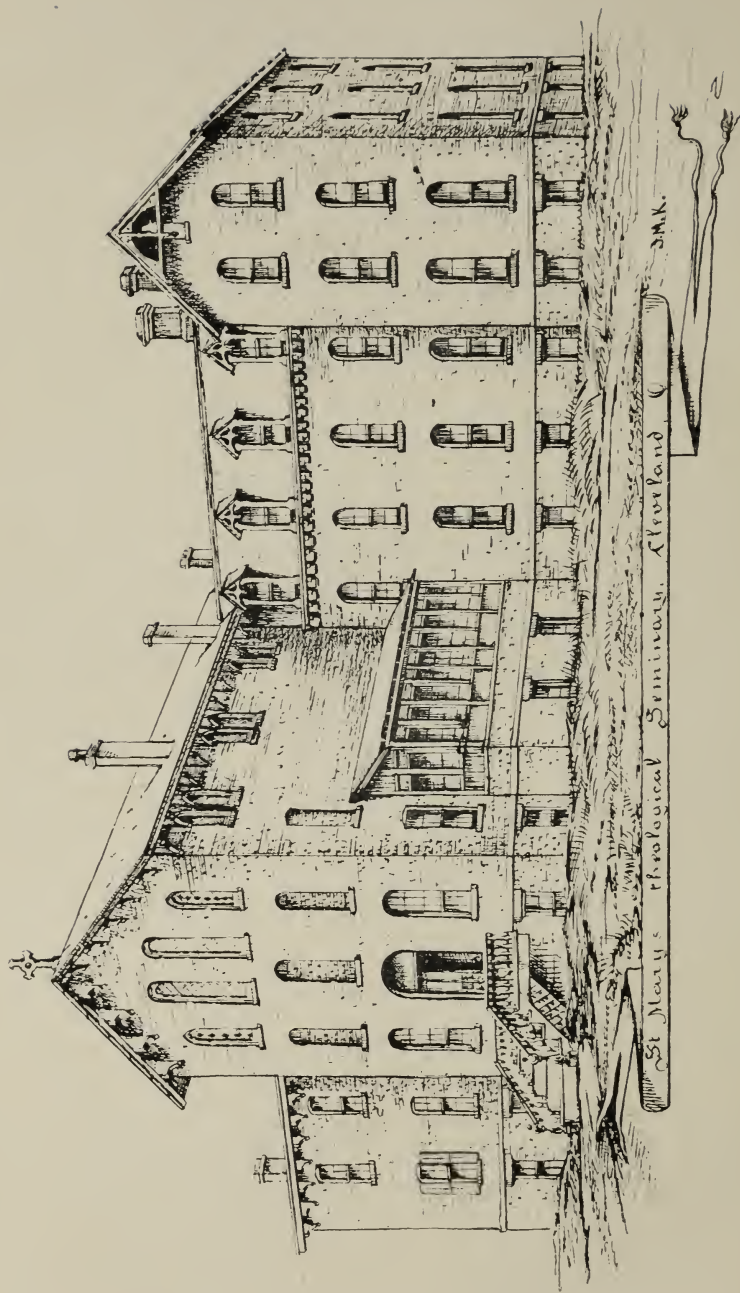
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 LENTEN PASTORAL LETTER OF THE RT. REV. BISHOP RAPPE.
*Published in Cincinnati Telegraph, February 2, 1856.**To the Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of Cleveland :*

BELOVED CHILDREN IN CHRIST:—We have just terminated the seventh visitation of our new diocese, and it is with feelings of deep gratitude to the God of Mercy that we have witnessed the rapid progress which the faith is making yearly.

The number of our zealous clergy, of the faithful, the churches, the schools, and religious institutions has increased to the rate of one in three, in the short period of eight years ; and, what is more consoling, is, to see the spirit of piety and zeal prevailing in every congregation, and an invariable calmness and fortitude manifested by our beloved children in this late time of systematic persecution against the Church of God. But we should be unjust in not acknowledging that, after God, this holy growth of religion and Christian virtue has been highly forwarded and developed by the zeal, self-denial, prudence and piety of our brethren in the holy ministry. You have fought a good fight, worthy co-operators, and you already enjoy the fruits of your hard labors. But in order to secure and increase more and more this consoling improvement in your beloved flocks, continue indefatigable in the care of the youth. Look upon the first communion of your little ones as the groundwork of a holy life. I would exhort you earnestly to set apart five or six weeks immediately before admitting them to the Holy Table in order to assemble them twice a day, and, in a familiar and pious manner, explain to them the Christian doctrine, enlighten their minds with a knowledge of the fundamental truths of religion, and lead their innocent hearts to the practice of piety and devotion. Do your best to induce the priests in your vicinity to give a few days' spiritual retreat to them before their general confession and first communion. "Suffer little children to come unto me." By doing so, dearly beloved friends, (and many of you have experienced it) you will create a new generation to replace the old one which has so nobly and so constantly kept the faith and made the most generous sacrifices for the Catholic church in this country. I need not insist, beloved parents, on the necessity of your seconding the efforts and zeal of your beloved pastors. You will send your children to religious instruction at the time appointed by your clergy ; you will edify them at home by your pious example ; you will draw from Heaven by your fervent prayers the graces necessary to secure to them the immense blessings of a good first communion. On that happy day Jesus will hasten to come





unto them, to abide with them. "He that eateth my flesh and drinketh my blood abideth in me and I in him." He will transform their innocent hearts into delightful temples of piety and zeal. They will live by Jesus, and the life of Jesus ; but alas ! should they receive unworthily, for want of preparation and a sincere confession, then they would eat and drink their own judgment and condemnation. In that case the Bread of Life is changed into a fatal poison which produces in the soul a deadly languor, a disgust of the things of God, a kind of despair, and not unfrequently a total shipwreck of faith and salvation. Such being the awful consequences of a bad communion, would you consent, beloved parents, to neglect anything in your power, to prevent it ? O, no ! you love your children too dearly to expose their souls to such misfortune and ruin. You love your Church too dearly to see them, by your fault, become her disgrace and her enemies. You have too great a zeal for your salvation to suffer your own children to be your condemnation before the tribunal of God. You know you are bound to secure as far as you can the religious instruction of your family. "He who does not care of his own household," says St. Paul, "hath denied the Faith, and is worse than an infidel." We have full confidence, then, that you will correspond with our exhortations and consult your welfare in sending your children timely and punctually to receive the instructions of their pastors.

†AMADEUS, Bishop of Cleveland.

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ST. MARY'S SEMINARY, CLEVELAND.

The main building of St. Mary's Seminary, on Lake street, was begun in the fall of 1859. In relation to the seminary, Bishop Rappe published a pastoral letter, October 29, 1859, of which the following is an extract :

"Considering our pecuniary difficulties we should have postponed the erection of our new seminary, but over-crowded in the old building, and fearing for the health of the professors and students, we have been compelled to begin the new



edifice this fall. Trusting in the help of a kind Providence which so frequently has blessed our efforts; trusting also in the generosity of the Catholics of our diocese, we hope to have the work finished before next summer."

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OTTOVILLE, FINDLAY.

*From Cincinnati Telegraph, October 13, 1860.*

The corner stone for a new church at Ottoville, Putnam county, Ohio, was laid on the 9th of September [1860], by Rev. Fr. Westerholt, pastor of Delphos, O. The church is to be 80 by 40 feet; from floor to ceiling 26 feet; height of steeple about 100 feet; style of architecture, Gothic.

A new frame church was dedicated at Findlay, on the 2d of October [1860], by the Very Rev. Father Luhr, V. G. The pastor of this place is the Rev. Father Roetzer.

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FINDLAY, OHIO, JANUARY, 1869.

*Correspondence in Cincinnati Telegraph. February 10, 1869.*

\* \* \* Findlay is a brisk little place of about 4,500 inhabitants, amongst whom \* \* \* about two hundred Catholics, mostly Germans, with the exception of about ten Irish and French families. Eighteen or twenty years ago it contained five or six Catholic families, attending Mass in a small room of a private dwelling, the priest saying Mass on a common table or stand. After a time (1856) Rev. Father O'Sullivan, of Tiffin, built a small (frame) church here, about 20x40 feet in size. Later (1861) Rev. Fr. Roetzer built an addition in front of it and a school house in the rear, using the old part for the priest's residence. However, it was to stand but a short time, for it was hardly paid for when it caught fire from a defective flue in the school house and burned to the ground. Another site was then obtained and another church was soon under way, under the supervision of Rev. Father Dechant. But he was destined to see only the foundation completed when he was removed [1867] to another parish, and Rev. Father Vattman placed in his stead [June,

1867]. Father Vattman has the exterior of the church now finished, with the exception of part of tower and the cornice. We have a fine 1,800 lb. bell; \* \* \* the church is 90x45 feet in size, 26 feet from floor to ceiling. The church is built of brick, and the tower built up 50 feet of brick, to be continued with frame work. We are much indebted to our non-Catholic friends for their generous donation towards erecting our church. \* \* \*

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#### RETREAT FOR THE SECULAR CLERGY OF THE DIOCESE OF CLEVELAND.

[Last Official Communication published by Bishop Rappe.]

*From Cincinnati Telegraph, July 23, 1869.*

An ecclesiastical retreat will be opened in our seminary of Cleveland, on the evening of the 16th of August, and will close on the 23d of the same month. As our seminary has not sufficient accommodation for all the priests of our diocese we invite, first, the clergymen who did not enjoy the blessing of the retreat last year. Should a few rooms remain free, they will be given to those who made their retreat last year. Let them apply as soon as possible.

The reverend clergy coming to the retreat are requested to bring along cassock, beretta, etc.

† AMADEUS,  
Bishop of Cleveland.

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BISHOP RAPPE.

*From Catholic Telegraph, March 9, 1882.*

[Extract from Bishop Dwenger's sermon, preached in St. Peter's Cathedral, Cincinnati, March 7, 1882, at the Pontifical High Mass of Requiem, for the deceased prelates of the Cincinnati province:]

" \* \* We remember to-day the first Bishop of Cleveland, Amadeus Rappe. Having known him from the days of my childhood, it is to-day a pleasant duty to do justice to his memory. He was elevated to the episcopal dignity, not so much on account of brilliant talent as on

account of piety and apostolic zeal. It was an edifying sight to see the hard working apostolic Bishop visit every church of his wonderfully growing diocese every year, preaching, giving confirmation, hearing confessions ; nothing was too hard for him ; nothing could tire him. When I conducted missions and forty hours' devotions, I sometimes would feel a delicacy to urge the priests to go in the confessionals ; but if the good Bishop was present I never hesitated to ask him to hear confessions, if I knew there was a crowd. Witness the wonderful growth of the diocese of Cleveland, from the year 1847, to the time of his resignation. I do not deny that the saintly apostolic Bishop, relying upon the advice and judgment of men whom he considered more learned than himself, did commit some error in the administration ; but the austere, hard-working apostolic man was innocent of the cruel accusations that were concocted against him, and saddened the last days of his life. I know how these accusations were concocted. I have spoken with the principal witness. I know he was innocent. Beautiful were the words the good Bishop used, when in 1870 he tendered his resignation to the Holy See : That for the good of his diocese he not only resigned his dignity, but also his good name ; that for the sake of peace and harmony he desired no vindication."

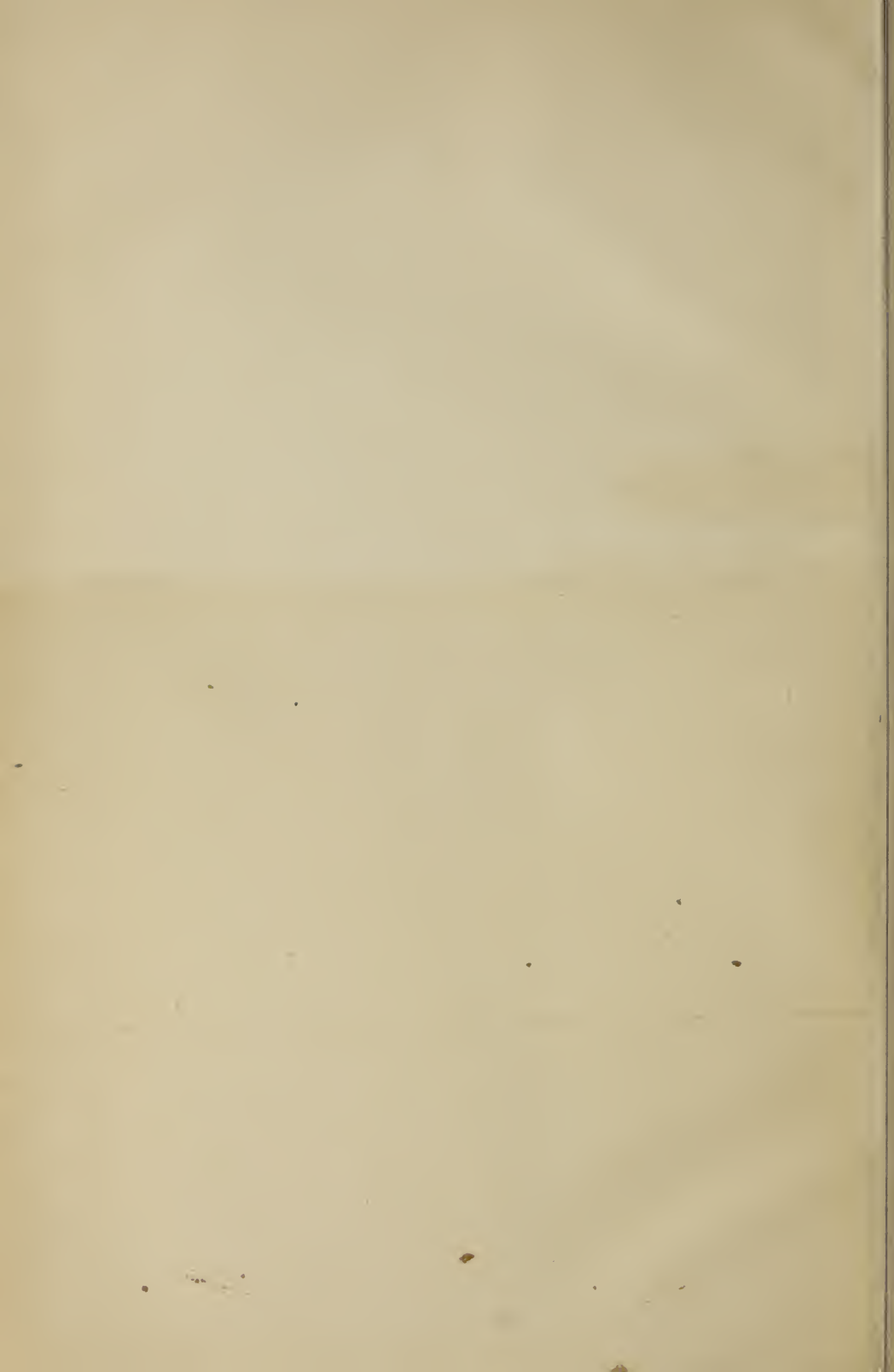
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